St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. ST. LOUIS. WEDNESDAY. FEBRUARY 15, 1882. NO. 223.

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Last Edition.

POLITICAL.

News Notes From the Country's Capital.

Congressional—Committees—Washington Gossip—Men and Measures.

Capital News.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—J. P. Gould, of New York, appeared before the Ways and Means Committee to-day with a petition over five thousand feet long, asking the repeal of the bank stamp tax.

Mr. Kirkwood held a conference with the Arrapahoe Chiefs. They asked for houses to live in. Mr. Kirkwood promised to furnish material if they agree not to use the houses for stables, living in tents themselves as the others did, for whom the houses were furnished

The Post endorses the nomination of New and says he is a good man for the place.

McCullough, of the Globe-Democrat, in an interview here says, Garfield told him he couldn't carry Onio if it was expected he would carry out Hayes' policy.

The Cattle Plague.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day sent to the Senate the manuscript of the report of the commission on the cattle plague. It is a very voluminous document, covering hundreds of pages of foolscap and is also a most exhaustive history of the plague and the consideration of its causes and treatment for the extinction of this lung plague in infected districts. The commission consider it necessary that the authority entrusted with that work should be clothed with the following powers by law:

To abolish or regulate markets and store cattle in the infected districts; to enjoin the slaughter at the fat markets in infected districts of all cattle entering those markets. Fat cattle for slaughtering elsewhere can be obtained at the bonded market. To prohibit all movement of cattle in infected districts, except under special licence; to inspect all cattle in suspected districts; to slaughter all infected cattle, and in exceptional cases those that have been exposed to infection: to have the condemned cattle appraised, and the owners liberally indemnified; to prohibit all exposure of cattle on highways or in unfenced or insecure fenced places in infected districts, or of suspected cattle on a lot adjoining one occupied by healthy cattle or bordering on a highway; to prohibit the pasturage of more than one herd on one pasture unless under special license; to disinfect all premises, fodder and other articles that have been presumably exposed to infection; to institute and enforce such minor rules as shall be demanded by the peculiar conditions of particular districts. In order to carry out these suggestions the commission recommend a liberal appropriation by Congress to be disbursed by some designated Federal officer. In case the work is delegated to the different states the Commission advise that a liberal appropriation be made from the Federal Exchequer sufficient to cover the greater part of the outlay, and that this be paid over to the Executive of the infected state on the approval by a veterinary sanitary organization designated for the purpose. The commission consisted of James Law, E. F. Thayer and J. H. Sanders.

New York Legislature.

ALBANY, N. Y., February 15.—Mr. Johnson was elected Clerk of the Assembly, the Tammany men voting for him.

TAMMANY GOES OVER.

ALBANY, February 15.—Tammany goes over to the Republicans in both houses of the Legislature. Johnson, Republican, was elected clerk by the help of the Tammanyites. In the Senate Mr. Pitts called up his resolution to vest the appointment of committees in the Lietenant-Governor. The three Tammany Senators voted with the Republicans and adopted the resolution and the Lieutenant-Governor will now appoint the standing committees.

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, February 15.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate:

U. S. Consuls, Bruno, Tzschuk, Nebraska; Vera Cruz, Thos. Wilson, District of Columbia, Nantes; George Gifford, Maine, La Rochelle.

United States Marshal, Henry R. Denny, District of Minnesota.

Postmasters—Jacob Hammond Rushville, Ill.; Virgil A Stuart, Fairmount, Neb,; Chas. H. Paul, Hastings, Neb.

Anti-Polygamy Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—The Senate has taken up the Judiciary Committee bill for the suppression of polygamy in Utah. One new section adopted provides that any man cohabiting with more than one woman, shall be fined $300 or imprisonment for six months, or both, for each and every offence. The bill will pass the Senate this afternoon as there is no opposition to it.

Col Rochester.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—Col. Rochester, of Newport, Ky., nominated for paymaster of the army, arrived here this morning, and will go before the Senate committee this afternoon to testify regarding the charges made against him. He claims that his course is an entirely usual one. There is ground for the charges.

Guatemala's Minister.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—Arturo Ubico, formerly minister plenipotentiary to the United States from Guatemala, having been transferred by his government to Rome, had an audience to-day with the President and presented a letter of recall.

Nominated.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., February 15.—Chas. Stanford was nominated by the Republicans to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Wagner.

Sergeant Mason.

NEW YORK, February 15.—A Washington special says Sergeant Mason's trial begins Monday.

Too Many Wives.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, February 15.—Charges have been filed in the State Department against Atwood, a colored man of New Orleans, recently appointed Consul at Trinidad. It charges he is not a naturalized citizen, being a native of San Domingo, and has too many wives. He will hardly go abroad.

XLVII. CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—Senator Jackson introduced a bill presented by Senator Morgan last Congress for the relief of book agents of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. It appropriates $150,000 in compensation for property connected with the publishing house of said book agents in Nashville, which was taken or destroyed by the United States in 1864 or at any other time.

After a long debate the Senate, by a vote of 33 to 15 passed the resolution to provide a messenger for each of the Committees on Finance, Post Offices, Pensions, Claims, Judiciary, District of Columbia and Engrossed Bills, and the pay was fixed at fourteen hundred dollars per year.

House.

WASHIGTON, D. C., February 15.—The morning hour was dispensed with and the House resumed consideration of the apportionment bill, and Mr. Herbert continued his speech in opposition to any increase in the membership of the House.

BULLS AND BEARS.

Latest Gossip on Wall Street—Stock Manipulations.

NEW YORK, February 15.—The feeling in Wall street is generally bearish, though a few say the majority is usually wrong, and it would not be surprising to see the short interest made to rally the market. Constitutional bulls were much discouraged yesterday, and a good deal of long stock thrown overboard. Some took the ground that fresh liquidations had set in, while others said the decline on grain and cotton was depressing stocks, and would continue to hurt the market. The reports of foreign troubles circulated yesterday appear unfounded. None of the foreign bankers had favorable news. On the contrary they said American gold arriving at London had produced a good effect. Money was easy and settlement to-day would be made without difficulty. A London house bought considerable Erie in this market yesterday. German houses reported nothing doing in stocks, but said Amsterdam was buying bonds. Sage is selling ninety days' calls on Western Union at 88. Reports say the Union Pacific Company signified its willingness to consolidate with the Central Pacific on a basis of 125 to 100. The intimations are that both Central and Union Pacific are being manipulated to bring about a satisfactory basis for consolidation.

A MYSTERY.

Did a Russian Agent Abduct a Fugitive Jew.

CHICAGO, February 15.—A Quincy, Illinois, special says: A good deal of excitement was occasioned among the Jews here by the mysterious disappearance of Solomon L. Zahlkopf, a Russian Jewish fugitive, who arrived three weeks ago. He is 23 years old, has a wife and child, and is a laborer. On Monday a well dressed stranger visited him and induced him to go, as is believed, to Chicago to get work. The Jews think the stranger was the agent of the Russian Government here to extort certain secrets Zahlkopf possesses.

The Cotton Crop.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—The Department of Agriculture gives the following as the State percentages of the last three years' cotton crop. North Carolina, 82; South Carolina, 80; Georgia, 86; Florida, 90; Alabama, 86; Mississippi, 80; Louisiana, 86; Texas, 75; Arkansas, 59; Tennessee, 60. The returns of area make an increase in acreage in 1881 of about 5 per cent., and the total acreage about 16,500,000. The returns of losses by the cotton caterpillar indicate an aggregate loss of 300,000 bales.

The C. & B. Road.

CINCINNATI, February 15.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Cincinnati and Baltimore Railway Company the following were elected directors: W. T. McClintock, Robert Garrett, Jno. Waddle, W. W. Peabody, R. A. Holden, Geo. Hoadly, B. S. Cunningham. The board organized by the election of W. T. McClintock, president; C. F. Low, secretary; W. E. Jones, registrar.

The Blue-Eyed Six.

LEBANON, PA., February 15.—Joseph Peters and Jno. Harrison escaped from jail last night. Peters is the son-in-law of Charles Drews hanged here for the murder of old Joe Reber, and was the principal witness in convicting five of the "Blue-eyed Six" implicated in that crime.

Convicted at Last.

PITTSBURG, PA., February 15.—Ward McConkey, one of the Dead Men's Hollow outlaws who murdered George A. McClure near McKeesport last August was this morning convicted of murder in the first degree.

Western Iron Association.

PITTSBURG, PA., February 15.—The Western Iron Association met at noon to-day, and after discussing the situation, which was found to be unchanged, a card rate of two, five was reaffirmed.

No Wreck.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 15.—The revenue cutter, Richard Russ, returned this morning. She cruised in the vicinity of Westport and twenty miles beyond, but found no indications of the reported wreck.

To be Sent to China.

BOSTON, February 15.—The body of the late Ko Kun Hua, professor of Chinese at Harvard University, will be enclosed in a leaden casket and sent to China.

Death of a Bishop.

CHARLESTON, S. C., February 15.—Bishop William May Wightman, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, is dead.

Arranged.

RICHMOND, VA., February 15.—The difficulty which some thought would lead to a hostile meeting between Senators Smith and Riddleberger, has been arranged to the satisfaction of all parties.

Death of an Actor.

PHILADELPHIA, February 15.—John E. McDonough, the actor, died this morning.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Four More Counties Proclaimed in Ireland.

The French in Tunis—The Czar's Coronation Postponed—European News—Flashes From Afar.

England.

LONDON, February 15.—A German painter has completed for the American Club, a life-size portrait of Count Von Moltke.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, February 15.—In the Commons, Dilke, the Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, denied that any French troops had been prepared for embarkation to Egypt. The Government still adheres to European concert as the means of adjusting foreign difficulties. He denied the existence of the reported revolt at Herat. In regard to the Jews in Russia all precedents showed English interference in the internal affairs of a foreign country would meet with a rebuff and do more harm than good.

Russia.

LONDON, February 15.—The Privy Counsellor of Russia has also been dismissed.

WAR OR PEACE.

VIENNA, February 15.—News from St. Petersburg is to the effect that the Emperor and Giers, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, are inclined to peace, while those immediately arhund the Czar desire war.

France.

LONDON, February 15.—Louis Joseph Martel, ex-President of the French Senate, and Henri August Barbier, the poet, are dead.

STARTED FOR ALGIERS.

MARSEILLES, February 15.—Gen. Forgemol started for Algeria with special instructions to act in accordance with his own judgment. The return of troops from Tunis has been postponed.

Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, February 15.—The Russian iron-clad Duke of Edinburgh has arrived at Port Said.

Ireland

DUBLIN, February 15.—The Official Gazette proclaims five baronies of the County Roscommon, and twelve of the County Waterford.

Austro-Hungary.

VIENNA, February 15.—The insurrection has come to a sort of stand-still.

CHICAGO FAILURES.

A Grain and a Wholesale Fish House Go Under.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, February 15.—The wholesale fish and provision house of Joel A. Dix failed at noon to-day, the sheriff levying upon it a large number of executions, which the house could not satisfy. The house has been engaged here since 1852 and has done a large business, especially last year, in Illinois, Iowa, Michigan and Wisconsin. The failure is attributed to backward collections. Mr. Dix is in Boston attempting a settlement with his creditors. The liabilities probably average up to $100,000; the stock on hand is about $30,000. The house of H. O. Kenyon & Co., grain commission firm, was called this morning in margins on wheat. The house could not respond and went under. Their liabilities are stated at $200,000 and they can hardly resume.

THE MARKET PANICKY

There was very active trading on 'Change to day, and the condition of affairs was simply panicky. Whea declined heavily, closing 4 to 5c below yesterday, and the lowest price for the day being 6c below yesterday's highest. Corn was about two cents lower, oats were a cent off and provisions were indiscribably irregular, with a decline for the day of about a dollar and a quarter on pork and sixty cents on lard. There has not been so exciting a day on 'Change for over a year. The chief cause of the panic was the announcement of the failure of H. O. Kenyon & Co., a commission firm, which has a very extensive trade. The extent of th[illegible] failure cannot be ascertained as yet, b[illegible] has captured a very large number of op[illegible]rs, and is doubtless for a heavy amount. E. W. Fisher, dealer in oats, has also suspended, with liabilities for probably $15,000 to $20,000.

A Panic Created on the Chicago Board of Trade:

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, February 15.—The failure of H. O. Kenyon & Co., one of the most prominent firms dealing on the Board of Trade, at noon to-day created a panic. The calls upon this house during several days past, and the failing markets, have been very heavy. They have been carrying a heavy load, and when their suspension was announced the howl that went up seemed to indicate that every member of the board had been singed. The calls this morning were unusually heavy, aggregating about $60,000, and under this strain they gave way. For an hour after, a perfect stream of operators on the board poured into and out of the office of the firm on the corner of Washington and La Salle streets. One of the brokers said that by the appearance of things the firm must have had a line running through the office of every dealer on the board. Mr. Sinclair, of the firm, was interviewed a few moments after the announcement of the suspension of the firm had been made.

"It is reported you have failed for $270,000. Are the figures correct?"

"I can't give the exact figures," replied Mr. Sinclair. "We cannot tell just how bad we are hurt until we can make up our books. I will say, however, that I don't think the amount will be as nigh as you have put it."

"Have you any hope that you will be able to rally?"

"Yes, there are some hopes, but what color they may take I cannot say, until we get time to look over the wreck."

"How do you expect relief?"

"If our correspondets toe the mark we will be able to pay one hundred cents on the dollar, but until we hear from them we cannot say just how near the bottom of the hole, we are."

"What caused your suspension?"

"We have been carrying a pretty large lot of stock and our correspondents have not come to time with their margins as rapidly as the calls have been made on us on this falling market."

"How much have you been carrying?"

"I can't tell you that, even, approximately, until our books have been overhauled."

"Are your customers Western men?"

"They are pretty generally scattered all over the country."

"When will you know just how you are situated?"

"Not before to-morrow, any way. Nothing more definite than what I have told you can be learned to-day."

THE AMOUNT UNCERTAIN.

CHICAGO, February 15.—There is a good deal of uncertainty as to the amount involved in Kenyon's failure, even among members of the firm. One of them says country customers who were slow in responding to the call for margins are expected to come in shortly, and the firm will then pay dollar for dollar and resume. Another member is quoted as saying the failure will probably involve a quarter of a million dollars, and they cannot continue business. The deals were chiefly in wheat, but there were some in corn and a few in provisions. Mr. Kenyon himself is absent from the city. The uncertainty as to the amount involved arises from lack of information about the price at which the deals were closed out. Kenyon & Co. and their friends have been persistent bulls on the market. They failed once before some years since.

A Bold Robbery.

DETROIT, MICH., February 15.—A very bold and successful robbery was committed shortly before noon in the County Treasurer's Office at the City Hall, Treasurer Crosby alone being in at the time, which fact was doubtless fully understood before-hand by the thieves. One man went in and desired to pay taxes and went to the window farthest from the door, calling for the ward numbered at that window. While the treasurer was hunting up a description given a confederate thief stepped in at the door left ajar, hastily went to the money drawer, took what bills could be grabbed and left. The noise of his operations attracted the notice of the treasurer, who saw the thief as he disappeared through the door. An alarm was instantly given but the thief escaped, as did the first man in the excitement of the moment. The amount taken was $770.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 15.—Tennessee and Ohio Valley warmer, fair weather, southerly winds, stationary or lower pressure. Lower lake region, fair weather, southwesterly winds, becoming variable, stationary or higher temperature and pressure. Upper lake region, fair weather followed by increasing cloudiness and local rains or snow, southerly winds, becoming variable, stationary or lower temperature in North portion, higher pressure. Upper Mississippi and lower Missouri Valleys, warmer and fair weather, winds mostly southerly, stationary or lower pressure.

FELL FROM THE ROOF.

A Slight Fire at the Visitation Convent.

Dick Sullivan, a Fireman, Falls Sixty Feet—He May Recover.

Shortly after 10 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was sounded from box No. 137. This number indicates the Vistation Convent, on Twenty-first street and Cass avenue. The alarm was promptly responded to by the members of engine companies Nos. 4, 5 and 17. Reaching the institution it was discovered that the roof of the monastery, which forms the west wing of the institution, was ablaze. The building is four stories high and overlooks the convent kitchen garden. The firemen carried their hose up to the attic, which is located immediately beneath the roof, and began

PLAYING ON THE FLAMES

from one of the dormer windows. Several of the men were ordered out on the roof to facilitate the handling of the hose. The roof is a slanting one and offered but very slight footing for the men. Dick Sullivan, a pipeman of Engine Company No. 5, was the last to be ordered to the roof. He was directed to pass out the hose to the men already on the roof. He stepped from the dormer window, holding to the hose with one hand, while with the fingers of the other he grasped the roof of the dormer window. The hose was attached to a rope inside the attic, one end of which was wound around a pillar. Sullivan reached the roof, and it was thought had secured a safe footing there, when suddenly the men in the attic who were lifting it up to him, were startled to find he had

LET GO HIS HOLD

of the window and the hose. The men above him saw him slip and lose his hold, but were powerless to assist him, and the unfortunate man glided from the roof and

FELL TO THE BRICK WALK

surrounding the building below, a sheer fall of nearly sixty feet. As rapidly as possible the men reached his side and picked him from the ground. He had struck the ground with his feet first, and the fact that he wore particularly thick soled shoes may save his life. He was placed on a mattress and carried into the convent where every attention was shown him by the sisters. Dr. W. A. Brennan, who was called to his side, gave a POST-DISPATCH reporter the following account of Sullivan's condition. "I examined him carefully. His spine is undoubtedly badly shaken, but I cannot say that is it fractured. I could find no protuberance at all along the whole length of it, and when I asked him to move his limbs he readily did so. The indications are favorable to his recovery. The principal danger of course arises from the shock to the patient's nervous system." Drs. Hodgen and O'Reilley are also in attendance upon the injured man, who is lying at the residence of a relative at No. 2429 Division street. Sullivan is twenty-four years of age and unmarried. He is an unusually splendid specimen of muscular manhood, large limbed and spare. Notwithstanding his undoubtedly severe injuries his magnificent physique may pull him through.

Sister Mary Xavier, Procuratress of the Convent, thinks the roof took fire from a spark from one of the neighboring chimneys. The fire burned a hole about sixty feet long by ten broad in the roof and the attic, and some of the other floors are badly soaked with water.

THE DAMAGE

will not exceed $1,000. The attic was used for a storeroom, and none of the property kept there was destroyed. None of the inmates of the convent were injured, but during the progress of the fire great confusion ensued among the sisters and students. The building is fully insured.

The firemen are warm in their praises of the kind treatment received by them and their injured companion at the hands of the sisters.

ÆSTHETIC OSCAR.

Something About the Knee-Breeches Wilde.

Incidents in His Life—The Renaissance in Art and Æstheticism.

Mr. Oscar Wilde (born a little more than twenty-six years ago) is the son of an eminent Irish oculist, who was knighted for his conspicuous attainments. His mother is Lady Wilde, who enjoys considerable literary distinction as the authoress of numerous poetic effusions, all of considerable merit, which she sends forth to the world over the pseudonym of Speranza. His brother, Mr. Willie Wilde, is a dramatic critic on one of the influential London dailies. Oscar undoubtedly inherited his poetical vein from his mother, for, like the earlier poet Pope, when quite a child

> "He lisped in numbers
> For the numbers come."

At a suitable age he was sent to Oxford University, where, four years ago, he graduated with high honors. During his college course he won the same prize in poetry which years before was carried off by Tennyson. It was during his college days that he first conceived the idea of originating an art revival. One evening while seated in the apartments of his chum, where a number of other collegians were being entertained, Oscar startled the young men by declaring in the most earnest manner: "We must live up to our blue china; yes, decidedly, we must live up to our blue china!" That somewhat vague description has since been applied to the school which he is supposed to have founded, and Oscar's disciples are said to this day to be spending their lives in an attempt "to live up to their blue china." The poet is not really the founder of a school of art or philosophy. He has simply put to practical application the theories which were advanced considerably before his own time by older and perhaps wiser men and women.

BURNS, JONES, WHISTLER,

and other artists had, before Oscar's advent pictured a society in which young ladies and gentlemen with dreamful eyes, sallow complexions and remarkable clothes formed the principal characters. Morris, the poet and art decorator, whose theories upon the subject of interior ornamentation, by the way, are now generally accepted as true, several years before Oscar began giving afternoon tea parties in his apartments, where the light was rose-colored and subdued almost to darkness, had instituted such radical reforms in the furnishing of houses as made those unaccustomed to the new designs wonder what they meant. But Oscar Wilde had a purpose, and that purpose be resolved to carry out. He believed that the movement which had recovered its momentum from the writings of the Rosetti's, the pictures of Burne, Jones and Whistler and the practical effects of Morris was right and reasonable, and he determined to assist it as much as was possible. He accordingly entered London "society," where as the son of well-born parents and as the possessor of means he was welcomed. Oscar had come to teach it something new about the art of living. Oscar did not make himself ridiculous, by any means. Ladies past their youth, and old beaux who had outbred their capacity for learning tried to laugh him down.

Shortly new shades of color began to be noticed. Subdued tints which seemed, rather than one, to be a subtle blending of many. The ugly reds, and greens and yellows which toned down though they were to delicate shades, were still the only stock in trade of every lady who had occasion to wear nice toilets, began to go out, and young and old replaced them by garments like that one described by Henry James, Jr., as having been worn.

"MISS EVELYN VANE,

a sage-green robe, mystic, wonderful, all embroidered with subtle devices and flowers, and buds of tender tint; very straight and tight in front, and adorned behind along the spine with large, strange irridescent buttons. What is there in a row of spinal buttons to make one dream—to donneurs a rever, as they say here? This gracious English maiden, with her clinging robes, her amulets and girdles, with something quaint and angular in her step, her carriage something Mediæval and Gothis, in the details of her person and dress is deeply delightfully picturesque, swifter, softer, rounder, richer than other girls. Not much talk—a great sweet silence —then the violet eye—the very eye itself seems to blush, the great shadowy hat, making the brow so quiet; the strange, clinging, clutching pictured raiment. It is a very gracious, tender type." This is the kind of girl which Mr. Oscar Wilde's revival of taste of the sense of beauty in England, made possible. Imagine the conventional young lady, clad in the conventional style, making any one dream by the witchery of the buttons down her back. The great æsthetic renaissance Wilde inaugurated.

The wits of London found in the new spirit which was coming over the town a fertile field to work in. Du Maurser, week after week, printed side-splitting cartoons in which ladies were represented en lank, not feeling the best in the world because they had spent the previous night by the bedside of their beloved boy. Oscar, like his mother, followed the bent of his poetic instincts, and last year he publifhed a modest volume of "Poems." Many of the pieces in the book are of a very high order of merit, and, while they are bezarre and affected in style and frequently damaged by an overstrung after effect, they manifest a decided and original genius. The best piece of the whole is the opening one, which is an apostrophe to England and is entitled, "Are Imperatrix." A little piece called "Requiescat" contains the beautiful lines:

> "Lily like, white as snow,
> She hardly knew
> She was a woman, so
> Sweetly she grew."

It has been charged that his poems are replete with indecencies of thought and expression. This is only partially true. The long poem called "Charmides" contains a few objectionable phrases.

PERSONALLY

Oscar Wilde is tall and slender. He wears his hair long and parted almost in the center. His face is unusually long and his mouth large. His manner is one of quiet, easy, self-possession, and savoring strongly of "le grande monde." His attire on ordinary occasions is the same as that usually worn. It is only during his lectures that he wears the famous knee breeches. That he is a man of decided spirit the following story will show. Last winter shortly after the production of "Patience," Oscar was present at a private entertainment where his heavy-headed "nibs" the Prince of Wales was also a guest. A gentleman whose good manners were sacrificed to his desire to play a practical joke upon Oscar induced a musical member of the company to sing the

> "Greenery Yallery"

song from the opera. Immediately upon the conclusion of the singing Oscar walked up to His Royal 'Ighness, bowed very low, and quietly remarked: "Prince, you are the only man in England before whom that song could have been sung in my presence," and withdrew, by all odds the victor of the encounter. The neat way in which he turned the tables upon the Harvard boys in Boston not long ago proves that he has a due proportion of that ready wit for which all Irishmen are famous. The o[illegible] for a considerable number of knee br[illegible] which our leading merchant-tailors are receiving would seem to indicate that there is a scheme on foot to surprise Oscar by the sight of a number of his favorite style of nether garment in St. Louis.

EX-CONFEDERATES.

The Next Reunion to be Held in Sedalia on August 15.

The meeting of the officers of the Ex-Confederate Association of Missouri was held this morning in the gentlemen's parlor of the Southern. The officers, as elected at Moberly, consist of a president, one vice-president from each Congressional District in the State, a secretary, and corresponding secretary and treasurer. The gentlemen present this morning were Gen. John S. Marmaduke, the president of the association; W. H. Clopton, vice-president, of the First District; J. R. Frazier, Second District; Jos. T. Donovan, third district; R. A. Baughan, sixth district; Robert McCullough, register of lands, seventh district; Maj. R. J. Williams, ninth district, and Col. R. H. Musser, tenth district. Messrs. A. A. Lesueur, the secretary, and John Waddill, corresponding secretary, were also in attendance. Railroad Commissioner Harding, M. K. McGrath, Secretary of State, and Ed. Cunningham, of this city, were also in attendance, although not officers of the association. The two former were present to set forth the claims of Jefferson City as the place for holding the next reunion, Gen. Marmaduke called the meeting to order, and said that he would defer appointing the committees on constitution and historical reminiscences until a later meeting. After some discussion it was suggested that the meeting be held on the 10th of next August. Col. Musser said that this was the anniversary of the battle of Wilson Creek, and it would be like celebrating a victory. It was thus agreed to make the date of the reunion Tuesday, August 15, 1882. The place of holding the meeting was next discussed.

Mr. M. K. McGrath said that he thought Jefferson City would be the best place. It had large hotels and other accommodations that would amply accommodate the gentlemen attending the convention, no matter what the number, and the meeting at the capital would be a benefit in many ways.

Col. Williams thought Sedalia the best place. Mr. McCulloch had a letter written by Col. Thomas P. Hoy, of Sedalia. The writer said that he had conferred with the Mayor and principal citizens of the town and that all were extremely anxious to have the ex-Confederates meet in that city, and would treat them very well.

Gen. Marmaduke then asked each gentleman for his opinion as to the proper place, saying that he wished to get their advice. The expression was divided between the two places, and some gentlemen indicated that political significance was always attached to these reunions and that if the members met at Jefferson City, this pretext would be strengthened.

Mr. McCulloch stated that one reason why he was in favor of the 15th of August was that, by that time, the State Convention would be over, so that no political significance could be attached to the meeting.

Gen. Marmaduke then said that he would announce Sedalia as the best place of holding the reunion. As the place was announced, Col. J. H. R. Caudiff walked in and took a seat. Col. Musser mentioned having received a letter from Kerby Smith, and moved that a committee be appointed to invite distinguished soldiers. The motion prevailed and Messrs. Musser, Donovan and Cunningham were appointed such committee. Gen. Marmaduke was then added. Col. Musser brought up the case of Richard Lloyd, a soldier, who lost both arms by a premature discharge of a cannon at Lexington.

After further discussion the officers adjourned until a late hour at which time the committees mentioned above were appointed.

A TARNISHED FAME.

Claim of a Young Woman Against a Man of Property.

A jury was impanelled this morning in Judge Thayer's court for the trial of a slander suit, Lizzie Balles against John Kreckler. The plaintiff complains of an utterance in the German tongue on a certain day in the presence of several persons which reflected in a very shocking manner on her character for modesty and virtue. The answer of the defendant admitted utterance of the words under strong provocation. Messrs. Hirzel and O'Grady represent the young woman plaintiff, and Mr. Thos. Hogan and Mr Dierkes represented the defendant, a man of property residing on Carondelet avenue. The case presented by plaintiff's cousel was short and sweet. The petition was simply read, followed by the answer, and one witness was called as to the value of defendant's property, after which counsel announced that plaintiff's case was closed. The defence then placed Mr. Kreckler on the stand. He testified that the plaintiff was a member of the household, and the the day complained of she called him a "d—d liar." He had previously made some remark about removing the wash line. Counsel were proceeding to ask the witness what he meant by a statement in his answer to the effect that the plaintiff admitted to a married woman that she had a child born out of wedlock. The court ruled the question down to knowledge of the young woman's character, good or bad.

Never Do Anything Wrong Again.

James Madden, a boot black, whose disregard for the city ordinances has brought him before Judge Jecko frequently of late, was up in the police court to-day.

"How old are you, James?"

"Fourteen, sir."

"If I send you to the House of Refuge you will have to stay there until you are 21 years old."

An electric shock could not produce a more decided change in James' features than this announcement.

"Seven years is the lowest sentence I can give."

"Oh, Mister Judge; your Honor, if you'll let me go this time I'll never do anything again," said the boy, as the tears poured down his face so fast that both coat sleeves could not keep his cheeks mopped dry. "I'll git down on my knees, your Honor, Judge, but don't send me to the Refuge. Oh, I'll promise you I'll never do anything wrong again." After registering a solemn promise, the boy was given another chance.

At the wedding of Mr. Kelley and Miss Adele Morrison last night the Light Cavalry, of which the bride is a brevet colonel, presented her with a floral tribute consisting of two large sabres of pink roses crossed upon a parti-colored shield.

Railroad Directors.

CINCINNATI, February 15.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Company here to-day elected directors as follows: John Waddle, Robert Gardette, Henry C. Smith, Wm. F. Burns, W. W. Scharborough, J. D. Lehmer, R. M. Bishop, George Hadly, W. F. McClintock, Wm. Waddle, W. B. Loomis, Theodore Cook, W. W. Peabody. The directors organized at 1 o'clock, electing John Waddle president, C. F. Low secretary and Wm. E. Jones, registrar.

Elgin Board of Trade.

ELGIN, ILL., February 14.—On the Board of Trade to-day there was a big advance in butter. The buyers were numerous, the market active and the supply short. Sales 2,500 boxes cheese at 8 to 9½ cents; 93,360 pounds of butter at 47 to 49 cents; total sales $53,539 59.

LANCASTER'S LAMENT.

Driver of a Delivery Wagon Urging a False Prosecution Claim.

A special jury attended in Judge Boyle's Court this morning for the trial of the damage suit, Benjamin Lancaster against Dugald Crawford, the well-known dry goods merchant. The plaintiff wants five thousand dollars damages from Crawford & Co., on account of arrest, imprisonmgnt, and prosecution upon a false charge of embezzlement. Lancaster was employed by the dry goods firm in the capacity of delivery wagon driver. His duty was to deliver goods to customers and collect on all packages calling for cash on delivery. On the 4th of October he complains that Mr. Crawford caused him to be arrested for holding back $32 50 of moneys collected. The following day a warrant was sworn out in the Court of Criminal Correction, and Lancaster went to jail, awaiting a disposition of the case. Judge Cady held the plaintiff for the action of the grand jury and he was sent back behind the bars until the 26th of October, when a bill of indictment was presented to the grand jury. That body, after a proper investigation of the circumstances leading to the arrest, returned: "Not a true bill. Dimmock, foreman." And the plaintiff was at once discharged. Mr. Lancaster alleges that he always bore a good character, and that the prosecution on the part of his employers tarnished his good name and brought him into disgrace. Messrs. Crawford called for a special jury to sit in this case and determine whether there was "probable cause" in law shown for the prosecution of this young man.

Messrs. Crawford in defence state that the plaintiff failed to account for the missing money in a satisfactory manner. His answers were evasive and his associations were such that they believed there was good ground for suspicion.

LADIES' tucked and embroidered bosom chemises, band-edged, with embroidery, 50 cents; would be cheap for 75 cents.
D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S.

CONTINUED.

The Murder Cases of Brown and McGlew and Jack Hayes Laid Over.

This morning the case of Jack Hayes, who killed Philip Mueller at Grand and Kossuth avenues last August, was called in the Criminal Court. Gov. Johnson for the State said that Judge Horner of the Circuit Court would not give a decision on the motion for a change of venue until next Monday and that the case had better go over to that date. Circuit Attorney Harris suggested that it go over until next Tuesday Mr. J. J. McBride for the defendant asked that it be continued until next term. Mr. Harris objected strenuously, saying that if that were done, the defendant would come into court with another affidavit of public feeling against him and move a change of venue, which would send it into the following term. To this Mr. McBride answered that he would follow the law, and Judge Laughlin continued the case until March 7.

When the case of Russell Brown and Pat McGlew, charged with killing Sarah Dorriss was reached, Gov. Johnson stated that the defence had not had sufficient time to prepare their case, and asked that the case be continued until next term, which was done.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
Complete stock at very low prices.
SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.

A WIDOW'S APPEAL.

Claim of an Indiana Judge for Services to Wm. McKee.

A special jury was in attendance to-day in Court No. 3 to sit in the appealed case of Judge B. W. Hanna, of Indiana, against the McKee estate for $2,500 on account of legal services rendered the late Wm. McKee during the memorable whisky ring trials in the United States Court a few years since. Judge Woerner, in the Probate Court, heard evidence on this demand, from which it appeared that Judge Hanna was introduced to Mr. McKee by Mr. Voorhees, of Indiana, "The Tall Sycamore of the Wabash," and that Mr. McKee requested Judge Hanna to remain here during the trial. The testimony of Charles P. Warren and Constantine Maguire was taken, and there was some evidence showing that Judge Hanna was requested to hunt up information in Indiana touching the status of some of the jurors. The Probate Court allowed the Judge $1,000 for his services to Mr. McKee and the widow took an appeal calling for a special jury. The case will not be reached till late in the day.

The members of the Mallinckrodt Casino will hereafter meet on Tuesday and Friday evenings at their parlors, No. 1324 St. Louis avenue.

"I'll Keep Going."

When the case of William H. How was called in the Fourth District Police court this morning, Deputy Slevin led a trembling old man to the bar.

"You are charged with begging on the street," said Clerk Mateer.

"Yes, that's what I was arrested for."

An officer took the stand and testified that the old man was in the habit of frequenting the hotel rotundas, and soliciting alms.

In his own defence the old man said: "Judge, I'm nearly blind. I'm 68 years old, and I come to this city to find my son, who has been missing for years. My wife and two children live in Louisville Ky., and I'm going back to them as soon as I can go."

"You might go to the Work-house?"

"But I can't work, your honor. If you let me go I'll stop begging."

"Well, that's all that's wanted."

"Well, your honor, I'll go down to the Ocean Wave, on Almond street, where I'm boarding, and I'll get my organ and keep going."

The old man was released.

THE 90-cent night gowns, to be had only at D. Crawford & Co.'s, are perfect beauties.

The Pay of Jail Guards.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House of Delegates is considering the question of jail guards' pay. Jailer Ryan and the head guards were before the committee yesterday. Mr. Ryan earnestly recommended the proposed increase, which he said the men deserved as remuneration for the work done. The jail men are the least paid of the city's employees, receiving only $60 a month. They now ask for an increase to $75. Formerly twelve men were paid $75 and only required to furnish $500 bond, while at present ten do more work than was formerly done by twelve and furnish $2,000 bond. Six keepers are on duty from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. every day in the year and four from 7 p. m. to 7 a. m., with the safety of 210 prisoners to look after. Visitors, lawyers and 210 prisoners manage to keep these guards busy from the moment they go on duty until they are relieved. In view of the work, responsibility and inequality between the pay of these and other jail employes the guards have petitioned for an increase of salary. The Mayor and committee on Ways and Means consider the petition very reasonably and just.

Buying Part of the Lindell.

A sale of one-fourth interest in the Lindell Hotel was perfected late yesterday afternoon. Since Mr. Jos. Griswold retired from the hotel Mr. Charles Scudder has been the owner of three-fourths of the property, the remaining one-fourth belonging to Henry Ames. Now Maj. Wm. F. Haines, the general freight agent of the Mississippi Valley Transportation Co., has purchased one-third of Mr. Scudder's share, which is equivalent to a fourth interest in the hotel. This leaves Mr. Scudder a half interest, Mr. Ames a fourth and Mr. Haines a fourth. The money has not yet been paid, but the sale is otherwise perfected. Maj. Haines has resigned his position with the transportation company, and his place has been filled by the appointment of J. P. Birdue. He will enter on the duties of his new business at once.

THE GREAT IXL

STANDARD COOK STOVES!

Improved over all others. New features, insuring unequaled durability. Works perfectly on one-half the fuel required by other stoves. Perfect in operation, elegant in design and finish; extra heavy weight. Made in 65 sizes and styles for coal and wood. Over 1,000 retailed in St. Louis in 1881, and every one pronounced perfect and unequaled by any other stove ever used. Plain or highly ornamented and nickeled, as desired.

We are now offering Special inducements in Hard Coal Base Burners, Soft Coal Base Burners, and all kinds of Heating Stoves, retailing at wholesale prices.

Being manufacturers, and controlling and handling our own goods, we can sell a better stove for less money than any house in the city.

Do not buy until you have inspected our goods.

M. & E. C. CURTIS,

706 OLIVE ST. Foundry, Main St. Cor. of Anna.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

The City Council will hold an adjourned meeting this evening if a quorum attends.

The Mayor notified the Justices to-day that their quarterly returns should be made. The submissive Justices will comply with his request.

The case of Officer Tim. O'Brien was called in Squire Lynn's court this morning, but was continued until 23d inst. on account of absent witnesses.

A negro suffering from a series of complicated diseases, arrived at the station last evening and was furnished lodgings on the floor. He was taken to the city over the Louisville and Nashville road and will be sent to Belleville this evening.

Officer Thomas Duffy met with a painful accident about ten o'clock last night which will confine him to his room for several days. While attempting to extract some cartridges from his revolver the trigger suddenly snapped and a bullet was imbedded in his left leg near the ankle.

Peter Diamond, a prisoner at the police station, made an application to the Mayor for his release to attend the funeral of his brother that died last night. The Mayor referred the matter to the City Marshal, but as he is absent from the city the prisoner must remain unless the Mayor takes further action.

Early yesterday morning a young man named Weale, working in St. Louis, was on his way to the bridge when, according to sworn statement, Officer O'Brien stopped him at the Green Tree Hotel, searched his pockets and found a revolver. On their way to the station the officer informed the young man that the justice of the peace would assess him at least $35, but $10 to the officer would result in his release. The money changed hands, the young man continued his journey over the bridge, but returned later and related the circumstances to the City Marshal. O'Brien was immediately suspended and criminal proceedings commenced before Squire Lynn. O'Brien stoutly denies the charge, and is confident of proving his innocence. The case is causing no little concern in police circles.

☞Copies of the POST-DISPATCH containing twenty-six illustrations of Guiteau, the jurors, the judge, the lawyers, Mrs. Scoville, Bill Jones and Sergeant Mason—the would-be avengers, etc., etc., can be had at the counting-room.

ABOUT TOWN.

A LARGE and handsome oil portrait of Hon. Thomas Allen was placed in the office of the Southern Hotel this morning

A CHARGE of keeping a gambling house against Michael J. Bihm, in the Court of Criminal Correction, was continued until Februar 21 to-day.

THE case of Harry O'Fallon, charged with assault to kill by Anton Andelini, was continued in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day until February 15 h.

DANIEL DEAGAN was arrested by Officer Ziegler this afternoon for stealing a spring overcoat from in front of the Famous clothing house. Deagan is at the Chestnut Street Station.

THOMAS FOLEY, who was arrested by Officer Landers for stealing $12,000 in elevator receipts, pleaded guilty in the Criminal Court to-day, and was sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary.

LIZZIE BIERMAN, who stole a large lot of jewelry while employed in the family of John P. Mullally, the well-known undertaker, was tried in the Criminal Court to-day. Mr. John G. Boyle defended the girl.

NORTH ST. LOUIS ITEMS.

No arrests been made in the Fourth Police District during the past sixty hours.

A large force of men were put to work this morning clearing the mud from Broadway north of Biddle street.

A revival will begin in the Lutheran church, Thirteenth and Salisbury streets, next Monday evening, and will continue one week.

Capt. Harry Parker, of the Mississippi's champion four, will have a practice pull in his new single skull row-boat next Sunday afternoon at Brissell's point.

The Helen Marr left this morning for Hamburg Burg Bay for a raft of pine logs for the Knapp, Stout & Co. Company. This is the first raft boat to move on the Mississippi this season, and opens the season six weeks earlier than was was ever known before.

CITY PERSONALS.

Miss Emma Davis, of Sedalia, Mo., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Bienenstock, No. 2714 Clark avenue.

Docter Higgins, of the vaccine farm at Manchester, protests vigorously against any official visit for inspection by the city authorities.

Crumbs of the Courts.

An attachment suit was filed to-day by P. J. Byrne against J. S. Scott to recover $489 57.

Judge Adams to-day ordered entry of divorce for plaintiff in the case of Walter against Johanna Malloy.

Christopher A. Stifel and Edward W. Benson, surviving partners of the firm of Stifel & Benson, qualified to day to administer the partnership estate, valued at $30,000.

Messrs. Clarkson, Edwards, Bain, Prather, Scullin and Witnell of the defendants in the proceeding against the Green directory of the Fair Association have filed exceptions to the adverse ruling of the court yesterday, and may appeal from it in the future.

The following judgments were rendered to-day in the courts: Chas. J. Steinan vs. W J. Drukker, judgment for plaintiff for $953 84; Jonas Meyberg et al. vs. Henry J. Deal, judgment for plaintiff for $411 66; C. W. McFarland vs. David H. Evans, judgment for plaintiff for $367 30.

The will of Mrs. Lena Robinson, bearing date January 13, 1882 was admitted to probate to-day. It directs that the property shall be held in trust by the husband, Paul Gervais Robinson, for the benefit of the children, Paul G., Nina Peugnet, Marie Louise, Frances Lee, Adele Kingsbury and Viola. When the youngest comes of age, the property is to be equally divided.

Legal Courtesies.

The case of D. A. Jamison, a lawyer, against Mary Ruschebeck, a washerwoman, which was called in Justice Taaffe's court this morning, furnished a lively scene which nearly ended in blood-shed. Jamison, who was suing for attorney's fees, was present with his attorney, Mr. Collins. Henry Boehmler represented the washwoman.

Collins was asking for a contiuance until Friday, when Boehmler broke in with, "Don't grant it, your honor. These gentlemen want a a continuance only to drag this poor washerwoman around the courts, tire her out and get a judgment by default."

"That's a lie," shouted Jamison.

"You are another," retorted Boehmler, right quickly. Jamison grew red in the face and rushed at Boehmler, but Collins held him. Then he attempted to hit him with a law book, but Collins again interfered, and Jamison cooled down. The case was continued until to-morrow.

Change of Venue Refused.

Judge Lindley this afternoon rendered an oral decision refusing the change of venue asked in behalf of the murderer, John D. Shea, who killed Officer Doran, in Seventh street alley. The court stated that after carefully considering all the evidence submitted it had reached the conclusion that the prisoner could have a fair trial in this circuit. This was a city of 350,000 inhabitants, and in such a vast community there would be no difficulty in securing a jury not prejudiced against the prisoner. The evidence failed to show that a prejudice existed on the part of the whole community. It might exist to a certain extent among members of the police force who sympathized with the victim of the murder, but beyond that there was little shown in support of the plea that a prejudice existed throughout the community. The court would therefore overrule the motion.

Bremer's Charges.

Wilhelm Bremer, the man who told the terrible story of the treatment of Pastor Lorenz at the City Hospital, still maintains that his statements are true. He says that he meant to state that Lorenz was confined in a cell, instead of a cellar, and he is sure that this place was not heated in any way. He avers that his relations were all right and that he is able to prove them. On the other hand Dr. Dean and the hospital physicians deny all the charges and laugh at them as ridiculous.

Wednesday's Weddings.

Marriage licenses were granted to-day to Henry Reinstedler and Julia H. Moss, Henry Behrens and Doris Fischer, Daniel A. Faivey and Ellen Murphy, Gottlieb Brinkman and Elizabeth Weiss, Hy. P. Auvray and Annie C. Meyer, Theodore Jansen and Amelia Dunbaugh, Frank M. Worrel and Cornelia M. Conrad, Curtis P. Lewis and Emma S. Monan, Ambrose W, Steever and Sarah E. Dickson.

SPORTING NOTES.

There will be a meeting of the directors of the Sportsman's Park and Association at Grand avenue this evening.

People are inquiring when that quoit match is to take place between Clius Von Der Ahe and John W. Peckington. There has been enough talk over it and some action should be taken.

If the fine weather continues Manager Cuthbert, of the Sportsman's Park, will endeavor to get up a game of base ball for Sunday. If there is no base ball the Hornets and Hurleys will have a meeting at foot ball.

Frank McNeary, lessee of the Compton race grounds, has just returned from a visit up the state. Mac says he is not certain as to what will be done with the grounds this coming season. It remains to be seen what the S. L & S. F. Railroad authorities will do.

Capt. Nally, formerly captain of Mike Walsh's foot ball team, is organizing a club to be composed of the best foot-ball experts in the country and will issue a sweeping challenge to meet any team in the United States for a single game or a series of games.

Dan Devinney will soon organize a base ball team to be called the Standard B. B. Club, and a meeting will be held on Saturday evening next for the purpose of starting the affair. A good selection of players is at his disposal, consisting of Baker, Decker, a new pitcher whose name is not yet disclosed, Davis and Devinney himself.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Bernard McGarry had a hearing in the Police court this morning on a charge of disturbing the peace. A fine of $5 and costs were imposed, but execution was stayed on payment of costs. James Walsh's case, for the same offence, was disposed of in like manner.

Fritz Weitz was engaged yesterday afternoon in wheeling rock from a barge at the landing of the Missouri Pacific Transfer boats in East Carondelet. During his last trip the wheelbarrow was rolled too near the edge of the gang-plank and toppled into the river, carrying Weitz with it into the river. Some workmen saw the accident and attempted to rescue the drowning man, but were unsuccessful. A search was made for the body, but resulted in a failure.

Cashier Baldwin in Prison.

Trenton Cor. New York Tribune.

Oscar L. Baldwin, the defaulting cashier of the Mechanics' National Bank, of Newark, who is now a convict in the State Prison here, under sentence of fifteen years, was employed last week as gate-keeper. His position is at the great iron gates at the west end of the prison, through which pass the teams that take the supplies to the place or carry the finished work of the prisoners away. The gates open directly upon the street. Baldwin is dressed in the prison garb, which consists of cloth, the right half being deep blue and the left half red, the sleeves being of alternating stripes of bluish white and brown. He was clean shaven, and his hair was cropped close. There is a large scale near the keeper's lodge, and Baldwin, in a clerical capacity, assists in weighing. Keeper Laverty said that when Baldwin was taken to the prison he requested that no one except his relatives should be allowed to see him. Since his imprisonment, however, he has had several visitors, including his brother-in-law, his counsel and a Mr. Dodd. On Thursday his brother, Theodore, who is now under bail, called with the prisoner's wife and spent some time with him, and on Tuesday George A. Halsay, one of the directors of the bank, and State Senator Stainsby visited him upon matters of business connected with the settlement of the bank's affairs.

Keeper Laverty has stated that he would not place Baldwin in the shops, as there is no room and he would make a poor mechanic. His services would, however, be worth 50 cents a day as a clerk. Baldwin rooms with Leeds, the clerk of Leggett, the defaulting controller of Elizabeth, while Hedden, the defaulting cashier of the First National Bank of Newark, rooms with Leggett.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system. Address Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western avenue, Lynn, Mass., for circular.

A Talented Horse Thief.

From a Terra Haute (Ind.) Special.

The particulars of a very remarkable case of horse stealing were made public here this afternoon. On the 6th of January Lieut. Vandever, of the police force, arrested Alexander Arnold in this city with two horses in his possession, which subsequently proved to be the property of men named Russell and Hughes of Decatur, Ill.; When he found he was sure to be convicted, Arnold confessed to the officer that he had been pardoned out of the Illinois State Prison about two years ago, after having served eighteen months of an eighteen year sentence. During the last year he says he had stolen thirty-four horses single hand, and in no case, had he been caught. He informed the officer of all his operations as far as he could remember. On this information the officers recovered fifteen of the stolen animrls. The animals were found scattered over all the State of Illinois and part of Indiana. The matter was kept very quiet until the officers recovered all the animals it was possible to recover, and nothing was said of it until to-day. Arnold is about thirty-five years old, heavy set, with light complexion and clear blue eye; was pardoned from the Illinois penitentiary by Gov. Cullom on the ground of insanity. He says he is an Englishman and was born at sea.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between George J. Davis and Mason G. Smith, in the practice of the law, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. Either party is authorized to collect and receipt for all demands due said firm.

Dated February 14, 1882.

GEORGE J. DAVIS.
MASON G. SMITH.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—Furnished hall or small back room by single gent, west of Thirteenth, between Market and Washington avenue; must be cheap. Address V. 35, this office.

THE MILLER'S WILL.

Bedford-row is a spot that everybody knows, but no one knows it better than Mr. Manby, the family solicitor.

People meeting him only on legal business consider him a dry, cautious man, far more disposed to question than answer or pass an opinion; but, at his own home, where I see him at times, he is very different. If on a quiet evening there are only a comfortable pair, or, at most, a trio of friends present, Manby unbends, and at once becomes the most genial and frank of hosts. He can tell many stories of his curious experiences and difficult cases.

"About the neatest and most curious case of fraud I ever handled," he said, "was that in connection with a testy old client of mine, a miller by trade. He had made a deal of money, and didn't know what to do with it. The man's name was Stokes—Matthew Stokes.

"One day he called upon me, and said he wanted to ask my opinion upon some matter, but I soon found he had made up his mind what to do, and the asking my opinion was only his way of getting me to carry out his ideas. He went into his story with great energy and bitterness. He was worth thousands, he said—that I knew—all securely invested, and his only heir was his daughter, an only child, who had aggravated him by eloping and marrying one of his clerks, named Morley. 'The clerk was one of those good-looking whipper-snappers,' the old man said, with passion. 'Never could see anything in him but impudence and talk—a kind of cleverness that would have helped to make him a good showman—but she thought he was heavenly; and after they got to love each other, as he said, if his impudence didn't write to me, asking me to give him my daughter in marriage! I gave him his notice at once, and a fortnight's wages; but that didn't cure the silly girl. She took to moping and melancholy.

"'One day I found that she had eloped, and the next he sent me word that they were married. I felt it awfully, I tell you, and could have killed him if I'd met him that day, and her too, almost. They're miserably poor, that's one comfort, though he's in a place and does copying at night, and they've some children and lots of trouble; so I ought to be happy if I aint. But here's the danger. I'm getting old, and my doctor says I might be taken off suddenly, so I want you to make my will, strong and firm as you can make it, doing her out of the least chance of getting my money—cutting her off with a shilling, as it is called.'

"'Seeing you have no other relations for whom you care, do I understand you wish the money to be left to charities?' I said, not liking my task over well, for I had no doubt that, if the poor daughter had been there, she could have given quite a different look to the love story.

"'To charity! No, hang charity,' he cried, with a snort. 'I want it all given to Henry Gunson, a cousin of mine in the city. I don't care twopence for him, and know little about him, but he once did me a kindness. It's all the same to me who gets the money, so as they don't get it. See?'

"I did see perfectly, but I thought I would try to alter his determination; for if any one thing displeases me more than another it is to be the means of carrying dissension and hatred beyond the grave. Could he not, instead of trying to crush the young man who had married his daughter, try to lift him up? From his own account it appeared that he was a hardworking, diligent fellow, toiling hard for his wife and children. What more could a father wish for in his son-in-law? In a word, I tried to pour oil upon the waters; but I might as well have poured it upon fire. The fury of the old man increased, and was even turned upon me when I pointed out that in commercial circles the cousin, Henry Gunson, of whom he had spoken, was looked upon with strong suspicion, owing to an ugly bankruptcy case with which I had to do.

"'I tell you it's all the same to me who gets it,' he persisted. 'It's nothing to me whether the man's good or bad. Disobedience in children must be punished, and I can't do better than enrich my own cousin.'

"Finding him so firmly resolved, I promised to have a draft of his will prepared, and to send it to him for perusal by my confidential clerk, which was done the following week. The will being read to him, was approved, and as soon as a fair copy had been made he came to my office and signed it. The witnesses were clerks of my own. When signed, I was about to place it with the other papers connected with his business, but the old man snappishly told me that he meant to keep that himself, and accordingly it was handed to him.

"Two or three years passed, during which I made large and frequent investigations for him, but no further mention was made of his will. One morning I received a note from his housekeeper, telling me of his somewhat sudden death, and shortly after reading the note I was called upon by the cousin, Henry Gunson.

"I am a good judge of faces, and disliked the man the moment I saw him. He was not a hypocrite, and made no show of sham grief at the death of his relative; on the contrary, he smiled and appeared perfectly jubilant at the stroke of good fortune.

"'You have heard,' he said, 'I believe, of my cousin's death, and I came here because he once told me that three or four years since you had drawn up a will in my favor.'"

"All this was natural enough, but there was something in the man's manner that made me study his face closely. It seemed to me that under an appearance of simplicity he was playing a deep game. Yet what game could he be playing? I was forced to dismiss the thought and turn my attention to business.

"'It is true that Mr. Stokes did instruct me to draw up such a will, but he did not entrust the keeping of the document to me'' I answered. 'I have the draft of it, and that is all?'

The man looked startled, but the look was not one of genuine surprise and only made me suspect him more strongly than ever.

"'Where in the world can the will be then?' he said. "Perhaps you could go out with me and take charge of things and see if it can be found?'

This was said with a curious look into my face, as if he had been saying to himself. "I wonder if he suspects me?" and, contrary to my usual practice, I resolved to go in person instead of sending a clerk.

"A cab which he had kept in waiting took us to the house, in which we found the nurse who had attended the old man in his last illness, and an elderly woman who had acted as his housekeeper. The nurse was not so stupid as many old-fashioned nurses, and took occasion, during a momentary absence of Gunson, to draw me aside, and say, 'I hope the old man's money won't go to that man. He was here ever so often before Mr. Stokes died, and they quarreled hot, I can tell you.'

"'What did they quarrel about?' I asked with much interest.

"'I think that man asked for money, for I heard him say; 'I shall be ruined if I cannot pay.' I did not hear all that was said, but it was bitter while it lasted, and the old man had me in with a fearful ring of the bell, and told me to show that villain out.

'I saw murder in his eye,'' he said, 'and not a penny of my money shall he ever finger, I wish I knew where my poor girl lives. She should have it all, poor thing.'' Then he ordered me out of the room, and I heard him shuffle across to the fire, and when I came back I could see he had turned something in the fireplace—which I believe, sir, it was the will.

"No doubt the old man's days had been shortened by the excitement from those frequent quarrels. When a man of no moral principles, like Gunson, is given an interest in another's death, it is not at all unlikely that he will try to hasten the removal of all that stands between him and a fortune—especially when he thinks it can be done without danger of discovery. I felt, however, as the man rejoined me, a thorough repugnance to him, and was very near telling him not to trouble to look for the will, as I had reason to believe that it had been destroyed; but I conquered the feeling as well as I could; and, indeed, I had no evidence to prove that the will had been destroyed.

"The housekeeper then showed us a trunk in which old Stokes had kept all his papers. I opened it, and at the top I found a little packet of letters from his daughter. I glanced at one, it was full of sorrow and tenderness, asking so earnestly if she might show him their boy. The letter went on: 'We call him Matthew, father; and when we were without bread the little fellow said he would come to you and ask for some for mother. He was sure you would not say no: but now my dear husband has work, and although it would not be to beg we should come, yet I do want, dear father, to see you once more.' Over the next few words the ink had run, or the paper had got so wet that I could not read them. Perhaps if the miller had been alive he could have told us how this happened."

"I folded up the letter, and turning suddenly to Gunson, who had been looking over me, I saw a sardonic smile on his face, which did not improve my opinion of him. We went over all the papers, but could not find the will.

Just as I was about to close the trunk Gunson said: 'We have not looked in the pocket inside the lid.' I did so, and to my surprise came upon a folded paper, which appeared to be the will, or so exact a copy of it that I was not prepared to deny its identity. It was written on a kind of paper that I have used for that purpose for half a lifetime, and the writing was unmistakably that of a clerk of mine named Peter Chipps. The signatures, too, were all right, so far as I could see, but yet I had a doubt. I caught myself taking the valuable paper out of my pocket and scanning it closely when Gunson was not by, as if half expecting the senseless paper to reveal some subtle treachery. I got back to my office as soon as possible, and read the will carefully through; then I hunted up the original draft, and found that it agreed perfectly.

"For some two or three days the matter stood over, for I was called out of town on urgent business, but the morning of my return I was told that an old woman—the nurse to Matthew Stokes—had called to see me during my absence. She would not leave any message, but said she would call when I returned to town. That day as I was leaving the office the nurse came, full of apology, and hoping I should not think any the worse of her for what she had to tell me. 'You know,' she said, 'I told you that I believed Mr. Stokes burnt his will, and my reason for thinking so is this. When he was asleep I picked out two little bits of paper from the ashes, and I kept them in my pocket ever since, and here they are.'

"Hastily taking them from her, I could see from these scraps that it must have been the will that Matthew Stokes had destroyed, for they read:

"'My real and personal property — — —
— — Henry Gunson — — — — —
— — — — — — — — the testator in — —
— — — — — — his presence and in' — —

"I compared the scraps of paper with the copy found in the trunk, and it was without doubt in the same handwriting. I would have turned to the clerk, whose name stood first as a witness, but he was dead; or to the one who had written and witnessed the original will, and who at this moment I felt sure must know something of this fraud, but he had gone all to drink a year or two before, and I had been reluctantly compelled to part with him. I asked if any one had got his address, and by a strange coincidence a letter had come from him that very day to one of my clerks, asking him to call, for he was very ill. The moment I got that I started off for Peter's lodgings in a cab. I found him in bed, evidently in a rapid consumption, and had only to hold up the forged will and say significantly. 'How on earth did you come to do this,' to make the blood leave his face. He would not confess, however, until I gave him a pledge that he would not be punished for his share in the forgery, and that was more than I could take upon me to promise; so I left him, and made my way to the miserable home of the Morleys in Golden lane. By miserable I don't mean unhappy, but poor. When I was admitted to the house I found they occupied two rooms, on the second floor. The heiress of Stokes' large fortune was busy on her knees before the fire, toasting bread for her husband's tea, and her own rosy cheeks at the same time, and Morley himself seated in a corner of the room, writing with a swift hand at the law papers he spent his evenings in copying. Mrs Morley was quite a young thing, and so good-looking that I could scarcely believe her the daughter of my deceased client.

"When I told them of the death of old Matthew Stokes, any one would have thought they had lost their kindest friend. His daughter was overcome with grief. I assured her from what I had heard, her father had forgiven her, and that if he had known their address he certainly would have sent to them.—Both listened breathlessly to my story, and then, when I gave my opinion that nothing now could stand in the way of inheriting her father's wealth, she simply went up to her husband, clasped him tight in her arms and kissed him, and then burst into tears. But when I spoke of prosecuting her father's cousin she, with the true tenderness and tact of a woman, said, 'No; my poor father would not have disgraced a relative, even though he deserved it. Perhaps if you wrote to him telling him what you have discovered he will trouble us no more.'

It was hard to let the rascal slip, but I wrote to Gunson accordingly, and if my pen had been dipped in acid, I could not have written stronger. He needed no second dose. Without even having the politeness to reply he was off to America by the quickest route, fearing every inch of the way, I expect that the police were in his wake. I got the whole of the details of the plot out of Peter Chipps, from which it appeared that Gunson no sooner discovered that his cousin had really burnt the will formerly executed in his favor, than he sought out my late clerk as a fitting tool to produce a duplicate from the draft. The price given was a mere trifle—some £5 or £6; but Peter had resolved to bleed his employer without mercy the moment he got possession of the old man's money, by means of the forged document. Peter was dying when he made the confession, but Mrs. Morley was at his house next day, and took the poor fellow's breath away by telling him she would see that his wife and children were well cared for. The stricken man stared at her some moments in dead silence, and then he feebly snatched at her hand and burst into tears. He couldn't speak, but the simple gesture said more than a thousand words could have conveyed.

"Mrs. Morley has not been spoiled by her good fortune. She is the same loving and generous-hearted woman that she was in poverty. She declares to this day that she is not a whit more happy in her grand house than she was in the two-pair back in Golden lane. And I believe she speaks the truth."

ONE of the most fashionable tonsorial establishments in Philadelphia, Pa., is that of Mr. Chas. Binder, at the northeast corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets, under Guy's Hotel. Mr. Binder was a soldier in the late war, and for some years past he has had constant reminders of his exposure in the field in the way of rheumatic pains in different portions of his body, and he has always found it very difficult to obtain relief. Latterly the disease mentioned attacked his knee joints, and Mr. Binder suffered night and day. He had both read and heard of the remarkable properties of St. Jacobs Oil, and resolved to give it a trial. Mr. Binder says he is very glad he did so, for he has found that rheumatism and St. Jacobs Oil could not both hold possession of his knee-joints at the same time, and whenever the Oil made a movement in that direction the rheumatism would beat a hasty retreat. The disease made several attempts to regain its old position, but was each time routed by the Great German Remedy and has broken camp and departed entirely. Mr. Binder has now an exalted opinion of St. Jacobs Oil, and whenever he hears one of his customers complain of rheumatism he exclaims: "Try St. Jacobs Oil."

Municipal Assembly.

In the Council last night, an ordinance was introduced to regulate slop removals, by awarding contracts in five districts. The Railroad Committee reported favorably the extension of the San Francisco from Tayon avenue to Seventh street. In the House a strong remonstrance was presented against the proposed Pine street railroad to Forest Park. A joint committee is to be appointed to report on some feasible plan for cleaning the streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Mr. Edwin Booth appeared last night in "Macbeth," the house again being crowded with a splendid audience. It was a very interesting performance, but it belongs rather to the robust school of tragedy than to the intellectual class of work, in which Booth appears at his best. The readings were very fine however, and there were gleams of magnetic force and fire observant throughout the tragedy. Benton Hill played Macduff finely and Miss Bella Pateman's Lady Macbeth was a splendid piece of work. Indeed, it was the performance of the evening. To-night Booth appears as "Hamlet," a part which is peculiarly identified with his fame and success, and in which he made his first great success. In this part he has recently come in comparison with the leading actors of England, and came out triumphant. The house promises to be one of the largest of the season.

"THE BIG RISE."

There was an excellent attendance last night at the Pickwick Theater, and Mr. Gus Thomas, the author, can be credited with a very clever piece of dramatic work. The plot, incident and construction are interesting, and there are some good sketches of character. Barring some incidental drawbacks common at amateur performances, the representation passed off smoothly. Mr. Gus Thomas did a fine piece of acting as "Squire Sanford," and Messrs. Bendley, Garland, Cornell, Alexander and Bennett (who took the part for which Mr. Pope had been cast, at very short notice) were very good. Miss Josie Busch was excellent as May Joy and Mrs. Colby and Miss Thomas were satisfactory in their parts. The costuming and scenery were good. The North St. Louis Quintette furnished the music for the occasion.

NOTES AND GOSSIP.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin," by the Jay Rial party, is drawing very large audiences at Pope's. The attraction is a fine one and the rates of admission very low.

Alex. Caufman and his company are drawing fair houses at the People's in "A Life's Mistake." It is a good sensational drama and seems to please the auditors.

Lotta appeared last night as Musette, and was as merry and sparkling as of yore. The company were excellent and the piece well set. It will be repeated to-night.

At Mercantile Library Hall the Tom Thumb party are still drawing enormous crowds every afternoon and evening. The little folks enjoy the performance with a peculiar zest.

George Heuer, the obliging assistant treasurer at the Olympic Theater, will have a benefit Saturday evening, March 4, when he will appear himself as conductor in "Tourists in a Pullman Palace Car."

As Gen. Tom Thumb's season is rapidly approaching the end the interest in his troupe increases, and Mercantile Library Hall is daily filled by admiring crowds. The party commences a season at the Grand Opera House, Louisville, next Monday. This will be the last week here.

To-morrow night a grand concert will be given at Pickwick Theater under the musical direction of Professor Epstein Brothers. The numbers will be sung by Miss Abbie Carrington, Herr Theodore Habelman, Sig. Augustino Carboni and Miss Clara Jecko. The last named young lady has just returned to her home in this city after finishing a musical education abroad. Miss Jecko has a rich, promising voice, and her appearance here is looked to by a large circle of musical and social friends. A matinee will be given next Saturday at the Pickwick.

THE unprecedented demand for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup has had the effect of bringing out numerous similar remedies; but the people are not so easily induced to make a trial of the new article, when they value the old and reliable one—Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

LADIES' good muslin chemises, thirty-five cents, just received at
D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The coronation of the Czar has been postponed until September.

The Italian Chamber of Deputies on Tuesday adopted the scrutin de list; 200 against 143

The Catholic Bishop of Montreal has served a notice to quit on all tenants of church property selling liquor.

A discovery of a conspiracy at Cairo to replace the ex-Khedive on the throne was reported on Tuesday.

The British National Trotting Association held a "meet" for American trotting wagons at Hyde Park on Monday.

Twenty-five thousand dozen collars and cuffs were burned in the Gardner Laundry fire at Troy, N. Y., on Tuesday.

In the Connor-Campbell contest the opinion generally expressed is the committee will report in favor of sending the election back to the people of Utah.

The Georgia State Agricultural Society met in annual convention at Augusta on Tuesday. The sentiment is decidedly in favor of planting more grain and less cotton.

In the pigeon match at Liverpool on Tuesday, 100 birds, for £100 a side, Dr. Carver 31 yards, Graham 29 yards and Towbe, the Scotch champion, 38 yards, Dr. Carver won easily.

The determination of the Pullman Palace Car authorities at Pullman, that workmen at their shops should pay 10 cents per day for rides to and from the works into Chicago, has resulted in a strike.

The Shah of Persia has granted to a French company a concession for the construction of a railway from Teheran to Resht. The company is to pay 5,500,000f yearly for the period of the concession, namely, sixty years.

The opera of "Faust" was presented on Tuesday night at the Cincinnati opera festival by the Mapleson Company, in place of the Patti concert, which had to be postponed on account of the illness of Patti. Nearly 4,000 people were present.

The Revista Economica, a Cuban Sunday journal, has been denounced by the Court of Law and its editor arrested on account of virulent articles written in a controversy with a Conservative journal, which threatened to lead to a disturbance of the peace.

The House Committee on Public Buildings has already reported nineteen bills authorizing the construction of nineteen new public buildings in different parts of the country and making an aggregate appropriation of three millions and a half of dollars with which to begin the construction.

The make-up of the New York Assembly standing committees, which were announced Tuesday, practically leaves the Tammany members without influence in shaping legislation any further than their individual votes count. The only chairmanship accorded to them is that of the committee on grievances, which goes to Maj. Haggerty, it is said, at the request of the advocates of woman suffrage.

FIFTY CENTS will buy at D. Crawford & Co.'s a full-sized lady's white muslin skirt, cambric ruffle, princess back.

Knights Templar Entertainment.

The various Templar committees held a meeting at the Southern Hotel last evening, to make arrangements for the ball February 21. The committees have got their work well under way, and having made very extensive arrangements, they expect merchants and society people to give them all the financial assistance they can. Arrangements have been made with all the leading street car lines to run their cars every thirty minutes until 3 o'clock a. m. the night of the entertainment. Mr. Bosbyshell was appointed chairman of the Carriage Committee. The hotel company will furnish supper in the restaurant from 10 to 3 o'clock. The Templars will be inspected in the large dining-room at 9 p. m. by Grand Commander of Missouri M. G. Hall, of St. Joseph. Those who wish to attend and have not yet procured tickets can get them, if known or recommended, at the following places up to 4 p. m. on day of the entertainment:

George Bain, R. H. Nichol, S. C. Buckingham, Martin Collins, on 'Change; Wm. H. Mayo, Masonic hall; W. W. Hopper, 312 North Sixth street; William Welsh, 406 N. Fourth street; Fred. Williamson, 221 Chestnut street; John R. Parson, 716 Fourth street; J. A. Pozzoni, under Lindell Hotel; James M. Hart, 111 North Fifth street; John D. Vincil, 620 Chestnut street.

HEALTHY BABIES

Are a great blessing, and nothing contributes more towards making them so than the easy-riding baby carriages sold by the
SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.

CITY NEWS.

At St. Mark's Academy last night, James E. Hereford read a paper on the increase of divorce. The existing laws were criticised.

The property owners favoring the removal of Lucas Market, now make a majority. The obstruction will be removed and the street widened.

Max Tamm & Bro.'s Glue and Curled Hair Factory at Rock Springs went up in smoke last night at a loss of $30,000. The insurance was for $7,000 only.

The charter's provision relative to the general plan for location and gradation of the streets in beauty and symmetry is under active consideration by the Board of Public Improvements.

A young lady was received yesterday into the order of the Sisters of Mercy, at the Convent Chapel on Morgan street. She was invested with the white veil, and was named Sister Margaret Mary.

The jury in the case of Mat. Lewis, the colored murderer, on third trial, returned a verdict of guilty in the first degree. C. B. Greeley was foreman and William Hargadine was another member of this jury.

The School Board met last night and disposed of routine business. The question of extending the terms of officers was postponed. The motion to remove Janitor Knoch, of the Lafayette School, was lost, on the ground that the man was a victim of persecution.

The St. Louis Press Club will hold its inaugural reception this evening at their club rooms, on Eighth and Chestnut streets. There will be a large attendance of representative men in the leading professions, and prominent business men. Judge Chester Krum will deliver the inaugural remarks at half past eight o'clock.

THIRTY-FIVE cents will buy an elegant white muslin skirt for ladies, full width, at
D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S.

HAPPY BOYS

Are those who get a good velocipede or bicycle from the
SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.

A "Gallows Youth" of Eleven.

From the Pall Mall Gazette, Jan. 25.

Education does not appear to have as yet exercised a humanizing effect on a boy named Hindle, aged eleven years, who was yesterday sentenced by Mr. Justice Chitty, at Manchester, to one month's imprisonment and five years in a reformatory, for manslaughter. On the night of the 4th instant Hindle and some other boys were "concocting a robbery" in a street in Salford. Seabourne, the boy he killed, wished to join in the venture, and threatened that if not allowed to do so he would inform against the others. A quarrel ensued which ended by Hindle stabbing Seabourne with a knife, and inflicting so terrible a wound that the boy died. The jury, in finding Hindle guilty, recommended him to mercy on account of his youth; and two schoolmasters gave evidence that his conduct had been "uniformly good," and that his diligence had given "great satisfaction." Perhaps this testimony to his character accounts for his gayety, for when sentenced yesterday by the judge he showed no symptoms of emotion. On the contrary, he behaved so defiantly in the dock that he had to be reproved for his conduct, and on being taken to the cells he waved his hand and shouted, "Keep your hearts up." We will do our best to follow Hindle's advice; but we can assure this interesting juvenile offender that apart from the fact of his imprisonment for a brief period, there is not much in the aspect of affairs to inspire cheerfulness.

THE 75-cent night gowns at D. Crawford & Co.'s are magnificent value.

A COUGH, cold or sore throat should not be neglected. *"Brown's Bronchial Troches"* are a simple remedy, and will generally give immediate relief.

GENTLEMEN,

Our new spring goods are now in stock, and we would be pleased to have you call and examine. Early orders will secure the most desirable styles, as many novelties cannot be duplicated.

MILLS & AVERILL,
MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
S. W. COR. FOURTH AND OLIVE STS.

SEVENTY-FIVE cents will buy at D. Crawford & Co's. an elegant chemise, with tucked and embroidered bosom edge, ruffled on band.

HOFF'S MALT-EXTRACT.
IMPORTED BY
TARRANT & CO.,

Sole agents for the United States and British provinces of North America, every GENUINE bottle of which bears THEIR LABEL.

The Most Popular and Best Health Beverage Extant.

It is highly recommended for ladies in delicate health and during confinement; while it is especially beneficial to Nursing Mothers, convalescents, or patients recovering from prostrating fevers. The weakest stomach retains it readily, and, being pre eminently nutritious, it is the best health beverage known.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

HENRY E. LEWIS. CYRUS HALL.
LEWIS & HALL,
Investigators of Titles to Real Estate, Conveyancers, etc.
513 CHESTNUT ST., ST LOUIS, MO.

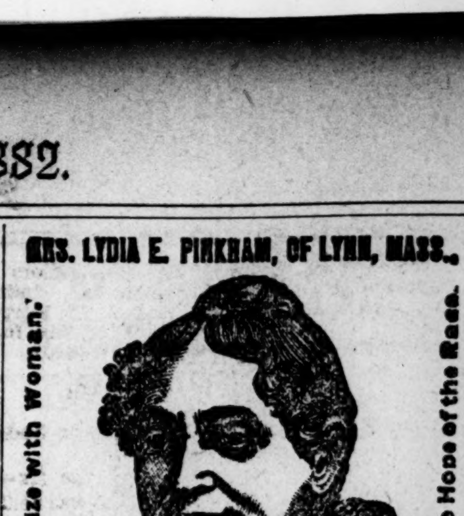
ON SATURDAY. MARCH 4 1882, AT NOON, at my office, room 33, No. 506 Olive street, St. Louis Mo. by order of the Circuit Court of said city, in the case of Maxwell vs Missouri Zinc Company, as a receiver of said company, I will sell at auction, for cash to the highest bidder, all the property, real and personal, of that company, other than debts and rents due thereto. The property consists chiefly of the zinc and other furnaces and erections of the company at South St. Louis, with all their outfit and equipment, and the leasehold on which the same are located. Full information will be given by the receiver on application. The sale will be made as a whole and subject to the approval of the court, which will be asked to direct that the company unite in the conveyance to the purchaser.

LUCIEN EATON,
Receiver Missouri Zinc Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO., Feb. 10, 1882.

ESTATE of Johann Lanterbach, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of
Johann Lauterbach,
deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 14th day of February, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1882.
ANTHONY NACKE,
Administrator, with the will annexed, of Johann Lauterbach, deceased. 60


Woman can Sympathize with Woman.
Health of Woman is the Hope of the Race.
Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

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LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

for all those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Female Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use.

It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this Paper.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure constipation, biliousness and torpidity of the liver. 25 cents per box.

Sold by all Druggists.

PRESTON & MERRILL'S
INFALLIBLE
Yeast Powder
THE ORIGINAL!
NOT ADULTERATED
NOT EXTENDED.
PERFECTLY PURE,
and is the Strongest, Cheapest, and Most Healthful Bread Preparation made.
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

THE GREAT SAUCE
OF THE WORLD.
LEA & PERRINS'

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH, HOT & COLD MEATS, GAME, &c.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.
"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

Lea & Perrins

Signature is on every bottle of GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
Sold and used throughout the world.
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NEW YORK.

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Manufacturers and Dealers in Every Article used in Constructing and Operating Railroads.
209 N. Third St., St. Louis.
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519 Walnut st., Office bet. 5th and 6th.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

List of Those That Have Qualified Under the Law of 1881.

Carr, Walter C., 210 N. Fourth street.
Jonas, M. E., 219 N. Fifth, room 22.
Kappner, I. G., 515 Market street.
Robertson, Julius, 515 Olive, residence 2027 Morgan.

PROFESSIONAL.

PHYSICIAN AND ASTROLOGER, a graduate of both sciences, great prophet, interpreter and reader of planets, who understands the science of the Persian Astrologers and Magi. He has no equal in telling past, present and future, curing diseases, causing speedy marriages, bringing the separated together, giving good luck, removing evil influences, family troubles, drinking, etc. His powers are unequaled; foretells your very thoughts, gives perfect satisfaction, which is proved by thousands who daily and eagerly visit him. Send five three-cent stamps for Guide. DR. ALLISON, 910 N. Tenth street, St. Louis.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, 195 BROADWAY.
NEW YORK, January 20, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company will be held at the office of the company in St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, the 7th day of March, 1882, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the election of thirteen directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting.

The annual meeting of the board of directors will be held at the same office on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, 1882, at 12 o'clock noon.

The transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of the 4th of February, 1882, and will be reopened on the morning of the 9th of March, 1882.

JAY GOULD,
President.
A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bell Telephone Company, of Missouri, for the election of eleven directors, will be held at the office of the company, in the Third National Bank building, No 417 Olive street, in the city of St Louis, in the State of Missouri, on Tuesday, the 21st day of February, A. D., 1882. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. until 12 m.

E. A. HITCHCOCK,
President.
E. A. SMITH,
Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Notice is herby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Crystal Plate Glass Company, for the election of nine directors, will be held at the office of the company in the Singer Building, at the northeast corner of Fifth and Locust streets, in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, on Friday, the 17th day of February, A. D., 1882. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. until 12 m.

E. A. HITCHCOCK,
President.
EDMUND T. ALLEN,
Secretary.
St. Louis, February 3, 1882.

NOTICE is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the directors of the Chester, Iron Mountain and Western Railroad Company will be held, for the purposes specified in section 792 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, on Tuesday, the 14th day of March, 1882, at the office of Messrs. Pattison & Crane, No. 305 Olive street, in the City of St. Louis.

J. WYMAN JONES, President.

OFFICE OF JOSEPH PETERS FURNITURE CO.,
N. E. cor. Fifteenth and Chambers st.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

NOTICE—There will be a meeting of the stockholders of this company on April 5 to vote on increasing the capital stock to $200,000.

JOS. PETERS,
President.
J. W. TREMAYNE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given that I shall, on Saturday a.m., at 10 o'clock sharp, February 18, 1882 sell at the front door of the Court House, to the highest bidder, for cash, a certain lot of household goods described in Chattel Mortgage of Record P. P. Book 23, page 324 of the City Records. and now at auction rooms of Block, Tyler & Co., 412 and 414 Pine street, for inspection, being same marked lot 710.

CHARLES J. BLAKE,
Assignee.
St. Louis, February 14, 1882.

St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Company.

ST. LOUIS, January 12, 1882.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—That the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company has been called by a resolution of its Board of Directors, and is hereby convened by the undersigned to be held at the general office of the company, in the Temple Building, on the corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, at 9 o'clock a. m. on Tuesday, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1882, for the following purposes:

First—To elect a Board of Directors of the company to serve for the ensuing year.

Second—To consider and act upon a proposition that this company purchase "the St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas Railway" (consolidated), situated in the States of Missouri and Arkansas, and all the property and rights thereto appertaining or belonging.

Third—To consider and act upon a proposition that this company acquire or purchase all and singular the "Joplin Railway" (consolidated), situated in the States of Kansas and Missouri, and all the property of every name and nature belonging or appertaining thereto.

Fourth—To consider and act upon a proposition that the contract heretofore made between this company and the St. Louis, Wichita and Western Railway Company, a corporation of the State of Kansas, whereby this company leased all the railway and property of the St. Louis, Wichita and Western Railway Company for a stated term of years, be modified or cancelled, and that this company make and enter into a contract with the said St Louis, Wichita and Western Railway Company by which this company shall acquire by a perpetual lease, or by purchase or by consolidation, all and singular, the said St. Louis, Wichita and Western Railway and all the property thereto belonging or in any wise appertaining to the operation thereof

Fifth—To consider and act upon a proposition that this company ratify and approve of the action of its Board of Directors and officers in making and executing for and in the name and behalf of this company (as authorized at a special meeting of the stockholders held March 1, 1881), a mortgage deed on all and singular its railway property, rights, privileges and franchises, to secure the payment of the coupon bonds of this company to the extent of thirty millions of dollars.

Sixth—To consider and act upon a proposition that this company ratify and approve of the action of its Board of Directors in extending its tracks from the present designated eastern terminus of its road in the city of St. Louis to a point on the west bank of the Mississippi River in the city of St. Louis.

And also to consider and act upon such other business as may come before said Stockholders' Meeting.

E. F. WINSLOW,
President.
Attest:
C. LITTLEFIELD, Secretary.

This Elixir is specially prepared for Convalescents and Weak persons, and as a Tonic is strongly recommended by the Medical Faculty of Paris. Its principal ingredient is pure meat scientifically prepared with Medical remedies, giving it wonderful stimulating properties invigorating the vital forces, without fatigue to the digestive organs.

DUCRO'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR

In cases of Typhoid, Yellow and Malarial Fevers the Elixir is invaluable, giving strength to overcome the waste caused by these malignant diseases. It is agreeable to the taste, prompt in its action, and especially recommended in cases of Lung diseases.

E. Fougera & Co., Agents,
New York.

Rigollot's
THE ORIGINAL AND THE BEST.
None genuine without the annexed signature. Rigollot
MUSTARD PAPER.

DR. DINSBEER, 415 N. SEVENTH ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Twenty-five years' experience: guarantees to cure all diseases of a private nature of males and females in less time and furnish medicine for less money than any other physician in the city, Syphilis in all its forms, gonorrhea, gleet, stricture, seminal weakness, loss of manhood, impotency, nervous debility and all urinary troubles. Local treatment given to patients at my office and medicine furnished. No hindrance from business; no exposure, but a speedy and permanent cure in a few days. Patients out of the city treated by mail or express on receipt of $5 to pay for medicine. Call or write. Hours 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sunday 9 to 12 a. m.

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately.

Spermatorrhea, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or over brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES.

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts. by mail in money or postage. Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo.

CONQUEROR OF ALL.

DR. WOOD'S Lightning and Injection never failed to cure Gonorrhœa or discharge from privates of male or female inside of 4 to 8 days. Price, $3; sent everywhere. This is not disagreeable medicine. Dr. Wood's Favorite has a world's reputation to cure Syphilis in all stages almost at once. Price, $5; send everywhere. Call or write confidential, stating case; don't be bashful. Dr. Wood, specialist for 30 years, guarantees a cure every time. 313 N. Seventh st., St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	6
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

ST. LOUIS, February 11, 1882.

I, Joseph Pulitzer, President of the DISPATCH PUBLISHING COMPANY, solemnly swear that the following is a true statement of the actual, regular circulation of the DAILY POST-DISPATCH for the week ending to-day:

February 4, Saturday	20,360
February 5	Sunday
February 6, Monday	28,580
February 7, Tuesday	21,840
February 8, Wednesday	20,420
February 9, Thursday	20,420
February 10, Friday	20,440
Total	132,060

Average for each day 22,010 copies.

JOSEPH PULITZER,
President Dispatch Publishing Co.

Sworn and subscribed before me the day and year above written.

{ seal. }
I. G. KAPPNER,
Notary Public City of St. Louis.
Commission expires July 7, 1885.

HEREAFTER we will have no more Receivers for bankrupt insurance companies. They will be known as Absorbers.

THE Russian Privy Counsellor, Doctor KLIMOFF, has been dismissed by the Czar with a celerity which shows how much easier it is to Klimoff than to catch on.

THE option gamblers and speculators are embarrassing the country very much. If prices continue to decline throughout the remainder of the week the whole country will hear the cry of financial distress.

THE little squeeze that the speculative bulls are receiving may have have a tendency to put a "preventer back-stay," as the sailors have it, on the gambling mania which is marring the business of the country.

THE scheme to appropriate Pine street for railway purposes received a back-set in the House of Delegates last night. A decent street in St. Louis is a curiosity and the general populace is averse to having this one spoiled.

WITHIN fifteen minutes after the telegram reached the Cincinnati *Commercial* office announcing the appointment of JOHN C. NEW as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, there was a smell of sulphur in the building which disturbed the employes up-stairs very seriously.

THE negro wife-murderer, MATT LEWIS, was last night found guilty of murder in the first degree for the third time. If his case can be kept out of the Supreme Court of the United States he may be executed before the public has time to entirely forget the nature of his crime.

BEFORE Mr. MILO BLAIR was appointed postmaster at Sedalia his paper, the *Eagle*, was quite bright and readable. Now it resembles a gray goose rather than the proud bird of freedom. The salt has lost its flavor and the oil is out of the can. It is always so when an editor is set to licking postage stamps.

IT is estimated that during the past five years the Receivers and Exhausters of bankrupt Insurance companies in St. Louis have collected $350,000. Of this enormous sum the poor policy-holders have not received more than $20,000, though it must be said that the returns are not quite all in. This is too intensely and utterly too-too for any use.

PROF. VENNOR has been terribly torn up by this phenomenal winter but he has pulled himself together once more and he now predicts that we will have some terrible winds, snow storms and railroad blockades in the month of March. If Vennor was smart he would drop the winter entirely and turn his attention to predicting hot weather for next August.

THE English Government has announced that the question of tunnelling the Channel, which had been practically decided in the affirmative, will be reopened on account of the adverse military opinions which have been expressed. A continental army of invasion could slip in underneath the wooden walls of Britain and win the battle of Dorking before the navy could learn that anything was going on.

THE Czar of Russia has announced that he will postpone his coronation until September. This means that he will dodge into Moscow unexpectedly, get crowned and hustle out again before the Nihilists can get a drive at him. The Czar just now is in the undignified attitude of the turkey in a turkey-pelting match. If he does not dodge with judgment, and dodge all the time, he is liable to have the top of his head taken off.

THE Pope has been forced by the representations of the Spanish Ambassador to recall the Papal Nuncio at Madrid, because he gave too much support to the Carlist promoters of the proposed pilgrimage to Rome, and to advise the abandonment of the pilgrimage itself on the same ground. This will probably have the effect of making the Carlist agitation so much the stronger. The Spaniards have not yet learned that persecution is the best means yet discovered for fostering a weak party.

THE Arab rebels in Yemen, who have proclaimed the restoration of the Arabian Caliphate, are already in full march upon the sacred city of Mecca. Recruits are flocking to the Green Standard from every part of Southern Arabia, and the suzerainty of the Turkish Sultan is disputed throughout the peninsula. A descendant of MOHAMMED is at the head of the revolt, and a holy war has been proclaimed, which may yet put a Caliph on the old throne at Bagdad. The mistake must not be made of supposing that this is a mere local uprising against the Stamboul tax-gatherers. The elements of a great Arab revolution are present in solution in the East, and when the hour and the man come they will crystallize into Empire.

OUR BENEFACTORS.

No city in the country needs benefactors worse than Cincinnati and no city has them in greater abundance. Our attention has been attracted to this matter by the recent munificence of Mr. C. W. WEST, the bachelor millionaire. Some months ago Mr. W. gave the city a magnificent Art Museum and now he has supplemented it with a gift of $150,000 to properly endow it. Years ago MCMICKEN presented the city with a University, which, through his careful forethought, has grown to be a splendid school, equipped with buildings and apparatus second to none in the land. The city has a splendid hospital and home for the benefit of old people, the result of the bounty of Mr. WEST and a few other rich gentlemen. There is the PROBASCO-DAVIDSON fountain, which cost over $100,000, and which is the chief artistic ornament of the city—a present from two successful hardware merchants. The grand Music Hall, out of which has grown the College of Music, and which has given the city a continental fame, was the gift of noble REUBEN SPRINGER, who lives to hear himself praised every day, and who has a daily revenue of enjoyment from his investment far greater than that which some of his wealthy neighbors derive from their bonds. Then there is DAVID SINTON, the Crœsus of the pig-iron fraternity, who has somewhere the plans and drawings of a magnificent Forum which he proposes to set up in Custon House Square one of these days, and ALEX. FURGUSON, who made the city a present, in good part, of its prosperous Southern Railway. The list of benefactors might be largely extended —not forgetting MR. SINTON'S endowment of the Bethel, where religion and soup are dispensed to the homeless poor; but we have said enough to show that Cincinnati, despite its smoke and dirty streets and bad location, is the most favored city in the Union. The big-heartedness of its capitalists has made it the center of culture and art and music in the West. It is not precisely the Athens of the Union, but æsthetic Boston has no license to turn up her nose at the city whose feet are washed by the miasmatic Maketewah. The result of the grand benefactions which we have enumerated, has been to fill its people with a longing for better things. • They have wood-carving schools, and the ladies have blue China, which they endeavor to live up to, as the disciples of the new school of refinement put it. What a pity it is that St. Louis has so few public-spirited citizens. Our rich men are apparently the poorest in the country. The only men whom we can point to with pride, on account of their liberality and disposition to lift the city above the swamp level of village mediocrity, are HENRY SHAW and WAYMAN CROW and GEORGE PARTRIDGE, the kind-hearted gentleman at the head of the Provident Association, whose benevolent works are so well known to us all. This is our list of Benefactors! Mr. CROW has presented us with a splendid Art Museum. The building is there but the Art is to some extent lacking. Mr. CROW has done nobly but he expects his favored fellow-citizens to fill the store-house which he has so generously given us. Up to this time the total contributions are less than $50,000. They should be five times as much. We have as much wealth in St. Louis as they have in Cincinnati but there is no emulation here to make the city conspicuous—no love of adornment. Perhaps if we had better streets and less dirt we would acquire a taste for the beautiful and a broad spirit of philanthropy would extend to our men who have been favored by fortune. Let us hope that there will be an "awakening" when the Apostle of the new creed in Art comes among us next week.

THERE was an exciting time in the city of Baltimore last Saturday. A young man, the son of a well-known and indulgent capitalist, entered the bar-room of the Carrollton Hotel about 10 o'clock in the morning with some friends, and by 6 o'clock in the evening he had squandered $25 for wine and liquors. This unusual outburst of recklessness attracted nearly all the people in the hotel to the bar. They gazed at the profligate youth in amazement. In the afternoon an item appeared in the evening paper to the effect that a saturnalia was raging at the hotel and by 6 o'clock the streets in the neighborhood were thronged with excited people. On Sunday one of the leading clergymen of the city preached a sermon on the demoralization of the times and compared the profligacy of the city, as exemplified in the debauchery of this young man, to the licentiousness of Babylon and Pompeii. He predicted that Baltimore would meet the same fate that had been visited upon the shameless cities of the Plain unless a check were put upon this recklessness. It is due to the city of Baltimore to say that a young man with rich parents who spends $5 a week in dissipation is held to be a very fast and dangerous person.

THE Grand Operatic Festival in Cincinnati is proving a financial success, though there is rather too much of it for real artistic work. Mad. PATTI fell back on a convenient sore throat on the opening night and failed to appear. The disappointment was great—the more so as the alleged indisposition was the result of one of the whims common to prime donne. It is expected before the week is out, that Mlle. DORINI will, to speak artistically, remove the tatter from the shrubbery. This young lady represents the highest type of musical culture attained by the Cincinnati College of Music. She is the gold medal pupil. In order to fit her for work this week she was sent out with the Mapleson Opera Company for rehearsal. She sang here last Saturday night in "Fidelio"—a part made famous by TIETJIENS and one strong enough for GERSTER. Of course it was only a rehearsal, but Mr. MAPLESON was cruel enough to charge $3 per seat to those who unwittingly played against the game. It is due to the young tyro to say that a worse operatic performance was never seen in this city. It was given on Saturday night and the company escaped before dawn. Mlle. DORINI has our best wishes, but we have lost respect for the Cincinnati College of Music.

WE regret to observe that our esteemed contemporary, the *Globe-Democrat*, is suffering from cerebral depression on account—we presume—of the recent strictures in the POST-DISPATCH touching the action of Judge MILLER in the KRING case. It is only upon this theory that we can account for the appearance of this sage editorial paragraph this morning:

> In a free country the right of private judgment is always liberally exercised on all questions affecting the privileges and immunities of the people. This right of course bears on the judicial as well as on the other branches of the Government, but those who fly out on the former on every occasion or pretext offered are liable to make mistakes. The accurate knowledge of legal principles is confined to a class, and flippant, off-hand discussion of them is not at all profitable. Judges once in a while make mistakes, yet it must be admitted that the conservation of the best interests of society depends upon judicial action. To attempt to break down or impair that action by ill-considered expressions is not the part of wisdom.

This is the pure juice of Wisdom, but if the able *ad interim* editor of the *Globe-Democrat* had been here last summer when his paper was belaboring Judge SHERWOOD, of our Supreme Court, on the head, on account of his action in the KRING case, he would have been mortified in the extreme. No judge on the bench ever received such a thorough keel-hauling from a lay brother, and it looked at one time as though the best interests of society would not be conserved worth a cent. For our own part, we have to say, that we love law and revere the judiciary, but we would like to see the man whose position is so lofty that we wouldn't point out his mistakes if they were made apparent to us. Judges of courts are human, and many of them are made out of very common material, as in the case of MILLER, the ex-Kentucky pill-peddler. The way to keep them from abusing their powers and committing blunders, is to admit a little flippant reproof occasionally from the unfortunate "class" which has been debarred the privilege of absorbing "accurate knowledge of legal principles." "For this are we doctors."

THERE is a bill before Congress to pay the sum of $100,000 to CELESTIN BOGUCKI, ROSALIE LENCZEWSKI (born BOGUCKI), FILIPINA WITKOWSKI, and SABINA VILLAUME (born WITKOWSKI). These worthy people with bric-a-brac names, are said to be the only surviving heirs-at-law and personal representatives of Count CASIMIR PULASKI, who was killed at Savannah in the struggle for Independence. The bill proposes to pay the persons named $100,000 "in full of all debts, demands and claims against the United States on this behalf, as well as for any pension or gratuity as for compensation on account of services rendered." Our nation can never be too grateful to PULASKI, and if his poor old mother and father were alive we would be in favor of making them a liberal donation. The sacrifices which he made one hundred years ago in behalf of the cause of Liberty do not bear very heavily upon his living descendants, and it seems to us that if our generous Government should drop $100,000 into their laps it would be a little too smooth for them. We file our protest. Let the Government spend the money in erecting a monument to PULASKI'S memory in the City of Washington.

Mr. STILSON HUTCHINS, of the Washington *Post*, gave a grand banquet at Willard's Hotel, Washington, last Saturday evening, to all the newspaper correspondents and local journalists of the Capital. Among the distinguished gentlemen present, were Col. JOS. RICKEY, of Missouri, and Capt. JAMES B. EADS. We fear that our friends of the *Republican* will regard the presence of Col. RICKEY and Capt. EADS at a banqueting board presided over by Mr. HUTCHINS, as an act of treason. Of course we have as much faith in Capt. EADS now as we ever had, but there is no hope, we fear, for his enterprises pending in Congress. The *Republican* will incontinently withdraw its support and countenance from him, and he will have sorrowful cause to bemoan the day that he ever thrust his shins under Mr. HUTCHINS' mahogany—notwithstanding the fact that he enjoyed the society of distinguished journalists, actors and statesmen and that he was given an opportunity to recite with great feeling a beautiful poem entitled "He and She."

SENATORS SMITH and RIDDLEBERGER, of Virginia, are in the midst of a hostile correspondence, which will probably result in bloodshed before to-day's sun sends the long shadows slanting toward the Orient. It appears that Mr. RIDDLEBERGER said that Mr. SMITH was a charter peddler, and that Mr. SMITH intimated that Mr. RIDDLEBERGER'S patron saints were the firm of ANANIAS and SAPPHIRA. The weapons chosen will probably be nailgrabs, and the hearts of the two chevaliers will be torn out with all the glory and gore which should attend the ordeal by combat.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call upon merchants desiring rates or information about advertising in the POST-DISPATCH.

PERSONAL.

—The President's tall young son is nicknamed "Prince Arthur."

—There is a rumor that Prof. John L. Sullivan, of Boston, will be invited to a chair of calisthenic culture at Harvard.

—Baldwin, the defaulting cashier of the Mechanics' National Bank, of Newark, is to be detailed as Librarian in the State prison at Trenton.

—Daniel Webster's second wife has sent a letter of pleasant acknowledgement to a New Haven school. She was a Miss Caroline Leroy, and now lives at New Rochelle, N. Y.

—It is announced that Maud S. will not trot against time any more, and John Sherman says he is tired of political life. Road Commissioner Hayes appears to be about the only distinguished Ohioan on deck for next season.

—Tourgee is tired of the competence he has secured as a book writer. He has commenced the publication of an illustrated literary weekly. The title might fittingly be drawn from the best known of the gentleman's books.

—Gen. Hancock had a genial but not a quiet time at Little Rock. He was banqueted and compelled to make a speech, in which he said: "I am really an old Arkansas gentleman. I first came to this state thirty-eight years ago, although I may not like to acknowledge it, at which time I crossed the Ozark mountains to attend the wedding of Gen. Abe Buford, who, I see, has joined the church and retired from the turf."

Our Valentine.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Good morning, Mr. Editor,
'Tis only half past nine,
And, as I'm not a creditor,
I hope you will be kind.

Now open this and do not fear,
Your tailor bill to find;
It never comes but once a year;
'Tis but a Valentine.

And now, Dear Sir, pray tell me,
Do you know who I am?
I think you'd like to know me,
So guess, Sir, if you can.

Now, this much I will tell you:
I am not tall nor small;
My eyes are neither grey or blue;
I wear nothing false at all.

You handsome are and witty,
I'm given to understand;
But good gracious what a pity
You are a married man.

Editors who are not witty,
Are very hard to find.
And to you who are so pretty,
I send a Valentine.

Feb. 14, 1881. A. R.

A Public Benefactor.

St. LOUIS, February 10, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

For the welfar of the st Louis citizen, will you please be so kind as to published these feaw words in your paper just for the welfar of the city

Notice to the st Louis citizen

no more sickness nor Doctor Bills to pay if yous will do as yous ar all advice for to do if vous all wannt to Keep sickness out of yous houses dont have aney paper on the walls for the paper is A regular den of sickness but if yous wonnt to be healthy and Keep sickness out get your houses whitened frome tope to bottom, that is ceiling an walls whitening is the purer an healthiest material in the world, for the first coat contain some Lime which is the purest material ever found so by whitening your house twice ayear yous will shurly keep the smol pox Out an all other sickness.

Your most etc
Dr M G H
from new york

[We would regret very much to do injustice to a worthy medical man from New York City, but this looks like the low scheme of some talented white-washer to start a spring boom in his line of business. –ED. P.-D.

Justice to the Boston Prize-Fighter.

CAIRO, ILL., February 12, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

John L. Sullivan, while passing through here last Friday night en route to Chicago, requested me to convey to you, personally, a denial of the statement contained in your New Orleans special of Thursday's issue. He states positively that the charge that he was on a drunken carousal must have been prompted by malice, as there was no ground whatever upon which to base it. Madden, his trainer, Farrell, McCoy and every member of his party sustain him in this.

Yours, etc.,
W. P. SMYTH.

For the Prevention of Quackery.

ST. LOUIS, February 15.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

You are so well read, I want to gain some knowledge as follows: What penalty, if any, is attached to the law prohibiting a man from practicing medicine in St. Louis without a diploma? Can he do so with impunity? Is that the meaning of the decision of the Appellate Court in the Baber woman case and the Herbalist?

EMPYRACIST.

[Under the city ordinance, any person who attempts to practice medicine in St. Louis without a diploma can be fined —ED. P.-D.

How Good St. Valentine Is.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

ST. LOUIS, February 15, 1882.

Please publish in your valuable column concerning one of our St. Louis Belles Miss Ella Driscoll received seven beautiful valentines, one of which is inlaid in blue satin, another in red satin flowered in the most elegant style, two of which came across the river Rhone, from France. I hope this will encourage other gentlemen and think of their Valentine.

By her encircling friend, and constant subscriber of the POST DISPATCH.

Dry Goods Euphemy.

ST. LOUIS, February 15, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Apropos of the "saleslady" controversy, it is a fact that some houses carry the absurdity so far as to speak of their "fore-lady." The "fore gentleman" is yet to be heard from.

THACKERY, JR.

Only Room for One.

From the Carrollton (Mo.) Democrat.

There is room in such cities as St. Louis for one such paper as the POST DISPATCH, and but one. The peculiar and particular mission of the P.-D. is to set down on everything and everybody it does not like, and in this way, by doing thorough work and putting in full hours each day, keeping the crooked public in a delightful state of anxiety as to where lightning will strike next. As a voluntary missionary in the boundless fields needing reform in that city, the P. D. is a success, besides throwing in, by way of good measure and pleasant variety, the latest current news up to date.

Deacon Smith Remarks.

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

The 306 medals weigh only a pound each. Iron is cheap—why not have made them fifty-six pounds? Such a medal suspended by an iron collar would have been fitly expressive of the action of those who thought that this Republic had reached that point to which all Republics have traveled—when it should cease the practice of changing its President and should accept a Cæsar.

The Only Instance.

From the Chicago Tribune.

Only in the case of Mr. W. H. English, of Indiana, has it been held permissible for the corpse to give evidence as to the manner of his taking-off.

A Lasting Body.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

It is understood the present Ohio legislature will sit as long as the furniture lasts.

Encouraging to Political Surgeons.

From the New York World.

The success of the Philadelphia surgeons in removing a seventy-five-pound woman from a 110 pound tumor should encourage our Republican friends to go and rid their party of its rings and its rascals.

A Good Idea.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

Before Robeson is allowed to flirt around and fool with a new navy, he should be searched for the remains of the old one.

CUPID'S CAPTIVES.

Marriage between Miss Marie Boisliniere and Mr. L. V. Carton.

At 5:30 o'clock this afternoon, Miss Marie Boisliniere, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Boisliniere, will be married to Mr. Lawrence V. Carton, of this city. The ceremony will take place at the church of the Immaculate Conception, corner of Jefferson avenue and Lucas Place, Father O'Riely officiating, assisted by Father Bonacum, the Right Rev. Bishop Ryan being one of the invited guests. The church has been beautifully decorated with plants and flowers for the occasion and innumerable wax candles will burn upon the altar. There have been 600 invitations issued for the church. The relations and intimate friends, numbering about 200, have been invited to the house, where the happy couple will receive the congratulations of their friends until 10 o'clock, when they will leave for an extended tour through the East. The marriage will be conducted in English style. The ushers, in full dress suits, will precede the bridesmaids into the church; the bride, upon her father's arm will meet the groom with his best man, Mr. R. R. Cain, at the chancel. The ushers are Mr. Jasper Smith, Mr. Will Carton, the groom's brother, Mr. Louis Boisliniere, the brother of the bride, and Mr. Bakewell. They will be followed by two lovely little girls, Miss Pauline Boisliniere and Miss Turner, bearing baskets of flowers.

The bridesmaids are Miss Boisliniere, Miss Louise Boisliniere, Miss Alice Carton and Miss Van Shroeder.

The bride's dress is of ivory-tinted satin trimmed with deep puffs and pleatings of the same. Over this will be worn a long court train of moire falling in deep plain folds from the waist; the corsage is cut high and finished at the throat with frills of duchess lace, long close fitting sleeves, over which mousquetaire gloves will be drawn. The long tulle veil will be confined to the hair with orange blossoms; the garniture of duchess lace will be caught by the same fragrant flowers.

The bride's maids dresses are of Paris muslin, long full train, the skirt trimmed en tablier, with a number of tiny knife-pleated ruffles; the train is finished with a rose pleating of the muslin; the over skirt, very bouffant, is confined at the sides under the rose pleating. A Spanish waist of muslin cut square, filled in with illusion and confined at the waist by a broad muslin sash completes the dress. The distinguishing feature of each toilet will be in the color of the garniture of ribbons, which, formed into a cascade, ornament the front of the dress, waist and sleeves. The bridal presents are numerous and very handsome.

WORRELL-CONRAD.

Mr. Frank M. Worrell, of St. Louis, connected with the hardware firm of Shapleigh & Co., will be united in marriage this evening at 6 o'clock to Miss Cornelia, only daughter of Capt. Conrad, Father Kielty, of the Church of the Holy Angels, officiating. The only bridesmaid, Miss Constant, is of Moberly, Mo.; the groomsman, Mr. Francis Conrad, is the brother of the bride. The floral decorations are very handsome. The pictures and chandeliers are wreathed with smilax. A large horse shoe of cut flowers is suspended at one end of the long drawing-room, while at the other end is the marriage bell, under which the bridal couple will stand during the ceremony. The dining-room is also beautifully decorated, and a delightful repast will be served by Sides. After the ceremony they will receive their friends until 10 o'clock.

The bride's dress is of cream white satin, made court train, trimmed en tablier with puffs and pleatings of the satin; the long train is made with watteau pleats at the back, falling in long, straight folds, finished with Spanish lace around the bottom and extending up the sides; basque corsage, cut en point and edged with a fall of Spanish lace; surplice front piled with lace and caught with a diamond brooch; solitaire diamond pendants. The bridal veil is of tulle, confined to the hair with orange blossoms. The bouquet du corsage and garniture of the draperies will be of the same flowers. She will carry a bouquet of white buds and lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid's dress will be of white satin, short, trimmed with box-pleatings and puffs of the satin around the bottom, pointed overskirt trimmed with Spanish lace, plain basque corsage cut high, short sleeves trimmed with lace, garniture of natural flowers and pearl ornaments. She will carry a basket of flowers. The bride has received a number of beautiful and costly presents. They will remain for the present guests of Capt. Conrad.

Interesting Border Story.

SNAP—The enterprising firm of W. D. Smith & Co., publishers, 27 Bond street, New York, have just issued, under the above title, the most readable border story of the day. Written with a free pen—the faults of which are entirely hidden in the ever-changing fascinations of scene and incident—the writer has given, in a short narrative, an agreeable surprise. The characters which generally figure in border heroism will be found in this book in the most pronounced cast, but the reader will look in vain to discover them fashioned as of old. The manner in which they appear upon the scene is refreshing, after so much of overwrought romance, and the scene, by the way, is set apart from ordinary legends, wherein is enacted the early troubles of border trade. The plot is set to the west dramatic method, and the work could be divided into three distinct episodes or books. Each are constructed with plot and counter-plot, humor and pathos, type and foil, with here and there a chance expression of sentiment. All are held together by an unbroken thread, and thrown out sharply from a back ground of mystery to complete a strongly appointed drama. The author begins by giving woman her proper sphere in the activities of border life, and upon this turns the motive of the work, out of which is woven a touching and inspiring moral. Happily and at last the Indian is seen, not as a demi-god, but purely a savage as he is, and the treatment of the problem of his past and future is strong, sensible and timely. In compact form, within sound of the whip snap, will be found all of every guise who took part long ago in the strife of the early far west settlements, and it is brimful of stirring action. There is hardly a dull page between the covers, and the story will hold the reader closely wrapt from beginning to end, to leave upon his mind a very pleasant impression. Sold in extra cloth, 12mo; retail price, $1; liberal discount to the trade.

A Glove Contest.

Two young fellows named O'Brien and Williams had a lively glove contest at Tom Kelly's saloon this morning. Williams had been down to see the prize-fight, and this morning's match grew out of a discussion of Ryan and Sullivan. A small amount was wagered on the result. and the men had a rattling set-to, lasting thirty-seven minutes, O'Brien being the winner. The whole matter passed off very amicably, and was witnessed by a large crowd.

REV. W. R. HENDERSON of Harrodsburg, Ky., visited the rooms of the Presbyterian Board of Publication this morning. He leaves for home this evening.

VALENTINE Cards in profuse quantity.
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets, St. Louis.

ANYTHING BUT A LAMB.

An Aggrieved Young Wife With a Shocking Tale of Misery.

A prayer for divorce was entered to-day by Cecelia against Thomas P. Lamb. The Lambs do not appear to have had a very pleasant time of it, judging by the allegations of the wife. They were married in this city November 22, 1874, and continued to live together until February 11, a few days since, when Mrs. Lamb finally resolved to appeal to the court for redress. She states that at all times during the marriage she conducted herself in a becoming manner and was a good and faithful wife, giving her husband no cause for the cruel treatment, which is mentioned in detail. Mrs. Lamb alleges that her husband has acted towards her in a most barbarous manner; that in December last at the family residence, 825 Summit avenue, her husband assaulted her and attempted to kill her by firing a pistol at her. Furthermore, she alleges that a few days since her husband whipped her and struck her several blows in the face, and in that way drove her from home to the shelter of friends for the night. The following day Mrs. Lamb went back home, but her husband, she alleges, renewed his threats to kill her, and she was forced to seek protection from some gentlemen boarding in the house, and subsequently she caused her husband to be arrested, fearing that he would take her life. Mrs. Lamb further complains that her husband has been constantly in the habit of coming into her presence and the presence of friends and acquaintances in a state of gross intoxication, and would behave in such an unseemly manner as to cause her deep shame and humiliation. Her husband frequently told her that his attentions were given to another woman and that he did not care anything for her. The prayer closes with an application for the custody of the children, Edward, 5 years of age; Laura May, 2 years old, and Willie, 14 months. Alimony is likewise prayed for.

New Buildings.

A $500 brick office is to be erected on the north side of Salisbury street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, by Dr. Wm. Galich.

Permission was given H. Stuckenberg to erect a two-story brick dwelling, to cost $2,800, on DeKalb street, between Barton and Victor streets.

P. Huchsold received a permit to build a two story frame dwelling on Broadway, between Water and Espenchied streets. Cost is estimated at $600.

F. Grafustein is to expend $2,800 in the erection of a pair of two story brick dwellings on the east side of Gravois road, between Victor and Sidney streets.

The north side of Destrehan street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, is the site of a two-story brick dwelling, to cost $1,500, and to be built by Wm. Heminghaus.

A permit was granted St. Mark's congregation to erect a one-story brick dwelling to cost $1,000 on the Gravois road, between King's Highway and Pennsylvania avenue.

A one story brick dwelling is to be built on the south side of St. Ferdinand street, between Goode and Pendleton avenue, by the Laenburg Bros. Cost is estimated at $1,000.

A permit was given the Lauenburg Bros. for the purpose of erecting a one-story brick dwelling, to cost $1,000, on St. Ferdinand street, between Goode and Pendleton avenues.

The Markets Still Drop.

The underpinning was again knocked out from under the market to-day and there was another severe drop in price. It went down without any effort at all—simply demoralized, without a friend in the world to lend a helping hand. Everyone wanted to sell, and as all the other markets were dropping fully as rapidly as our own, there was nothing in sight that would act as a stay to the decline. Reports from other leading markets were of a most depressing nature. Everywhere declines and reports of failures were heard on every hand. Several prominent houses in Chicago, Toledo, New York and elsewhere were said to have gone to the wall, and the feeling of apprehension excited here by these reports helped greatly toward tumbling prices down. The decline in wheat was 3c to 5¼c, and in corn 1@2c per bushel. During the forenoon session no one was heard of as being in trouble, but the afternoon was looked forward to with apprehension, as margin calls were expected to be heavy, and someone might get squeezed out.

ABOUT TOWN.

No arrests in the Third Police District since midnight.

THE Iron Mountain train No. 2 was four hours behind table time this morning.

FORTY-FIVE meat-shop cases will be called up in the Second District Police Court to-morrow morning.

JAMES HARKINS, a destitute old man from Cairo, Ill., was forwarded to Poplar Bluffs at Union Depot this morning.

THOMAS ARTHUR died suddenly while eating breakfast, at No. 805 Cass avenue this morning. The coroner was notified of the case.

A GRAND carnival ball will be given Saturday evening February 18, 1882, at Armory Hall, by the Societa d'Unione e Fratellanza Italiana.

THE Bain Zouaves will give a hop Friday, 17th, at Merchants' Exchange Hall. The military will attend in full uniform. Dancing will continue until 2 a. m.

HON. A. L MORRISON, of Chicago, has accepted an invitation to speak at the Mercantile Library Hall Sunday evening, March 5, the anniversary of Robert Emmet.

A GRAND fancy dress ball will be given next Saturday evening at the Natatorium from 8 to 12 o'clock. A merry crowd on skates is expected, as every arrangement for a grand affair has been made.

THE Big Twelve Fishing Club will meet next Saturday evening at their rooms, corner of Twelfth and Morgan streets, to reorganize for the season. An ichthyophagous lunch will be served on that evening.

RICHARD O'BRIEN, of No. 1564 Columbus street, is looking for an Italian who confidenced him out of $1. The swarthy operator contracted to deliver a wash-wringer worth $7 50 after the first installment of $1. He received the money and has not been seen since.

FRED. WEINECKE, aged eleven years, left his home on Caroline and Page avenue yesterday afternoon in company with Alex. and Harris Burns and has since been missing. He is described by his anxious parents as having brown hair, fair complexion, grey suit, knee breeches, red stockings and copper toed boots. His disappearance was reported to the police to-day.

A NEGRO man named McGinnis, who lives in the neighborhood of Groove street and Kossuth avenue, has been suffering for a year with abscess of the liver. On Saturday last Dr. Summa performed an operation for his relief, Dr. Louis Bauer and several students witnessing the same. The needle of an aspirator was plunged into the seventh intercostal space just above the eighth rib. A quart of bloody pus was drawn off and the patient instantly relieved. He is doing well, but the operation will probably be repeated.

Vienna Zwieback.

Prepared only by the Vienna Model Bakery, Eighth and Walnut. For sale by all grocers.

THE suit of the Provident Savings Institution, against Frederick Davis, for the payment of a note for $123 60, was called before Justice John Young at three o'clock this afternoon.

"RICHES HAVE WINGS."

Some of the Old St. Louis Fortunes That Have Vanished.

The Olden Millionare Families of the Future Great.

Mullanphys, Blows, O'Fallons, Soulards, Wiggins, Lindells and Others.

One Generation Accumulates and the Next Dissipates.

"It is a very mournful thing," said a veteran barrister a few days ago, "to look back and contemplate the families who used to rank as the leaders in fashion and fortune in this community and then think how most of them have faded out, rusted away; many of them ruined by extravagance and dissipation. Thus while money is a good thing for a man to leave to his children, it is the very worst thing in the world to do when they have not a proper appreciation of its value and uses. A young man whose life is devoted to selfish pleasures and enjoyments and whose whole duty is embraced in methods of "killing time" is of but little service to himself or to the community, and it is only a question of time that the wolves will have all of his substance. This is demonstrated every day, and it certainly should teach a valuable lesson to parents as to the grave necessity of bringing up their children in a practical manner and with an idea of the requirements and duties of life."

A RETROSPECT

called to mind some of the most valuable of estates in years gone by, and an estimate was made that there are not one-half the number of enormously rich men as there were years ago. That is to say that notwithstanding the wonderful increase of the city of St. Louis in every way, there is but one actual millionaire to two that existed in olden times, and of the former great estates there scarcely remains more than one or two that is not dissipated and scattered.

"How do you account for this state of affairs?" asked a POST-DISPATCH reporter of a lawyer who is particularly well posted in matters pertaining to real estate.

"Well, partially to the extravagance of heirs, but chiefly to the statutes of this state against entails, and also those regarding decents and distributions."

THE LINDELLS.

The great Lindell estate was the result of the work and fortunate speculations of two old bachelors Jesse and Peter Lindell. Their deaths resulted in their enormous fortunes, amounting to about eight or nine millions, going to collateral reletives and in regard to the [illegible] of Jessse Lindell there always a question as to his [illegible] a will. Hon. Edward Bates always [illegible] that he had madea will, but be this [illegible] it was never found, and the property went to his kin as provided for in law. [illegible] Thatcher, a relative by marriage, was the most fortunate of the heirs, and has probably more of the property at his command than any of the others. The Lindell stock has died out, and future generations will know of the famous old familyby name only. About the last of the immediate family were the well-known young men Alf and Jesse, whose deaths occurred within a very brief time. Jesse was broken down in health, through dissipation, and had gone to New Mexico to recuperate, but while there went the way of all flesh. Alf was a young man, well known about town, and if he had not been born with a silver spoon in his mouth would have been a very good member of society, having many popular and admirable traits. As it was, he devoted his time to running through his means, and what remained of his brother's estates went to others, members of the family by marriage.

THOS. J. PAYNE

was at one time one of the most notably wealthy men in the west, and he was quoted as one of the Crœsuses of the day. Even during the panic of 1836, during which he lost fearfully, he was able to weather the storm and came out with something left. Of a once magnificent estate there is not a vestige left, and but few of the present residents of the city are aware that such a man ever existed.

THE BENOISTS.

Louis A. Benoist's estate was estimated to be worth $2,000,000. Upon his death, however, this was divided between an enormous family, he leaving twenty-three children; each getting about $100,000. Some of the sons devoted themselves assiduously to getting rid of their wealth in various ways. Some had expensive tastes in the shape of horse flesh, while a suit now filed in the Circuit Court shows how one of the confiding young men says he lost his fortune."

This matter is fresh in the public mind, and there is no need to recount it. No considerable portion of this once magnificent property remains together, and it is not to be quoted any longer as one of the great estates of the time. Several of the sons are in business, and are hard-working and useful members of society.

THE O'FALLONS.

John O'Fallon was one of the warmest hearted and finest gentlemen this city has ever been graced with. His estate reached in round figures $10,000,000, being chiefly in real estate. Upon his death his property was well divided up amongst his relatives. The largest portion went to his oldest son, James O'Fallon, this being $1,500,000. This gentleman was under the influence of a chimeracal politician named Hatch, and his fortune was dissipated in schemes of no practical value. Some of the heirs were prudent and have their means intact. Others of the boys have some very lively blood circulating amongst them, and have been concerned in several escapades about town, which have made them prominent.

DANIEL W. PAGE

was at one time an enormously wealthy man, but lost his property through one way or another until he got down to actual poverty. A constable levied on his horse and buggy while he was driving through a street, and Mr. Samuel Gaty repurchased it and sent it home to him. His son-in-law, W. T. Coleman, is in San Francisco, a wealthy man, and his other son-in-law, Henry D. Bacon, went into the banking business and prospered. Mr. Page's estate was estimated to be worth at one time $8,000,000.

THE SOULARDS

were an enormously wealthy family in the lower part of the city. The property has been scattered among a very numerous family and as an estate it cuts no very great figure. The Soulard's however are a very circumspect and high-bred family and are comparatively easy in circumstances.

MR. WM. CHRISTIE

owned enormous tracts of land in North St. Louis, which were very valuable. The heirs ran through their fortunes as a rule, getting rid of them as soon as possible and by the most expeditious ways. There are a number of them in the city yet, but they are not ranked amongst the wealthy ones. The family is an old and good one.

THE CHOUTEAU'S.

The Chouteau estate is well divided up, but the family is splendidly circumstanced, having taken excellent care of their means. The Maffit and Chouteau branches of the descendants of Henry Chouteau are noted as being amongst the richest people in the Mississippi Valley. The ownerships of Iron Mountain is in this family and it is a source of great revenue. The estate is in no one of its parts, however, equal to its former greatness.

JOHN THORNTON

was an eccentric man who was very wealthy. He was a bachelor and exceedingly miserly in his ways. He would lunch off a herring and a cracker with the top of a barrel for a table, and it was estimated that a suit of clothes would last him a dozen years. This property suffered diminution, and yet there remained a surplus of $575,000, which he willed to the Catholic Church. Some of his collateral relatives came on from the East to contest this will, but the matter never got into court, and the case was adjusted satisfactorily. After a very heavy loss one time, inflicted by an injudicious handling of his money, Mr. Thornton attempted suicide by cutting himself across the abdomen with a knife. The wits of the day took this up and used to say, "Thornton swallowed a picayune and wanted to get it out."

ANDREW CHRISTY

was at one time the owner of an enormous estate. At his death he left $1,000,000, which was scattered and dissipated through various channels.

THE MULLANPHYS

was one of the largest and most notable of all the old properties and was worth about $7,000,000. The founder of this estate was the famous John Mullanphy, a public spirited and liberal hearted man, who was the founder of the Mullanphy emigrant fund and Home, which has done untold good for many years, although at present much of its efficiency is impaired by the red tape method of transacting matters. His son, Bryan Mullanphy, was an eccentric, and in 1847 was the Mayor of the city. He inherited much of the liberal qualities of his father, and at one time donated one-third of his estate to the city. An amusing story is told of this member of the Mullanphy family. At one time both Thornton and himself were confined in the Sisters' Hospital for treament for mental disorder. Sometime after a bill was presented to Thornton and the matter got into court, Mr. Chas. Gibson, the well-known lawyer, being counsel for Thornton. While the latter was on the stand, he was cross-examined in this wise: "Why were you confined in the asylum?" "Because I was crazy." "Was Mr. Mullanphy crazy?" "Certainly he was." "How could you tell that?" "Well, one day the sisters allowed us to go out buggy-riding, and going along Fifth street Mullanphy said he was going to put the horse on a dead run and see how close he could come to the oxen-carts, with which that street was always crowded. He did so, and lashed the horse to full speed, and we went flying along, and several times we came within an ace of being dashed to pieces against the passing vehicles. I was frightened nearly to death, and I made a vow that I would never again ride in a buggy;" and he never did. Miss Ann Mullanphy, daughter of John Mullanphy, married a Maj. Biddle, who was afterwards killed in a duel with Mr. Pettis, fought at Bloody Island. Indeed, both principals fought at five paces. The widow, Mrs. Biddle, built a female orphans' asylum upon her husband's death, and gave away enormous sums in charities of various kinds. She built a number of charitable institutions and and even gave up her fine residence in the cause of mercy. Major Biddle and his noble wife now rest together, and the inclosed monument at Tenth and Biddle streets is an interesting remembrance of the good works done in life. The property of the Mullanphy family is divided up well and is in good hands. Gen. Harney married a lady in this family; Chas. Chambers another; Major Frost, grandfather to R. Graham Frost, another, and these families are all well endowed with worldly goods.

THE CARRS.

The famous Carr estate, which was accumulated by the work of Judge Wm. C. Carr, was another handsome property. This was divided up very fine amongst a very numerous family, and is no longer regarded as an important estate.

THE COLLIERS.

George Collier was the greatest of old time merchants, and by his business tact and perseverance gathered a large fortune together, while most of the old time millionaires got their fortunes by holding on to property until its value compounded and compounded. Mr. Collier made his by legitimate business methods. In this case the property fell to worthy heirs. The daughters of Mr. Collier were well married and the sons are prosperous business men.

ROBERT CAMPBELL

made an immense fortune through Indian trading. His three sons inherit this and as they possess enough of the thriftyScotch attributes of their father to take good care of it, it is apt to remain in the family.

WILLIAM RUSSELL

was one of the most successful land speculators the West has ever produced. His ventures were made in all parts of the country and were almost invariably successful, and at his death he left about $2,000,000. A large proportion of this went to Mrs. Thos. Allen, his daughter.

THE WIGGINS ESTATE

was a fine one, having been made by three brothers, Samuel, Charles and William Wiggins, out of their ferry. They owned two ferryboats and about 1,000 acres of land about half a century ago, and their interest grew with the Finally the owners of the company became alarmed at the bridge project and disposed of their rights. The money found various outlets, and William Wiggins, who had the largest portion of it, went at a good pace for a long time, and, being of a very free and warm-hearted disposition, gave away a great deal in one way or another. "Billy" was one of the most popular men about town and found no end of friends who were willing to accept his bounty. Of late he has devoted much of his time to hunting, being an ardent sportsman and of late he has been seldom seen in St. Louis.

BERNARD PRATT

was a man of very large property, and was at one time Mayor of the city. His estate was well divided up, and as such cannot be quoted as important. Mrs. Dr. Robinson, who died a short time ago, was a daughter of Mr. Pratt.

JOHN B. SARPY

was another representtaive of the old French element, and his possessions in real estate acquired a great value. He was also largely interested in the fur trade and made a great deal of money in that way. Col. Don Morrison married one of his daughters.

KENNETH MACKENZIE,

a very wealthy Scotchman, who succeeded well in trade and in real estate transactions, was credited with the possession of a large fortune at one time. This has been scattered in various directions and there is no remnant of it left in St. Louis.

THE BLOWS.

Henry Taylor Blow was a Virginian, and one of the most remarkable men that ever attained prominence in business and political circles in this state. He made vast sums of money in the white lead business and at his mining and smelting works at Granby. He married Miss Minerva Grimsley, and by her had a very extensive family. His fortune was a very large one, however, and upon his death several years ago he left large sums to each of his children. Some of his sons were very expensive livers, and Johnny, who was a very liberal and impulsive young man, lost no time in getting rid of his fortune. His early and untimely death was a matter of regret to his many associates. His brother, Peter Blow, is well known in the social world of St. Louis, and he also lived up to his fortune. Another of the heirs is interested in business at Granby, a[illegible] also the ladies of the family are quite wealthy in their own rights.

THE LUCAS FAMILY

is another example where enormous wealth has been gathered through the accumulated value on real estate investments. The family is of old French stock, and retains its possessions, although well divided up among the heirs of the late Judge Lucas.

So the chapter might be continued indefinitely. It is a curious page from the life of a city and yet is an example of what is transpiring generation after generation in every metropolis of America.

THE BANKS FRIGHTENED.

Too Much Money Lent on Falling Wheat.

The Situation Becoming Very Critical.

The situation on 'Change to-day was by no means less grave than yesterday, although no failures were reported during the morning. The prices of grain still dropped, although both provisions and cotton showed a better feeling and more confidence. Even the most conservative men upon the floor admitted that it would need but little to create a wild panic on the St. Louis Exchange, and that if it did come a great many strong houses would be carried down before they could realize on their resources. Prudent men are putting their business in order for a storm with all the diligence they can use, and upon every side there are signs which he who runs may read foreboding trouble. The worst is not over, despite the reassuring statements of a number of well informed people who are on the wrong side of the market.

"What do you think of the situation?" asked a POST-DISPATCH representative of a well-known bank cashier who was leaning over the bar around the call board chairs, and anxiously scrutinizing the black board.

"I think things are getting badly tangled, and I don't know but what the worst is to come."

"There is a good deal of suffering among the grain men."

"Look here, don't put me in the paper and I will tell you just what is going on."

"All right."

"You see those figures yonder?"

"You mean on wheat?"

"Yes. You see February wheat is $1.34 and March wheat $1.23¾. In other words, March is ten cents cheaper than February—in the natural course of trade it ought to be two and a half cents higher. In short, February wheat is 12½c a bushel higher than it ought to be. The banks, and our bank is no exception to the rule, have been lending money on wheat up to within four cents of its cash value, and taking the elevator receipts as collateral. Now the March figures show that the value of wheat is about ten cents less than its cash price, or in other words we have lent more than the value on the collateral offered to us, and it is still deteriorating. Do you see?"

"Certainly."

"Having done this, we are trying to retrace our steps, and correct our mistakes, and this strains the already strained situation still further. Of course, with brokers pushing for margins on one side and the banks trying to secure rash loans on the other, a man must have very easily convertible resources to stand the racket. The wonder to me is not that a few weak firms have gone up, but that a great many others have not followed in their path."

"Then the banks are gradually tightening their lines?"

"They must. If there should be a real out and out panic, of course, we could stand it, but it would make us dust around in a pretty lively fashion. I do not think that the gravity of the situation has been at all overrated."

"How do you account for the present fictitious value of February wheat as compared with March and April?"

"It is cornered, of course, and the people underneath the deal evidently mean to carry the stuff through at the present rate. I suppose they are able to do it. I understand Kehlor and one or two other very rich men are holding it up. It has cost them between $125,000 and $150,000 dead loss to carry it to the point where it is to-day, and unless I am very much mistaken they will drop $50,000 more before they realize. They can stand it, however."

"I suppose when this flurry it over you will not lend up to within 4 cents of the price of grain?"

"There is no telling. We will not for awhile, but where you have a lot of banks each with a pile of money to lend competition will get sharper and sharper till we get back to the old figures again, and perhaps pass them. To buy a million bushels of wheat now a man only needs $40,000; he can always get some fool bank to put up the other $1,260,000, and then hustle round for its money when things get into a snarl of this kind."

POPE'S PARALYSIS.

It Rather Interferes with the Performance at the Pickwick.

Pickwick Theater was comfortably filled last night to witness Mr. Gus Thomas' revised comedy, entitled "The Big Rise." One of the company was likewise well-filled. Mr. Ed. Pope, an amateur actor of some local reputation, was cast for the part of Robert Neal, "an honest lawyer." This character is one of the principal in the cast, the evolution of the story depending ing upon this part. The curtain was rung up promptly at 8 o'clock, and for the greater part of the first act everything went smoothly. The funny man (Mr. Alexander) and the villain (Mr. Garland) were the first to make their bow to the audience. Then the 'Squire (Mr. Gus Thomas) walked on in a marvelously artistic make up. Following him came the hard-hearted parent (Mr. Bardley) and the heroine (Miss Josie Bush) and the old lady who had ten years before jilted her lover in a spasm of jealousy (Mrs. Colby). The actors were "letter perfect" and were doing very well indeed. The two ladies seated themselves upon a lawn bench and exchanged confidences in the most charmingly natural manner; the villain candidly informed his audience of the schemes he had on foot to capture his partner's daughter; the squire told numerous anecdotes germane to the thread of the story; the cold parent declaimed his own heroscope of disaster; the ridiculous Irish woman (Miss Thomas) related, for the entertainment of her friends, the other characters, the experiences of her red-headed son and heir Teddy, with Professor Fowler, the phrenologist; presently the ladies and the funny man returned from the scene to make room for the entrance at the upper left hand wing, of the honest lawyer (Mr. Pope), whose first scene is a discussion with the villain, and the cruel father upon the subject of commercial integrity. The lawyer, it should be understood, is a gentleman of unusual discernment and has divined the villainss' scoundrelism. The discussion is a little involved and slightly metaphysical. It proved too much for Mr. Pope; the rain of elocution poured over him by the glib villain overcome him. He forgot his lines. He had been standing during the first moments succeeding his entrance, but when he found the villain was about to get the better of the argument he apparently made up his mind that he would have to begin the discussion ab novo. He accordingly seated himself on the garden bench which had been lately occupied by the ladies, and started afresh. The actors were unprepared for such a course; the villain's face assumed an expression of such amazement as legitimately it should only take on at the denouement when he is supposed to discover that all his plans "have gane aglee;" he cast an agonizing glance towards the prompter, and then honestly resolved to do his part manfully, took his cue and went on with the dialogue from the beginning again. Once more the discussion became animated and complicated, and once again Mr. Pope was floored at this point. Matters were becoming decidedly critical. The villain did not take advantage of his opponent's weakness of logic, but himself subsided into silence. The audience began to take in the situation, which was emphatically an awkward one for all concerned. An audible titter began to be heard. The management took a sensible view of the affair and rang down the curtain in the middle of the act. What was to come next then became an interesting conundrum for the front of the house. The audience were soon relieved. The management followed up their sensible action in shutting the heartrending spectacle of the dumbfounded. Mr. Pope and the other amateurs whom his defection had left in the lurch, by sending Mr. Charley Smythe to the front with the following announcement: "Ladies and Gentlemen: It is apparent that one of the members of the company is too much indisposed to go on with his part. In fact he is quite too sick to stand up. With your permission I will read his part, which I have never seen before. I trust you will grant me every indulgence in your power." Mr. Smythe's remarks were kindly received and an evident determination was manifested by the audience to make the very best of a bad state of affairs. The curtain was rung up again, the lawyer entered as before and for a third time the argumentative discussion between the lawyer and the villain was resumed. This time matters terminated as the author intended they should, to the utter discomforture of the villain. Mr. Pope's overcharged feelings at being left out of the cast may be better imagined than described.

THE connection of Henry Studniczka with the Leavenworth Sugar Company of Leavenworth, Kansas, was severed on January 2, by the Board of Directors of the company requesting his resignation, which was promptly accepted.

THE LEAVENWORTH SUGAR CO.

DETERMINED TAX-FIGHTING.

Riotous Refusal of Property Owners to Honor Bonds.

CORNING, N. Y., February 15.—In 1875 or 1876 the town of Greenwood, Steuben county, N. Y., with other towns, issued bonds for the construction of the Pine Creek and Hornellsville Railroad. These bonds the railroad company sold to outside parties to obtain funds to carry on the construction. After the road had been partially completed the funds gave out, and the company were unable to complete the work. The interest on the bonds came due, and, upon the non-payment thereof, the outside parties sued the town of Greenwood for the value of the bonds and interest, and the court decided that they were valid and must be paid. The matter was accordingly given to the tax collector for collection. He levied upon property, and attempted to make a sale. He was defeated by the taxpayers massing together and refusing to allow any bids to be made, threatening to kill the first person who should offer a bid. The sheriff of the county was called upon to protect the buyers and effect a sale, but as yet no sale has taken place, even though the sheriff and a large posse have been on the ground. The Governor of the state will be called on to furnish protection to the collector and the would-be buyers. Five or six attempts have been made to sell the property. The taxpayers claim they caused the bonds to be issued in good faith, but refuse to pay them unless the railroad is completed. They decline to recognize the judgment of the court declaring the securities valid. The taxpayers are well organized to the number of three hundred, and are capable of making considerable resistance. Last week an attempt was made to sell property for taxes. A watch was put up and an outsider bid $2. A rush was made for the bidder, and he was compelled to withdraw the bid. The sheriff and a large posse had their hands full to keep the mob from killing the man. There is great excitement in the county concerning the action of the taxpayers of Greenwood, many siding with them, claiming that as they issued bonds for a railroad they should have the road, and not be compelled to pay for what they have not received, claiming that it is purely a money-making matter to cheat Greenwood out of property, and that no railroad was intended to be built. The outside parties holding the bonds say they purchased them of the railroad company in good faith, and demand they be paid.

A LADY from Oregon writes—Dr. Benson: I think you should be presented with a chariot of pure gold, for your Celery and Chamomile Pills having proved such a blessing to thousands of sufferers with sick and nervous headache, neuralgia, nervousness and dyspepsia.

UNITED WORKMEN.

Second Day of the Grand Lodge—Adjournment Expected To-Morrow.

This morning at 9 o'clock the second day's session of the Grand Lodge of the A. O. U. W. began at Druids' Hall, Ninth and Market streets. The session was entirely taken up by the committee on laws and suspensions but they made no special reports. At 12 o'clock adjournment was called and at 2 o'clock the afternoon session was commenced. It is probable that the secret work will be exemplified this afternoon, and the work of the Grand body will end at noon to-morrow, Mr. D. H. Shields, M. D., Supreme Medical Examiner of the Select Knights, A. O. U. W., from Washington, D. C., arrived this morning.

St. Louis Legion No.1 Select Knights, A.O. U. W., will entertain a number of delegates this evening, and give them a grand banquet.

RAILROAD NEWS.

A. E. Touzalin, First Vice-President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy will be in St. Louis in a few days.

O. A. Haynes, superintendent of the machinery of the Iron Mountain Railroad, has removed his headquarters from Carondelet to DeSoto, Mo.

General Freight Agent Ripley of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy has just issued for the guidance of the employes in his department a handsomely printed volume of rules and regulations.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Your paper has proven itself the champion of suffering humanity. I am a young bachelor. I have been a chronic growler at the miserable food, abominable cooking and filthy condition of many of the so-called restaurants in St. Louis, but I have at last found a "picnic"—"Sam Ecker's is my spot." His new restaurant at 18 South Fifth street is the finest, neatest and best equipped establishment of the kind in the city. His meats and soups can't be beat and his prices are as low as reason will permit, while the private rooms for ladies and gentlemen up stairs are just "too utterly too too" for any use. Boys, just drop in at Ecker's Cafe and you will be delighted with the experiment.

Yours, "BACHELOR."

SPECIAL CLEARING SALE!
Great Bargains in
FURNITURE.

Anticipating a very busy Spring Trade, and to make room for improvements in our store preparatory for our New Spring Stock, we will for next

THIRTY DAYS
Offer a very large line of
CHAMBER AND PARLOR SUITS
at from 20 to 25 Per Cent Discount from regular prices.

We MUST have Room; and to accomplish this, we inaugurate this Special Sale of Good Furniture. Call early and secure bargains
BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

DIFFERENCE OF INTEREST.

The Hannibal and St. Jo Controversy With Missouri.

NEW YORK, February 15.—Vice-President Duff, of the Hannibal and St. Jo Railroad, says Judge Miller's recent decision in the suit of the road vs. the State of Missouri contains as much that is favorable to the company as unfavorable, and leaves the amount in controversy between the State and company a comparatively small one. He says the situation is as follows: The State has issued $3,000,000 of 6 per cent bonds in aid of the road. The road has paid the State three million dollars. The road claims the use of three million dollars by the State offsets the payment of interest of the State's bonds. The State claims it offsets only to the extent of interest actually earned on three millions. The question then becomes merely one of difference of interest. The State has a large amount of 6 per cent 5.20 bonds outstanding now subject to call or liable to be called within a very short period. The Missouri Legislature passed a law last winter for the purpose of appropriating this $3,000,000. That law required the State officers to apply it in redeeming these five-twenty bonds. The $3,000,000 can thus be used, the greater part of it immediately and the remainder of it within a very short time, in extinguishing the 6 per cent indebtedness of the State. I suppose the State officers will now, of course, comply with their own law, and that in the meantime there will be no claim against the railroad company, except for the difference of interest.

Too Much Gas.

Henry Ernstmyer, comes down from Chamois, Mo., to attend the convention of the Ancient Order of Workmen, in session at Druid's Hall. Last night he went to his room in the St. James Hotel, blew out the gas and composed himself for sleep. This morning the watchman found him lying speechless on the bed, unable to speak and about to die. Dr. Jackson, another delegate from Independence, Mo., was called in, and Dr. Parsons was sent for. After about an hour's work the man from Chamois was brought around, but he is still very sick. He will not be able to attend the convention to-day, but he says he is much wiser than he was last night.

Shaw's Patent Reclining Easy Chair
combines more of comfort, elegance and convenience than any other. Manufactured and sold only by BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO., Patentees.

"Tickled to Death."
This is said of those who, contrary to the advice and earnest admonition of every sewing machine canvasser in St. Louis, bought the $45 "Stewart-Singer" for $21 when, during the boom of April, 1881, upwards of 500 of them were sold by Jno. L. Stanage, 114 North Sixth street, and during four years upwards of 26,000 have been sold from his office. The tide is turned in favor of the "Stewart-Singer," because it leads all others with improvements—the latest being an automatic tension. But æsthetics buy the White, because it is fashionable among those who can afford a genuine luxury. General office 114 N. Sixth street.

A Card From Miss Branson.

The cause of my not singing at Dr. Snyder's reading last evening was severe hoarseness.

ADA C. BRANSON.

DRUNKENNESS and morphine habit positively cured with Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Double Chloride of of Gold Remedies. Treatise and Essay sent free. 414 N. Seventh street. P. D. Cordell, agent.

Plimpton's Patent Folding Bed.
The only practical folding bed made; combines perfect comfort with convenience and practicability. Examine them.
BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO., Sole Agents.

THE nuptials of Mr. Frank Worrall, of the Shapleigh-Cantwell Hardware Company, and Miss Cornelia M. Conrad, will be celebrated this evening at the bride's residence, 1505 Chouteau avenue. Rev. F. M. Keilty, of the Church of the Holy Angels, will officiate. The bride will be attended by Miss Constant, of Moberly; the groom by Mr. Francis Conrad. A reception will be held, to which the relatives and most intimate friends of the couple have been invited.

Cheval Glass,
Shaving Stands, Hall Stands, alias Hat Racks, Glass door Wardrobes, etc., etc.
BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

POPULAR PRICES

Carriage or Coupe for Party Call	$3 00
Carriage or Coupe for Theater Call	3 00
Carriage or Coupe for Calling, 1st hour	2 00
All succeeding hours	1 00
Carriages for Funerals	4 00
Hearse	8 00

The Finest Carriages in the city furnished at Lower Prices than any other stable.
Special attention given to funerals.

LOUIS C. BOHLE,
Livery and Undertaker.
GLOBE STABLE: 410 and 412 North Sixth Street.
ST. LOUIS STABLE: 610 and 612 North Eleventh Street. Carriage Office, Southern Hotel.

DIED.

CARSON—At his farm, near Troy, Mo., on the 14th inst., of pneumonia. JOHN B. CARSON, son of Jas. O. and Barbara Carson, age 29 years and 6 months.

CUNNINGHAM—On February 15, 1882, M. J. CUNNINGHAM, son of the late D. H. and Catharine Cunningham, at 7 a. m. aged 5 years, 3 months and 23 days.

The funeral will take place on Thursday, the 16th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, 2825 Sterling street, from thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. New Orleans papers please copy.

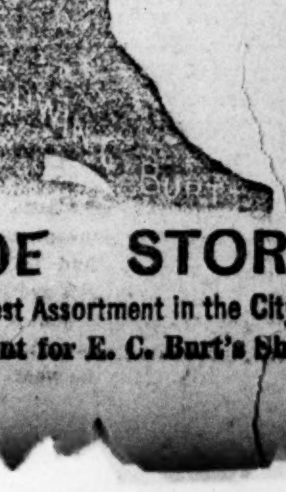
JACKSON—On 13th, EMMA GERTRUDE, infant daughter of Sidney P. and Mary M. Jackson, aged 1 year and twenty days.

Funeral services at the residence of Stephen Johnson, 3112 Bell street, at 2 p. m. Thursday, the 16th inst., thence to Bellefontaine Cemetery. Philadelphia papers please copy.

VAN STUDDIFORD—On Tuesday, the 14th inst., MAGGIE, fourth daughter of Henry and Margaret Van Studdiford, aged 73 years and four months.

Funeral from St. John's Church, Sixteenth and Chestnut streets, Thursday, the 16th inst., at 9:30 a. m.

MOUND CITY



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SHOE STORE.
The Best Assortment in the City.
Sole Agent for E. C. Burt's Shoes.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S. | POPULAR PRICES. 25, 35 and 50.
MATINEE AT 2—EVENING AT 8.
Every Evening and Saturday Matinee.
Prices, 25, 35 and 50 cents.
JAY RIAL'S
Majestic Revival
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
Powerful Double Company. Grand Scenic Effects. Mammoth Trained Bloodhounds. Trick Donkey. Jubilee Singers.
Monday, Feb 20—The Boston Theater Company, in the Grand Spectacular Drama. YOUTH.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
ENGAGEMENT OF
EDWIN BOOTH.
Supported by MISS BELLA PATEMAN, Barton Hill and a brilliant dramatic company, under the management of MR. HENRY E. ABBEY.
Wednesday evening, Feb. 15.
HAMLET.
Thursday, Feb. 16—FOOL'S REVENGE.
Friday, Feb 17—OTHELLO—Booth as Iago.
Matinee, Feb. 18—HAMLET.
Saturday, Feb. 18—SHYLOCK.
Next week—Mr. F. S. CHANFRAU as KIT.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
Wednesday Feb. 15.
LOTTA.
Last night of
MUSETTE.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
BOB.
Saturday Matinee Musette.
Sunday—DEACON CRANKETT.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Week Commencing Sunday, Feb. 12.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.
The Talented Artist,
Mr. Alexander Caufman
In his Grand Emotional Drama,
A LIFE'S MISTAKE.
A PEERLESS DRAMATIC COMPANY.
Sunday, Feb. 19—Barry & Fay's Muldoon Pic-nic Combination.

PICKWICK THEATER.
(Stoddard Addition.)
TWO GRAND CONCERTS.
Thursday Evening, Feb. 16.
Saturday, February 18, Matinee at 2 O'Clock
With the following great caste of the
Strakosch Italian Opera Troupe.
Under the musical direction of Professors EPPSTEIN BROS.
MISS ABBIE CARRINGTON, the charming American Prima Donna.
HERR THEODORE HABELMANN, the well-known and popular Tenor.
SIG. AUGUSTINO CARBONI, the most renowned Basso Buffo; first appearance in this city.
MISS CLARA JECKO, Soprano leggiero, who has just finished her musical education in Europe.
Admission, $1. No extra charge for reserved seats. Box sheet now open at Balmer & Weber's Music Store.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL,
LAST WEEK!
LAST WEEK!
Admission, 10 cents.
FRONT SEATS, 10 Cents Extra.
GEN. TOM. THUMB,
WIFE AND TWO HOURS OF FUN.
Remember this is positive ly the last week.

ATTENTION! SIR KNIGHTS! Prepare for Drill. The Templar Manual, Grand Encampment Edition, containing a comprehensive system of Tactics and Drill, with all ceremonies appertaining to the Orders of Knighthood. Address GEO. D. BARNARD & CO., 210 Washington Avenue.

ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE BENEFIT
—OF—
TRINITY CHURCH,
AT PICKWICK HALL,
Monday, February 20, A. D. 1882, at 8 o'clock. Admission, $1. Tableaux, Music, Refreshments, Etc.

Accurately adjusted by the BEST Practical Optician in the city.
Prices very low. Steel $1 00, Gold $5 00 per pair.
MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,
Fourth and Locust.
Elegant stock of Fine Opera Glasses.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A YOUNG man of 17 would like a situation in the ironmongery business; 3 years experience in mechanical drawing. Ad. C. 26, this office.

A FIRST-CLASS BARBER wants a shop on a steamboat that runs to Montana about the 1st of March. Ad. W. B., 521 Market st. c

A GENTLEMAN who lives at Springfield, Mo., wants a position as traveling salesman; best of refs. given. Apply immediately at Hamilton, Brown & Co's. c

A GENTLEMAN of large business acquirements and knowing city well desires to take collections on percentage or salary; first-class references. Address C. 2, this office.

A YOUNG man, many years' experience, situation as assistant bookkeeper, correspondent, solicitor; thorough dry goods man; best references. Address X., 916 Chestnut st. c

A YOUNG man wishes a situation to work in a wholesale house or to drive a grocery wagon delivery. References given. Address C. 75, this office.

A YOUNG MAN wishes a situation in a wholesale boot and shoe house to learn the business; good references from last employer. Address C. 91, this office.

DRUG CLERK, speaks German, best references, desires situation; no objection to leaving city. G. H. Brueckner, 1107 N. Ninth st. c

HOUSE-CLEANING, scrubbing, cleaning windows, carpets to take up and put down, and all kinds of general work wanted by one of twenty years' experience. Address Charles Sockman, 1217 N. Sixth street. c

SITUATION WANTED—By a young man 23 years of age, at anything where he can make an honest living. Address A. S. Blackford, 2909 Laclede ave. c

SITUATION wanted by experienced drug clerk with best refs. references, and speaking English and German. Address G. H. Bruckner, 1107 North Ninth street. c.

SITUATION of any kind wanted by a young man well acquainted in the city; speaks German and English. Address C. 62, this office.

WANTED—Young man wants work at anything, some knowledge of carpenter work. Ad. S. B. Whiteside, 1321 South Eighth street. c

WANTED—By a competent young man, situation as hostler. Ad. C. 90, this office

WANTED—A girl of 15 wants a situation to do light housework. Address 2302 Division street. Postals answered. c

WANTED—By a young man member Merchants' Exchange, having $1,000 to $2,000 cash, occupation for self and money; best city references. Address C. 70, this office.

WANTED—By a steady, reliable young man, a situation to take care of horses and carriage; willing to milk cows and do chores. Ad. C. 91, this office.

WANTED—A situation by a young man; writes a good hand; 5 years experience at office work. Ad. C. 25, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a youth of 16 in some wholesale house where there is a chance for promotion; best of references. Address C. 88, this office.

WANTED—A man of energy for a position where application will insure advancement and good salary. M. J. Downing & Co., 35 Singer building. c

WANTED—A situation by a young married man; some position of trust; speaks German and English; good references and security. Address C. 81, this office.

WANTED—A situation, by two young men, as firemen. Address H. Rogers, 813 North Seventh street. c

WANTED—By a competent man with good references, work at anything, clerical or otherwise. Address C 22, this office.

WANTED—Situation in retail grocery; 5 years experience; refs. given. Geo. E. Conch, 1119 Chestnut st. c

WANTED—A situation by a young German to drive a grocery wagon; got recommendation. Ad. C. 89, this office.

YOUNG man of 22 who understands care of horses wants situation as teamster. Address C. 28, this office.

YOUNG man wants situation in a private family to do any kind of work. Address C. 29, this office.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE
$25,000
CITY OF LOUISIANA, MO.,
6 Per Cent Funding Bonds, or any part thereof, at par and interest. For particulars address or call upon
WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
213 North Third St.

NELSON & NOEL,
Bankers and Brokers.
Northwest corner Third and Pine streets.
St. Louis, Mo.
Dealers in Investment Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Commercial Paper.
Money to loan on approved collaterals.
Missouri, Texas, Kansas, Arkansas and Illinois Municipal Bonds a specialty.

MONEY.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask.
Ex 6's of 1881	1881	Jan'y & July.	100¾	101
Ex 5's of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F.	102	102⅜
4½ per cent bds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	114¼	114⅜
4 per cent bds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	117⅝	118⅛

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1882	Jan. & July	100	103
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July		106⅜
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	109	112
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	114½	
Mo 5-20's of 1875 and 1876	1895-'98	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 5-20's of 1877	1867	Jan. & July	100½	

*ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1893-'94	Various.	113	114
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	117	118
City 6's, c'y	1886-'87	Various.	106	
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec 25	107½	109
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec 25	110	111
City water 6's	1892	April & Oct.	112½	114
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	106	108
County 6's, gold	1895-'96	Jan & July	115	117
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	119	
County 7's, c'y	1885	Jan. & July		108

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	106	107
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	111⅞	
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	120	124
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	108⅜	110
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	109	110
K. P. D. Ex 7s	1899	May & Nov.	108⅛	108⅜
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	103⅜	103⅜
M. L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	115	116

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$187	
Land warrants, 120 acres	137	
Land warrants, 80 acres	92	
Land warrants, 40 acres	45	
Clearings to-day	$2,707,317	
Balances to-day	298,290	

Closing New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by WM. C. LITTLE & CO., bankers and brokers, 213 North Third street. Stocks and bonds carried on margin in New York.

Canada Southern, 49⅝; Central New Jersey, 92⅞; Central Pacific, 89⅞; Chicago, St. P., M. & O., 34¼; do pfd., 100; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, 132; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy 134; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, 107⅜; Chicago & Northwest, 132⅞; Columbus, Chicago & Illinois Central, 9⅜; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 125⅜; Delaware & Hudson, 107⅜; Denver & Rio Grande, 67⅜; Lake Shore, 110⅛; Louisville & Nashville, ⅜; Memphis & Charleston, 67; Michigan Central, 85⅛; Missouri Pacific, 101⅛; Missouri, Kansas & Texas, 33⅞; Mobile & Ohio, 28; Manhattan Elevated, 56; New York Central, 130; Erie, 38⅞; Northern Pacific, 33⅜; Northern Pacific, pfd., 72⅜; Nashville Chattanooga and St. Louis, 76½; Ohio & Mississippi, 37⅜; Ohio Central, 18⅜; Ontario and Western 25; Pacific Mail 42½; Philadelphia and Reading 60⅜; St. Louis and San Francisco, preferred, 34¼; Texas and Pacific, 42⅛; Union Pacific, 117; Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, 31⅝; Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific—prfd, 58⅞; Western Union Telegraph Company, 80⅛.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, February 15.—Money 6. Prime mercantile 5@6. Bar silver 114⅛. Exchange steady; 84¾ long; 89⅜ sight. Governments unchanged, except 4s coupon which were ⅛ lower. States dull and slightly higher. Railroads weaker. Stocks—After 11 o'clock a decline of ⅛@2¾ was recorded in which Denver and Rio Grande, Wabash preferred and common Manhattan elevated, Texas Pacific, Lake Shore and Kansas and Texas were prominent therein. At noon there was a recovery of ⅛@⅛; 6s extended 100⅜; 5s 102½; 4½s 114⅜; 4s 118; Pacific 6s '95 127.

Rock Island	131⅜	Mar. & Cin.	....
Panama	190	first pfd	12
Fort Wayne	†134	second prfd	7
Pittsburg	131¼	B., C. R. & N.	80
Illinois Central	132	A. & T. H.	88
C., B. & Q.	‡134¼	prfd.	82
Chicago & Alton	130	W., St. L. & Pacific	30⅞
prfd	140	prfd	58
N. Y. Central	129⅝	Hannibal & St. Joe	94⅞
Harlem	†250	prfd	105
Lake Shore	109⅝	St. L. & San Fran	40
Canada Southern	51⅛	prfd	58⅛
Michigan Central	85⅛	first prfd	92
Erie	38⅞	C., St. L. & N. O.	75
prfd	76	Kansas & Texas	33¼
Northwestern	133	Union Pacific	116⅝
prfd	141½	Central Pacific	89⅛
St. Paul	108	Texas Pacific	42⅞
prfd	†122	Northern Pacific	33⅜
Del. & Lack	125⅛	prfd.	72¼
Morris & Essex	120⅞	Louisville & Nash	87⅛
Del. & Hudson	107¼	Nashville & Chat	75
N. J. Central	92⅞	L. & N. A.	70⅞
Reading	60⅞	Houston & Texas	84
Ohio	41⅛	Denver & R. Grande	66⅛
prfd ask	97	St. Paul & Omaha	34
Chesapeake & Ohio	23	prfd	100
first prfd	53	Buffalo, P. & W.	45⅜
second prfd	25	Memphis & C.	68
Mobile & Ohio	28	Western Union	79⅜
Cleve'd & Col	77⅛	Pacific Mail	41⅞
C., C. & I. C.	9½	Adams	145
Ohio Central	18	Fargo	124
Erie & Western	32½	American	91
Peoria, D. & E	29	United States	75
Ont. & Western	24⅞	Quicksilver	13
Ind., B. & W.	41	prfd	60

*Bid. †Offered. ‡Ex div ‖ Asked.

R. W. FOSTER. T. S. FOSTER, JR.
FOSTER & CO.,
COTTON,
Grain and Provisions.
Contracts for "Future Delivery" promptly executed in N. Y., N. O. and Chicago. 219 Chestnut Street.

R. R. MAGNUS,
Broker In
COTTON
Grain and Provisions,
223 CHESTNUT ST., ST. LOUIS.
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Brokers In
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COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING YESTERDAY.

	City	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	7,718	7,718	......	14,437
Corn	34,364	33,383	508	68,255
Oats	5,722	......	14,530	19,807
Rye	1,241	......	......	1,241
Barley	1,000		......	1,000

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	1,150,080	2,138,586	130,511	86,841	168,376
Yesterday	1,099,796	2,142,028	132,911	87,622	166,683
Feb. 16, 1881	1,527,375	2,140,357	89,359	41,448	56,722

Wheat—3 cars [illegible] 2 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 4 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 90 cars No. 2 red winter, 11 cars No. 3 red winter, 4 cars No. 4 winter, 1 car rejected winter. Total, 115 cars.

Corn—22 cars No. 2 white mixed, 36 cars rejected white mixed, 60 cars No. 2 mixed, 25 cars rejected. Total, 143 cars.

Oats—3 cars No. 2, 5 cars No. 2 white, 32 cars rejected. Total, 40 cars.

Barley—None.

Rye—1 car No. 2, 1 car rejected. Total 2 cars. Total, 300 cars.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour — Receipts 6,595 brls. Dull, lower and weak. We quote: Fancy $6 50@6 65; choice $6 05@6 25; family $5 75@6 90; xxx $5 30@5 45; xx $4 80@5 00; x $4 40@4 50; superfine $4 10 @4 25; fine $3 75@4 00; favorite brands 15@25 higher; patents $7 25@8 25.

Wheat—Receipts 3,869 sks, 46,800 bu. Broke completely down in price, without the slightest effort made to sustain them, the shorts having the market all their own way. Futures completely demoralized, closing at declines of ⅜c February and July, 4⅛c for March, 4⅜c for April, 4⅞c for May, 2⅛c for June, 2c for year. Grades dull at large declines. Spot No. 2 red sold at $1 32@1 34⅜; Feb. at $1 35⅜@1 35; March at $1 24⅜@1 23; closing at $1 20 asked; April at $1 25⅜@1 20⅜, closing at $1 21; May at $1 25⅜@1 20, closing at $1 20⅜; June at $1 18@1 15, closing at $1 15⅜ bid; July at $1 09⅜@1 08⅞; year at $1 05⅜@1 05; No. 3 red at $1 20 in C., $1 19 in St. L.; No. 4 offered at $1 12 E. side and unsold; No. 2 Mediterranean sold this side at $1 28 and No. 3 do at $1 20.

Corn—Receipts 240 sks, 67,500 bu. Declined heavily in sympathy with wheat and markets elsewhere, closing 1⅛c lower for March and May and ⅜c for April. Grades sold fairly to order buyers, but only at sharp declines. Spot No. 2 mixed sold at 55⅛@53⅞; March at 56⅛@55⅜, closing nominal at 54; April at 57⅜, but not worth over 57 late; May at 60⅜@57⅞, closing at 58⅜; June offered at 60⅜, no bid; July at 61, bid 60⅞. Spot No 2 white mixed sold at 64@⅜; May at 67⅛@68; June at 67⅜; rejected do at 59⅛ in E, 60 this side, 59 asked for E side; rejected at 51@50; no grade at 46.

Oats—Receipts 912 sks, 35,200 bu. Heavily lower and extremely dull and weak. Spot No. 2 sold at 51⅛ in E., 41⅛ for St. L., 40⅜ asked for U.; May at 42⅜, later offered at 41⅛; on call 41 bid for February; 42 for April. No. 2 white offered at 41 E side, with 42 bid for St. L.; 40 asked for rejected this side.

Rye—Receipts 12 sacks, 500 bu. Dead, dull and nominal. Grade No. 2 was saleable at 86c, and rejected at 84c.

Barley—Receipts —— sacks, 2,000 bu. Very dull and unchanged. We quote: rejected 60@70; medium 75@80; prime 80@85; choice to fancy 90@$1 05; Canada $1@$1 15.

Hay—Receipts 306 tons. The market had the dumps as bad as grain and suffered severely from weakness and depression. Sales this side—Prairie $11 50 for prime, $12@12 25 for choice; mixed $12 50; timothy $13@13 50 for prime, $16 50 for choice; East track, mixed $11.

Millfeed—Bran declined again, sacked selling f. o. b. at $1@99c.

Provisions weak and lower, with an extremely dull market. Standard mess pork jobbed at $18 f. o. b. E. side for spot, and March sold at $17 10; April offered at $17 37½, bid $17 35. Prime steam lard changed hands at 10.57½. Loose dry salt meats salable in a small way at about 6⅜ for shoulders, 9⅜ for long clear, 9.30 for clear ribs, 9.55 for short clear. Packed bacon short clear brought 10.65 early, but later small lots could not be placed at over 7⅜ for shoulders, 10.15@.20 for clear ribs and 10.40⅜ for short clear. S. C. hams 11⅜@13 for plain and canvased. Tallow 7@7⅜, according to quality; grease tallow 6⅜. Breakfast bacon 12@13. Grease 4@5 for brown, 5.@6c for yellow, 6⅜@8c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00 per brl; family $7 25 per half brl; dried 11⅜@13c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 00 per doz. Salt—Lake $1 60 per brl. Ground alum $1 15@1 20 per sack.

Highwines—Steady. Sales: 156 brls at $1 18; Cincinnati and Peoria $1 17; Chicago $1 19.

Lead—Lower, with a quiet market. Sales were reported at $4 94 for refined and $4 87⅛ for hard, all to be delivered. Spelter is still ready sale at 6c.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—February $1 23⅜ bid; March $1 22⅜; April $1 23⅜ bid; May $1 23⅜; June $1 17⅜; July $1 09 bid. Corn—February 52⅜ bid; March 55⅜; April 57 bid; May 59⅜ bid; July 61⅜ bid. No. 2 white mixed February 64 bid; March 66⅜ asked; April 68 asked; May 67⅜ bid. Oats—February 40 bid; March 41 bid; April 42 bid; May 43 bid.

CHICAGO.

Wheat March $1 18⅜; April $1 19⅜; May $1 23⅜; June $1 22⅜; year $1 04⅜. Corn—February 54⅜; March 54⅜@⅞; May 60⅜@⅞; June 60⅜. Pork—March $17 07⅜; April $17 35@17 37⅜; May $17 62½. June $17 75 bid. Lard—March $10 55; April 10 72½; May $10 85@10 85⅜. June $10 92⅜; Short Ribs—March $8 92⅜; April $9.02⅜; May 9 15; June 9 20 bid.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—March $1 22⅜@1 24; April $1 25⅜@26; May $1 26; June $1 25⅜; July $1 14⅜. Corn—February 59; March 60; April 61 asked; May 61⅜.

NEW YORK.

Futures—The market closed firmer. February 11.46; March 11.55; April 11.73; May 11.85; June 12.03; July 12.17; August 12.28; September 11.87; October 11.31; November 11.20; December 11.23. Sales 281,000 bales.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—February $1 34⅜; March $1 32⅜@1 33⅜; April $1 34⅜@⅜; May $1 34@⅜. Corn—February 67 asked; March 66⅜; April 68⅜; May 68⅜@⅜.

MILWAUKEE.

Wheat—February $1 18⅜; March $1 19⅜; April $1 20⅜; May $1 23⅜.

Cotton.

Spots, quotations revised, but middling still 11⅜c, though lower to sell. Sales 2,007 bales. New York quiet and unchanged at 11 9-16c. Liverpool easier, New Orleans quiet, Galveston irregular and Charleston quiet, all at 11⅜c. Mobile weak; New York dull and Wilmington quiet at 11⅜c. Savannah firm at 11. Boston dull at 11⅜c. Memphis quiet at 11⅜c.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Receipts to-day 641 bales, against 1,077 same day last year; since September 1, 315,720, against 278,266 last year. Shipped yesterday 1,123 bales, against 1,949 same day last year; since September 244,683, against 241,405 last year. Stock this morning, 79,262 bales, against 49,539 same time last year.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 6⅜d; Orleans 6 9-16d; sales 10,000 bales. Futures closed quieter. February and March 6⅜; March and April 6 13-32; April and May 6 15-32; May and June 6 17-32; June and July 6 19-32; July and August 6⅝; August and September 6 21-32.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery choice to fancy 44@46; seconds at 39@41; Dairy—Choice 35@36; fancy 37@39; prime 27@31; fair 20@25; low grade 13@18. Near by roll 18@20 to 21@24, as in quality; choice Northern 25@30.

CHEESE—We quote mild late make full cream 12⅜@14; sharp do 8@10; part skim 8⅜@10; inferior 4@6.

EGGS—Dull at 20@21 guaranteed strictly fresh; pickled old and doubtful lots not wanted.

POULTRY—Quote: Dressed turkeys 12 for extra large or rough, 13c for choice medium weights ₩ lb, chickens dressed $2@2 50 to 2 75@3 for small to medium; $3 25 for choice; $3 50 for fancy; ducks $2 50@3 75; geese $2@7 ₩ doz. Live turkeys $8@14; chickens $2 50@3 50; ducks $2 25@3 25; geese 2 50@4 50 ₩ doz.

POTATOES—Quote choice Northern varieties varieties range from $1 15@1 25; Eastern—New York rose at $1 25@1 30; burbanks $1 27⅜@30; peerless 1 25@1 27⅜; Canada rose $1 15@1 22⅜ ₩ bu.

ONIONS—Choice red $1 70@1 75 ₩ brl; choice yellow Eastern 70@75 ₩ bu.

GAME—Duck—mixed 50c; teal and mallard $1 25; squirrel 60@75; wild turkeys 6@8 ₩ lb; snipe $2 00; rabbit $1@1 25; jack rabbits $3; wild pigeons $1 00 per doz.; possum 10@25 each.

CABBAGE—New Southern $4 50@5 per crate for choice.

CARROTS—On orders at $1 75 ₩ brl.

CELERY—25@50 ₩ dozen as in condition.

HORSERADISH—Sells on orders at $5 ₩ brl.

RUTABAGAS—Loose 40@45c ₩ bu, $1 60 ₩ brl on orders.

SPINACH—On orders $1 75@2 ₩ brl.

BEETS—On orders at $3 ₩ brl.

PARSNIPS—On orders $2 50 ₩ brl.

TURNIPS—Loose at 75@80 for choice white ₩ bu on orders $2 25@2 50 ₩ brl.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—Jobbing at $1@1 25 to $1 40@1 50.

WHITE BEANS—Prime jobbing from store at $3 85@3 90 ₩ bu.

SWEET POTATOES—Homegrown Nansemond $4 25@5, and Southern yams $2 75@3 ₩ brl.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—On orders—Pears $3 50@4 50 ₩ box.

APPLES—Quote common and inferior $2 25@3 00; good to choice red varieties $3 50@4 25 ₩ brl.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Sales, repacked; Oranges $7 00 ₩ brl, $2 50@3 25 ₩ box; $6 50@7 per case; lemons $2 50@3 25 ₩ box; Malaga grapes [illegible] ₩ brl; bananas on order $2@3 50 ₩ bunch; cocoanuts $50 ₩ 1,000.

GRASS SEED—Timothy at $2 60@2 65; white millet 90c@$1; German do $1 85@1 95; Hungarian 80@85; red top 70@80; clover $5@5 15.

CRANBERRIES — Soft and inferior $3@6 00; choice to fancy $8@9 to $10@19 per brl.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote: Peaches quarters 4⅜@5; choice to fancy halves 5⅜@6⅜; apples 5@⅜ for common, 5⅜@6 for prime, 6⅜ for choice

HEMPSEED—Worth $1 37⅜@1 40 for prime.

FLAXSEED—Salable at $1 30, on basis of pure.

CASTOR BEANS—Dull at $1 70 for prime.

VEALS—Live at 4@5c for heretics: 7c for choice small fat: carcasses 6@10, as in size.

SAUER KRAUT—On orders city $7@8 00 lb brl; halves $3 75@4, country $5 ₩ brl.

HONEY—Extracted 8⅜@14; comb 18@22.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 75; coal oil $1@1 05. whisky 75@90c.

FURS—Quotations: Raccoon—(Heavy Western and Northern) No. 1 60 No 2 30, No 3 15, No 4 5, (New Madrid and Southern) No 1 50, No. 2 30, No. 3 15, No. 4 5. Skunk—Black 75@85, outside for choice large cased; short stripe 60, narrow stripe 25, white stripe 10. Mink—No. 1 40, No. 2 30, No. 3 20, No. 4 10. Fox—Gray No 1 60@65, No 2 25@30, No 3 25, No 4 0; red No 1 75, No 2 50, 3 25, No 4 10. Cat—Pole 5@10, wild 15@20, house 5@10. Otter 50c to $6. Bear $2 to $7. Beaver 50c to $2 50. Badger 20@25. Opossum 5@10. Fall muskrat 5@16.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 46 in large and 47 in small sacks; unripe quilly 38@42; mixed 15@30. Tare 3 pr ct. on large, 10 on small sks.

HICKORY NUTS—25@30 for large, 50 for small

PEANUTS—Red 4@4⅜; white 5@5⅜.

PECANS—Western 7@8; Texas 9@10.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 37@38; dingy and low 33@36; unwashed choice medium 25@25; fair medium 23@24; coarse and low grade 18@21; light fine 22@24; heavy do 16@20; burry, black and clotted 5@10 less; Southern burry 10@12.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₩ 100 lbs: Wrought $1 10; heavy cast 80; stove 60; plows 80, burnt 20 Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones $16@17; dry buffalo $20.

CHESTNUTS—5@8c ₩ lb.

HAZELNUTS—Nominal at 2@⅜c ₩ lb.

WALNUTS—Worth 30@40c per bu.

RAGS—Country mixed 1⅜; grass rope 2⅜ ₩ lb.

BROOMCORN—Common and mixed lots 5@6; good to choice 7@8; fancy green hurl 8⅜@9.

POP CORN—3@4c top rate for choice white.

HIDES—Quote Western stock—Southern ⅜c lower: Green salted 8⅜, damaged 6⅜; uncured 6⅜; damaged do 5; bulls and stags 5⅜; damaged 5; green salted calf 11; No. 1 dry salted 12⅜; damaged 10 to 10; salted bull and stag 10; No. 1 dry flint 16⅜@17; No. 2 do 13⅜; glue stock, dry 5, green 3.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote green shearings 10@40; pelts 60@$1 25 according to amount of wool on them; dry pelts 25@75; do shearings 10@20.

DEERSKINS—Choice summer 34@35; heavy and winter 28@30; salted and meaty 22@25; green 15.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 25@1 80; Seneca 35@40; blue flag 4⅜@5; blood roots 3@4; golden seal 7@8; snake 10@12; black 2@5; May apple 2⅜@3; pink 12@15; Crawley 20; lady slippers 10@12⅜; bitter-sweet bark 5@6

BEESWAX—Southern 20@21, dark 18@19.

MOSS—We quote: Gray-mixed 2⅜@3⅜; gray and brown mixed 2⅜@3⅜; brown and black 4@5; all black 4@5; machine picked, on orders: XXXX—black 8⅜ to 9; XXX—black-mixed 7⅜ to 8; XX—brown mixed 6⅜@7; X—gray mixed 5@⅜. Round lots shaded ⅜ to 1c ₩ lb.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $5@5 50; choice cooper shaved $7 25@7 50; pork brls $11@12; lard tierce, do $12@14; casks $20@25; half casks $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8 50@9; elm $8 25. Heading (car lots E. side), soft wood 6; hard do 7. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; hhds $24@28; dry half hhds $15@18; green tierce $14, dry $16; dry beer kegs $24@28, green $18@20.

COOPERAGE—We quote the range. Flour brls—City elm 40@42; country 35; city oak 44; country do 36. Pork brls $1 del; lard tierces $1 25@1 35 del; lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 75; half-casks 85@$1; ham tierces, small 60; large 70c. Whisky brls, iron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote jute bagging 1¾lb at 8⅜, 1⅜ lb do 8⅜, 1⅜ lb do 9. 1⅞ lb do 9⅜, 2 lb do 9⅜. Hemp twine 12⅜@13. Iron cotton ties $1 25@1 60.

HEMP—We quote common to good undressed $90@95; prime undressed hemp $100@110; dressed hemp $160@190; shorts $125@150; hackled tow $50@60 per ton.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Choice Eastern jobs at $7 75@8 50; Western $7 50.

CORNMEAL—Sells on orders at $3 75@3 80 del; grits, hominy and pearl meal $5 00.

RYE FLOUR—$5 50@5 75 del; in small lots on orders 15@30c higher.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—Inferior and common dark lugs $4@4 50; fair to good do $4 75@5 25; common to good bright smoking lugs $5@6; inferior nondescript leaf $4 50@6; common dark leaf $5 50@6 50; medium do do $6 75@7 50; medium red leaf $7 75@8; good to fine $8 50@12 Burley—Common to fair lugs $4 50@6 25; good $6 50@7; common leaf $7 50@10 50; medium do $12 00@15 00; good to fine do $16@20. Wrapping leaf—Common half bright $10@12; medium do $15@18; medium bright $20@25; bright $25@35; fine bright $40@65. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds sell at about 25@50 ₩ 100 lbs less.

DRY GOODS.

[Jobbers' Quotations.]

Flannels.			
Raftsman	22½	Gold Mienr's	22½
Lumberman's	22½	Explorer's	20
Blue Ridge	22½		
Cambric.			
3-4 flat	5½	High colors 1c higher.	
Paper	6½		
Bleached Cotton.			
Androscoggin, L.	10½	New York Mills	13
Beachdale	6¾	Linwood, 4-4	10
Chapman	8	Lonsdale, 4-4	10½
Dwight	11	Fruit of Loom, 4-4	10½
Fairmount	7	" 7-8	9½
Gilt-edge	7½	Hills, 4-4	10
Hero	8¾	" 7-8	9
Knights' cambric	10	Hope, 4-4	9
Langdon, G. B	12	Whittensville, L 4-4	9
" 76	10½	" 7-8	8
Jeans.			
Sutro	10	Iowa	30
Abbotsford	12½	Vermont Doeskin	32½
Auvergne	14	Elk Horn "	[illegible]
Calcutta	15	5 Leaf Ky "	30½
Glenalden	16½	St Nicholas	37
Uncle Sam	16½	Live Oak Buckskin	32
Provident	18	Ermine Doeskin	40
Wood Lake	18	Empire	40
Star Union	25	Humboldt Doeskin	40
Preferred	27½	[illegible]	55
Tweeds.			
Rochdale, mixed	37½	Pondicherry, mixed	52½
Sabattus "	40	Columbia	55
Ginghams.			
Amoskeag staples	10½	Glasgow	10
" Persians	12½	Berkshire	9
" Romans	12½	Renfrew staples	10½
Bates	10½	" Madras	12½
Cumberland	8	Royal Dress	11½
Pennsylvania	7	[illegible] staples	10½
Prints.			
Gordon shirtings	5¾	Merrimack fancy	6½
Dunnel fancy	6⅛	" shirtings	6
Albion solids	6	Spragues' shirtings	6
Allen's fancy	6½	Freeman fancy	6
Arnold's fancy	6½	Bristol fancy	6
American fancy	6½	Simpsons' mourning	6½
Hamilton fancy	6½	Windsor fancy	6½
Cocheco fancy	6½	Richmond fancy	6½
Southbridge fancy	6½	Cocheco robes	7½
Hartel fancy	6½	Pacific robes	7
Mallory pink	7	Oriental robes	7
Sprague's fancy	6½	Durham solids	5½
Brown Ducks.			
Boston S O	10½	Savage, fancy	15
" XX	13	Buckingham, fancy	16½
" AAA	15	Waltham	10
Belmont 10	11½	Belmont 20	12½
" 30	14		
Brown Sheetings.			
Atlantic, A 4-4	8⅛	Hoosier, 4-4	7
" H 4-4	8¼	Indian Head 4-4	8⅜
" LL 4-4	7	" 7-8	7
" V 7-8	7	Indian Stand'd, A 4-4	8⅛
Aquawan, F 4-4	6⅛	" B 4-4	8
Augusta, 4-4	7⅜	" C 4-4	7⅛
" 7-8	6⅛	Lawrence, LL 4-4	7¼
" 3-4	—	Middlesex, A 4-4	4½
Belmont, 4-4	8⅛	Mathews, A 4-4	7⅛
Cherokee, 4-4	5	St. Louis, 4-4	8½
Great Western, 4-4	8¼	Triton, AAA 4-4	8
Graniteville, AA 4-4	8	Richmond, R 4-4	6⅛
" EE 4-4	—	Sea Island, 4-4	6
" LL 4-4	7		

LIVE STOCK.

CATTLE.

To-day receipts quite fair, over one hundred car loads, the bulk of which consisted of medium to good native butcher and shipping steers. The attendance of the different classes of buyers was large. Local butchers and interior were very urgent in their demands, and prices were very stiff to say the least. There was a large number sold at prices ranging from $3@5 50 per 100 lbs. Shipping steers were a little slow at about the prices prevailing on Monday. Towards the hour of noon there was some activity displayed. Stock cattle dull Feeding steers in demand.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Exporters	$6 00@ 6 25
Heavy shipping steers	5 70@ 5 90
Fair to good steers	5 25@ 5 65
Medium to choice butcher steers	4 00@ 5 50
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 25@ 5 50
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4 25@ 4 75
Fair native stock steers, av. 700 to 800	3 50@ 4 00
Good to prime native cows and heifers	3 90@ 4 75
Common to fair native cows	3 00@ 3 75
Scalawags	3 25@ 2 75
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	4 00@ 5 25

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
19	native steers	1,112	$5 50
[illegible]	native steers	1,098	5 15
[illegible]	[illegible] steers	1,071	5 30
81	native cows	607	4 00
12	native calves	380	3 75
20	native cows	971	3 75
17	native cows	719	3 75
10	native cows	794	3 65
21	heifers	1,104	5 15
16	native butcher	985	4 60
13	native butcher	951	4 80

HOGS

To-day, receipts comparatively light—about fifty car-loads—and the quality only decent. The demand from different classes of buyers fair and prices steady. Light Yorkers $6 10@6 30; Yorkers $6 40@6 55; common to good packing $6 30@6 55; heavy $6 70@6 90; butcher and select $7@7 40; pigs $5 90@6 10; skips and culls $4 50@5 75.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
50	318	6 90	25	248	6 60
117	228	6 90	31	207	6 55
74	177	6 50	53	196	6 55
71	229	6 85	11	194	6 55
47	192	6 55	103	219	6 70
53	185	6 60	33	182	6 55
59	173	6 45	24	241	6 55
51	186	6 00	50	182	6 70
35	191	6 10	11	192	6 55
118	133	6 65	38	183	6 50
27	290	7 65	55	199	6 65
52	192	6 55	57	247	6 50
26	184	6 55			

SHEEP—Fair to good and fancy muttons sold well the past week and the moderate supply not half enough to go round. Common and thin sheep dull. Values firm.

Common to medium $3 25@3 75; fair to good $4 00@5 00; good to prime $5 25@5 50; fancy $5 75@6 00; stock sheep $2@2 75; Texan sheep $2 50@4 00.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No	Description.	Av.	Price.
81	native sheep	123	$5 35
99	native sheep	81	4 40
79	native sheep	90	4 50
173	native sheep	84	3 75

Horses and Mules.

Very little change in the horse market since our last review. Heavy western plugs and good southern horses in best demand. The demand for mules the past week was good. Nearly all sold. Prices better than previous week Good many buyers from a distance. Extra large mules sought after. Small and old mules dull. Unbroke mules $10 off.

HORSES.

Plugs, small and common	$20@ 35
Plugs, " good	35@ 50
Plugs, heavy draught	65@100
Southern horses, good	70@ 85
Southern horses, extra	90@115
Streeters	80@ 90
Streeters extra	100@110
Heavy draught good	130@150
Heavy draught, extra	160@180
Drivers, good	110@125
Drivers extra	135@175

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	$75@ 85
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	95@105
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	110@120
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra	150@160
16 to 16½ pluggy	125@145
16 to 16½ hands, extra	185@225

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, February 15.—Hogs—Receipts, 18,000; quiet and lower; light, $6 15@6 70; mixed packing, $6 15@6 65; heavy, $6 70@7 50. Cattle—Receipts 7,000; weak and ten cents lower; exports, $6 20@6 80; fancy, $7; shippers, $4 50@5 90; butchers, $2 75@4 50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, February 15.—Flour—Receipts 19,000; sales 12,000; dull and in buyers' favor. Wheat heavy and unsettled; about 1c lower; fair speculative trading; sales: 520,000 bu.; No. 2 red March $1 34⅜@1 35⅜; 728,000 bu. April $1 36⅜@1 37⅜; 648,000 bu. May $1 35⅜@1 36⅜. Corn opened ⅜@⅜c lower, afterwards became strong and recovered; mixed Western spot 64@68⅜; future 66⅜@69⅜; sales 46,000 bu Oats ⅜@⅜c lower and dull; Western 46⅜@51; sales 30,000 bu., including No. 2 March at 48⅜. Beef steady and quiet. Pork dull and drooping; spot new mess $17 90@18; old $17. Lard heavy and lower; steam-rendered 10.95. Butter very strongly held and in light supply; Western 15@45; Elgin creamery 46. Cheese dull at 3@13. Sugar steady and quiet. Molasses firm and in fair inquiry. Petroleum quiet and firm. Rice firm and in good demand. Coffee quiet and firm. Freights steady. Spirits turpentine dull at 52⅜. Rosin steady at $2 30@2 32⅜. Tallow steady at 8 5-16@⅜. Western eggs dull at 25⅜@26.

BALTIMORE, February 15.—Flour fairly active and steady. Wheat—Western lower; No. 2 winter red spot $1 28⅜@1 26; February $1 29 asked; March $1 29⅜@⅜; April $1 32⅜@⅜; May $1 33@⅜; June $1 27 bid; July $1 18⅜@1 19⅜. Corn—Western quiet and easy; mixed spot and February 65½ asked; March 65⅜@66; April 67⅜ asked; May 68⅜@69; steamer 62 bid Oats lower; Western white 48@50; mixed 46@47; Pennsylvania 48@50. Rye dull at 93@95. Hay dull at $16@18. Provisions—Mess pork $18 50@18 75. Bulk meats—Shoulders and clear rib sides, packed, 7⅜ and 10⅜; bacon shoulders 8⅜; clear rib sides 11⅜; hams 13⅜@14. Lard—Refined 12⅜. Butter firm; Western packed 18@46; roll 25@32. Eggs firm at 26@27.

NEW ORLEANS, February 15, 11:15 a. m.—Flour easy; fancy $7 25@7 37⅜; choice $6 75@7 00. Cornmeal firm at $4 75. Corn easy; mixed 75; yellow —; white 88. Oats quiet and easy at 54@55. Bran steady at $1 40@1 45. Hay quiet; prime $20@21; choice $24. Pork lower at $18 75. D. S. shoulders lower at 6⅞. Bacon easy at 7⅜, 10.65; none here; long clear 10.65. Hams quiet at 12⅜@13. Lard quiet and easy; refined tcs 11⅜; refined kegs 12. Whisky quiet at $1 21. Exchange on New York $1@1 25 premium; sight $2 00 premium. Cotton—Spot quiet; middling 11⅜. Net receipts, 2824 gross 3,695.

CHICAGO, February 15.—Wheat active and excited, but panicky and about 4c lower; $1 17⅜ cash and February; $1 18⅜ March; $1 19⅜ April; $1 22⅜ May; sales at $1 16⅜@1 20⅜ March; $1 17⅜@1 2⅜ April. Corn weak, heavy and lower; 54⅜ cash and February; 55⅜ March; 60⅜ May. Oats weak and lower; 40⅜ cash; 39 March; 39⅜ April; 42⅜ May. Rye 82@83. Barley $1@1 01⅜ Whisky $1 19. Pork panicky and lower; $16 75 old cash; $16 75@16 85 March; $16 95@17 April; $17 20@17 25 May. Lard panicky, heavy and lower; 10.40 cash; 10 40 bid March; 10.55@10 60 April; 10.70@10.75 May. Sales—Corn 59⅜@62⅜ May; pork $17 05@17 50 March; Lard 10 52⅜@10.82⅜ March.

CINCINNATI, February 15.—Flour quiet; family $5 90@6 25; fancy $6 60@7 25. Wheat dull; No. 2 red choice $1 31 Corn in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 61⅜ Oats weak at 46⅜. Rye quiet at 95. Barley dull at $1. Pork nominal at $18. Lard nominal at 10.60 asked. Bulk meats dull and lower at 6⅜@9⅜. Bacon dull and lower at 7⅜, 10⅜, 10⅜. Whisky quiet at $1 17. Combination sales of finished goods 369 brls on a basis of $1 17.

MILWAUKEE, WIS, February 15.—Noon board. Wheat panicky, No. 2 hard nominal $1 17⅜; No. 2 and February $1 18⅜; March $1 19⅜; April $1 23; May, year, No. 3, No. 4 and rejected nominal. Receipts 2,700, shipments 950. Corn quiet; 56⅜ bid for No. 2. Oats quiet; 39⅜ for No. 2. Rye lower; 84⅜ bid for No. 1. Barley lower; 85 bid for No 2.

DETROIT, February 15.—Flour $6 25@6 50. Wheat unsettled; spot February $1 23⅜; March $1 23⅜ bid; April $1 25⅜; May $1 35; June $1 33⅜; July $1 20⅜ bid; No. 2 red no sales. No 2 white no sales. Receipts—Wheat 10,000; shipments 2,000.

TOLEDO, February 15.—Wheat steadier; March $1 25; April or May $1 27, June $1 25⅜ bid; July $1 13 bid Corn quiet and weak; No. 2 March 59, May 61⅜. Oats, nothing doing.

BUFFALO, February 15.—Wheat unsettled and nominal. Corn quiet and lower; 5,000 samples mixed Western 64@65. Oats weak; no sales. Rye neglected. Barley inactive.

CLEVELAND February 15.—Petroleum unchanged; S. W. 110° 7.

Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, February 15.—Bacon—Long clear dull at 46s. Lard—Prime Western dull at 55s 6d. Turpentine spirits at London firm at 41s 6d.

Minnesota Millers.

MINNEAPOLIS, February 14.—At an informal meeting of the millers to-day, the wheat prospects were under discussion, and exceptions taken to the report from Minnesota. Up to date only about 12,000,000 bushels have been marketed. They claim that 32,000,000 is a liberal estimate for the Minnesota product, but with that from Dakota tributary to this territory, the crop will not fall far short of 40,000,000 bushels.

Aid to Jewish Refugees.

PHILADELPHIA, February 15.—At a meeting to-day called by the Mayor to make provision for the Jewish refugees from Russia, five thousand dollars were subscribed and another public meeting will soon be held.

A Levee Breaks.

MEMPHIS, TENN., February 15.—The levee at O. K. Landing about fifteen miles above Helena, Ark., broke yesterday evening.

Run Over and Killed.

COLUMBUS, O., February 15.—Jas. Burns, brakeman in the Piqua yards, was run over this morning and killed while coupling cars.

GRANT ON LINCOLN.

The Speech General Ulysses Made to the Lincoln Club.

From the Chicago Times Special.

NEW YORK, February 13.—The eleventh annual dinner of the Lincoln Club was given at Martinelle's to-night, and was attended by a large number of stalwart Republicans and a very few Democrats. No half-breeds were present, and Emory A. Storrs, in his brief speech on Lincoln, remarked that there were no half-breeds in Lincoln's time. The Lincoln Club has of late years been altogether in the hands of the Arthur wing of the party. It was very noticeable to-night that there was not a murmur of applause when one of the speakers mentioned the name of the late President Garfield, but loud and prolonged cheers rent the air when, a moment later, the same speaker referred to Conkling. Among those present were Gen. Grant, Emery A. Storrs, Rev. Mr. Newman, Lloyd Aspinwall, Thomas C. Acton, ex-Senator McDonald and many others. Gen. Grant, when introduced as the first speaker, spoke as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE LINCOLN CLUB: I am very sorry you did not listen to the suggestion of Senator McDonald and let Mr. Storrs, of Chicago, speak. I am sure that if you had you would have heard something worthy of the occasion and worthy of this club. He is a citizen much longer than I have been of the State from which Mr. Lincoln hailed. He knew Mr. Lincoln long before I did, for I never met Mr. Lincoln until I met him in March, 1864. He could tell you much better than I could all his good qualities. I will say, however now that I am on my feet, that I like the name of your club. I like the principles upon which it is based. I like it because it bears the name of one of the greatest men that our country has produced, and one who probably was better for the time and for the occasion than perhaps any man we had in this country. [Applause.] Although when the war broke out in 1861 I was a citizen of the same State that our then President belonged to, I had never met him until I came East, in 1864, to take command of all the armies. [Applause.] I had heard very much of him. I had heard much of his fund of anecdote. I was led to suppose that he was a man who passed away his time in telling little stories and sometimes stories that it would not do to repeat except in society entirely composed of gentlemen. He spent a good deal of time with me at City Point, and I saw him on intimate terms. I never heard a word from Mr. Lincoln himself that could not be said in the society of a lady. [Applause.] He had a fund of anecdote, but it was always to illustrate a point. I scarcely ever heard him talk in my life but that after stating the case very clearly he did not add some little anecdote to illustrate exactly what he meant to give point to it. I will give you one of the stories that I heard him tell as an indication. After the surrender of Appomattox, I started back to Washington to stop the enlistments and purchasing of supplies. Gen. Meade forwarded a letter to me from Gov. Smith, of Virginia, in which he said he had temporarily taken the state government to Danville. He wished to know whether he would be permitted to carry on the functions of his office unmolested. If he was not permitted to do so, he wished to know whether he and his friends would be permitted to leave the country without molestation. [Laughter.] I referred the matter to Mr. Lincoln a few moments afterward, and he said: "Well, now, I am just like my friend, McGroriarity, of Springfield. He was very fond of drinking. His friends persuaded him to join the temperance society, but he was so much in the habit of drinking that he has to go through the motions of drink by taking soda water, but one day he held the glass behind his back and said: 'Doctor, could you not put in a drop unbeknownst to meself?'" and I knew then what I was to do and what I was to reply to Gov. Smith's letter as well as if Mr. Lincoln had made a speech as long as the speech of Senator McDonald. [Laughter and applause.]

Reweighing the Mails.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—There is some excitement in the post-office over the resolution of inquiry introduced by Mr. Springer, calling for the correspondence between the post-office department and the trunk lines regarding reweighing of the mails. The gist of this matter lies in an official letter written by Mr. James, while postmaster-general, to William H. Vanderbilt, granting a reweighing of the mails on the New York Central railroad, although the mails were weighed last March, and need not have been weighed again for three years. The practical effect of this act, it is said, was to give the New York Central about $70,000 a year. There are uncharitable persons who see a suggestion of cause and effect in this business, and are interested enough, at least, to prosecute the matter far enough to see what there is in it. The problem looks to him like this: Can we think that Mr James, the great reformer, threw $70,000 a year to the New York Central road, and took his pay in the shape of a presidency of a Vanderbilt bank at a salary of $25,000, leaving a credit to the New York Central of $45,000 a year. The people who sympathize with the star-route interests claim that this correspondence is of a piece with other acts of Postmaster-General James, who, they say, cut down the infant mail service on the frontier and poured the money thus saved into the laps of the great trunk lines. The correspondence will soon go to the house, and we shall then see what there is in it.

Died of Too Much Chloral.

ST. PAUL, MINN., February 14th.—John Munday died at Rogers' hotel early this morning from an overdose of hydrate of chloral, administered by himself. He was until last Friday an orderly at Gen. Terry's headquarters, but was discharged from that position on account of excessive drinking. He came down from Fort Snelling with his wife and two children and registered at the hotel, preparatory to his departure north. Not feeling well, he took a small quantity of chloral hydrate to produce sleep. Subsequently he sent to a drug store and procured more, which proved to be an overdose, and his wife soon found him in a stupor, from which he could not be aroused by any artifice of the physicians. An examination was had to-day, and the jury brought in a verdict that the deceased came to his death by an overdose of hydrate of chloral, and that in the opinion of the jury druggists should intrust none but experienced pharmacists with the dispensing and selling of poisons.

The Missouri Open.

OMAHA, February 14.—The Missouri river is open at this point and the ice is running freely, showing that it is opening all along. This is the earliest opening ever known. Icemen here had barely time to get in their supplies. The ice was not over eight inches thick.

RIVER NEWS.

LEYHE's Bald Eagle goes to Grafton at 3 p. m.

THE Arkansas goes to Keokuk again Friday.

THE Calhoun is being painted, and will leave for Peoria Saturday.

THE Jno. B. Maude, Capt. Harry Brolaski, leaves for Memphis this evening.

THE Commonwealth goes to Vicksburg to-morrow. McPheeters commands.

CAPT. NICK BUESSEN's big Montana departs for Pittsburg, from the iron pile to-day, with 800 tons.

RIVER ten feet three inches and swelling. One or two feet more water would be very acceptable to boatmen here.

THE St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation company will send out the Port Eads and barges for New Orleans to-day.

THE famous new Anchor line steamer City of New Orleans, Capt. A. J. Carter, takes her departure for New Orleans to-morrow. A number of rooms are already taken. Archie Woods presides in the office.

THE new steamer, David R. Powell, received a fine send-off, and will be loaded to her full capacity on leaving Cairo. She will carry about 1,500 tons. We bespeak an enthusiastic reception for this fine packet along the lower river. She will not fail to recall a period in the annals of boating in no remote period either, when the name she bears was a recognized power in the affairs of the Mississippi river commerce.

THE St. Louis and St. Paul Line will put the following packets in the river trade this season: Sidewheelers, Gem City, War Eagle, Centennial, Alex. Mitchell, Belle of La Crosse and Minneapolis; sternwheelers, Grand Pacific, White Eagle and Arkansas. A new cylinder is now being put in the Gem City, and she will be ready to start in the Keokuk and St. Louis trade next week. The War Eagle will be ready by March 1. The Centennial is now on the ways at Madison, Ind., and it will take three weeks to complete the repairs upon her. She is being lengthened and thoroughly overhauled, her machinery is to be changed, and the company expect her to be one mile per hour faster than last season.

CAPT. WM. L. HAMBLETON, the renowned boat builder, of Mound City, Ill., writes he is improving in health at Eureka Springs, Ark., where he went with his estimable wife to recuperate his shattered health. He don't call the ride pleasant from Seligman to the Springs—22 long miles—and is thankful he arrived without broken bones. When he ventured down-town to examine the Basin Springs, looking eagerly as he moved along to find something he had seen before, he discovered, within a few rods of the Springs, the foot-prints of Capt. Rees W. Dugan, and he writes they are there to-day, the likeness of the foot being perfect and the impression so strong any one would recognize it.

THE Cincinnati Commercial of yesterday says: The new Board of Underwriters was organized yesterday by the election of the following officers: President, John W. Hartwell, president of the Enterprise Insurance Co.; secretary, W. H. Calvert, president of the Merchants' and Manufacturers', and treasurer, E. E. Townley, secretary Eureka and Security Insurance Companies. Average Committee—John A. Townley, president of the Commercial; W. B. Cassilly, of Cassilly's Agencies, and E. W. Brownell, of the Ætna Insurance Company. Capt. Chas. F. Kendall, late commander of the M. V. T. Company's Barge Line steamers, plying between St. Louis and New Orleans, was elected Marine Inspector of Hulls for the board, and will enter on his duties forthwith, at a salary of $1,200 per annum. Capt. Kendall is a practical ship carpenter, and an old resident of Cincinnati, and extensively known to the river fraternity. He was inspector of hulls for the Government during the war.

A MEMPHIS telegram says: The passengers aboard the Dean Adams were witnesses to a sad accident on the last trip down. While the boat was trying to effect a landing at a storehouse near the mouth of White river, where the whole country is under water, a family of negroes, occupying a cabin a hundred or so yards from the store, were standing on the front porch, intently watching the movements of the boat, while a little colored child was playing in a side door of the cabin. The child fell out into the water, and the officers of the boat and several passengers who saw it called out to the colored people and made signs in the effort to attract her attention to the child, but she did not seem to comprehend what was meant and the child was drowned. As soon as the boat landed the incident was made known, and as it happened the mother of the child was at the store, she jumped into her skiff and tried to return to her cabin; but the skiff did not move fast enough. She dropped her oars, jumped out into the water and waded up to her waist, but arrived too late to save her infant. Her piteous cries could be distinctly heard aboard the boat, deeply affecting everyone.

River Telegrams.

LOUISVILLE, February 15.—River rising, with 23 feet 4 inches in canal, 21 feet 2 inches in chute on falls and 18 feet 6 inches over rocks. Business dull. Weather cloudy and chilly, with wind northeast. The Carrier arrived last evening from St. Louis. She patches her boilers here and leaves this afternoon for Pittsburg. Departed: Bengal Tiger, for Pittsburg.

CAIRO, ILL., February 15.—Arrived: John A. Wood, Louisville, 8 p. m.; Golden Rule, Cincinnati, 11; St. Genevieve, St. Louis, midnight; J. D. Parker, midnight Departed: Jno. A. Wood, New Orleans, 8 p. m.; Parker, Memphis, 3 a. m; St. Gen[illegible] Memphis, 5; Golden Rule, New Orle[illegible] Cloudy and pleasant.

PITTSBURG, February 15.—River [illegible] inches; falling. Clear and pleasant. [illegible]tional coal shipments this rise 840,000 bu, which 407,000 bushels were for Cincinnati, b[illegible]ance for Louisville. This makes a grand to[illegible] of 4,188,000 bushels shipped from here with the past two weeks.

EVANSVILLE, February 15.—No arrivals departures except the transfer packets, he[illegible] fog and frost this morning, clear pleas[illegible] wind east to southeast, mercury 38 to River 37 5 10 and rising fast and full of he[illegible] drift.

WHEELING, February 15.—River 22⅜ ft. 6 i[illegible] rising. Passed up: Graham, 10 p. m. yest[illegible]day; Diurnal, Parkersburg, 11 a.m. Clear a[illegible] pleasant.

CINCINNATI, O., February 15.—River 45 fe[illegible] 4 inches and falling. Clear and pleasant. Arrived: Sidney, Wheeling.

MEMPHIS, February 15.—River falling. Departed: W. P. Halliday, 10 a.m. Clearing.

Marine.

LONDON, February 15.—State of Nevada and Fronessia, New York, and Nestorian, Boston, arrived out.

NEW YORK, February 15.—Arrived: State of Pennsylvania, Glasgow; England, Liverpool.

LONDON, February 15.—Steamship Oder, from New York, arrived out.

NEW YORK, February 15.—Arrived: Vaderland Antwerp.

NEW YORK, February 15.—Arrived: Gallia, Liverpool

NEW YORK, February 15.—Overdue steamer Vaderland arrived from Antwerp.

STEAMBOATS.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE
U. S. Mail Line.

For Helena, Greenville Arkansas City and Vicksburg, leave Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. COMMONWEALTH........ McPheeters, Master
Will leave Thursday, Feb 16, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. JOHN B. MAUDE............ Brolaski, Master
Leaves Wednesday, Feb. 15, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.................Postal, Master,
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

NEW ORLEANS ANCHOR LINE.
For New Orleans and way landings.
CITY OF NEW ORLEANS...........Carter, Master
Leaves Thursday, Feb. 16, at 5 p.m.
Str. JOHN A. SCUDDER...........Baker, Master.
Will leave Saturday, Feb. 18, at 5 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on boar[illegible] wharfboat foot of Market st.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Gen. F'g't Agt.
N. B.—Through bills of lading given to Shreveport, La., and all points on Ouachita River, Mobil[illegible] and via Morgan's Line to Texas and Florida points

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office on wharfboat, foot of Elm street.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOUREY, Vice-Prest.
For New Orleans
Str. PORT EADS AND BARGES.
Leaves Wednesday, Feb 15, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Ft. Agt.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE
For Hannibal, Quincy, Canton, Warsaw and Keokuk.
Str. ARKANSAS........................Best, Master.
Leaves Friday, Feb 17, at 4 p. m.
Freights contracted at low rates to all points North.
For passage, or freight rates, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street.
JENKINS & SASS, Agts.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.

Illinois River

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, [illegible]ville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN.......................Gray, Master.
Will leave Saturday, Feb. 18, at 5 p.m. from Co's wharf-boat, foot of Olive st.
C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
L. F. ARCAMBAL, Agent.

TOWING AND TRANSPORTATION.
The new tow-boat Mary Michea with four ba[illegible] is prepared to do a towing and general transportation business between St. Louis and Helena in the Mississippi and on the lower [illegible] and tributaries. Martin Michel, manager's office, bet. Barton and Victor, St. Louis

FOR SALE—3 boilers, 22 feet long, 36-in. diameter, 2 14-in. flues, with 2 mud-drums; one steam drum; one doctor with two heaters, drawdle w[illegible]; one deck pump and one nigger-engine.
MARTIN MICHEAL,
Between Barton and Victor streets, St. Louis.

AFTER THE OPERA.

We stood, one night, on Beacon street
Before her family mansion,
While in my heart the throbs of love
Were struggling for expansion;
We just had left the theater,
Had heard "Il Trovatore,"
And, on the door-step, talked about
The music and the story.

She raved about the wondrous voice
Of Signor Campanini,
She praised his acting and his face,
While I stood like a ninny—
I wanted to—but why explain,
(I half suspect she knew it),
I hemmed and twisted like a fool,
And hadn't pluck to do it.

I waited long for some excuse
My stupid brain perplexing,
And then, at length, a silence fell,
So awkward and so vexing;
But suddenly she brightened up,
This loveliest of misses—
"Oh, by the way, did you observe
How gracefully he kisses?"

B. W. Davis.

HUMAN OSTRICHES.

Folk Who Feed on Pins, and Jack-Knives and Swallowers of Metal.

From the New York World.

There died not very long ago at Prestwich Asylum, in England, a madman in whose body were found 1,841 objects, to-wit, 20 buckles, 14 pieces of glass, 10 pebbles, 3 knotted strings, a piece of leather, a fish-hook, a pin, 9 copper buttons and 1,782 nails and tacks. His madness was of a common sort, after all. At the autopsy of a convict in the Brest galleys fifty-two objects were found in the stomach, including several knives and pieces of iron hoop four inches long. In March, 1809, a sailor named John Cummings died in Guy's Hospital, London, whose experiences completely eclipsed the performances of the boy described by Messrs. Sawyer and Allen in "Pickwick" as addicted to wooden beads. In 1796 he had seen a French juggler "swallowing" knives by the dozen, and in his credulity believing that the juggler actually conveyed them into his stomach, he undertook to rival him and swallowed four clasp-knives. Luckily, these did not kill him, and he was satisfied to rest on his laurels until March, 1805, when at Boston he was one day tempted, while drinking, to boast of and repeat his performance. In the course of that evening he swallowed six knives, and when next morning crowds of visitors came to see him he was induced to swallow eight more. He paid dearly for his frolic, for he was seized with constant vomiting and pain in the stomach, and though by heroic measures he was relieved of the knives, that organ was irretrievably ruined. But all his sufferings did not suffice to cure him of his folly, for at Spithead in December, 1805, being somewhat tipsy, he resumed his boastfulness of being able to swallow knives, and to amuse the ship's company swallowed nine clasp-knives, some of a large size. Again he became ill, and in the hands of the ship's surgeon for several months, during which portions of knives were discharged. At length he was admitted as a patient at Guy's Hospital, and in March, 1809, he died in a state of extreme emaciation.

A milder form of this disease is the fondness for pins and needles. Dr. Stephenson, of Detroit, reported in 1877 the case of a woman of seventy-five, whom he had relieved of a pin swallowed forty-two years before, while picking her teeth. Siloy has recorded the case of a woman who made pins and needles her daily diet, and from whose body 1,500 of these articles were taken after her death. Another case, almost as striking, said the London Lancet, about a year ago, has been recorded by Dr. Gillette (1874), that of a girl in whom, from time to time, needles were found beneath the skin, which they perforated and were removed by the fingers or forceps. Concerning the way in which they got into her system no information could be extracted from her. She was carefully watched by Dr. Lepaulmier, and in the course of eighteen months no less than three hundred and twenty needles were extracted, all being about the same size. The largest number which escaped in a single day was sixty-one. A curious phenomenon preceded the escape of each needle. For some hours the pain was severe, and there was considerable fever. She then felt a sharp pain, like lightning in the tissues, and on looking at the place at which this pain had been felt the head of the needle was generally found projecting. The needles invariably came out headforemost. No bleeding was occasioned, and not the least trace of inflammation followed. That little weight is to be attached to the place at which the needles escape as proof of their mode of introduction is evident from a case recorded by Villars of a girl who swallowed a large number of pins and needles, and two years afterwards, during a period of nine months, 200 passed out of the hand, arm, axilla, side of thorax, abdomen and thigh, all on the left side. The pins, curiously, escaped more readily and with less pain than the needles. Many years ago a case was recorded by Dr. Otto, of Copenhagen, in which 495 needles passed through the skin of a hysterical girl, who had probably swallowed them during a hysterical paroxysm; but these all emerged in regions below the level of the diaphram and were collected in groups, which gave rise to inflammatory swellings of some size. One of these contained 100 needles. In 1878, Dr. Bigger described before the Society of Surgery of Dublin a case in which more than 300 needles were removed from the body of a woman who died in consequence of their presence. It is very remarkable in how few cases the needles were the cause of death, and how slight an interference with function their presence and movement cause. M. Henri de Parville, the well-known French writer on science, has described many cases of this sort, not a few of them of sane persons. M. Berenger-Feraud took a needle from the arm of a woman of twenty-four, who did not recollect swallowing it, and had for weeks been unable to understand why she felt a pricking sensation whenever she rested her arm on the table. Another case is that of a girl of sixteen who was dying from gastritis, it was thought, till examination revealed the presence of a needle, swallowed by accident, she knew not when.

What becomes of the rash youth of Bologna who, to show how a juggler swallowed a sword, introduced a silver fork into his throat and let it slip down, we do not know. He probably "went to meet" the swallowers of false teeth. Brunel, the great engineer, had a narrow escape once upon a time, when amusing some children by causing a half-sovereign to vanish from his mouth and reappear in his ear, the coin suddenly slipping down into his gullet. He tried to cough it up without effect. There it stuck. Every surgical device was tried to get hold of it without avail. It became evident that if the coin could not be dislodged, fatal results would ensue. In the dire dilemma into which he had needlessly brought himself. Brunel devised a wooden structure to which he could be strapped head downward, in the hope that the half-sovereign would fall out of his throat by force of gravity. He was fixed to the machine head downward, keeping his mouth open. To his inexpressible relief, the coin dropped from its lurking-place and rolled to the floor. A German juggler who had introduced a variation of the sword-swallowing feat by swallowing a bayonet and balancing thereon the musket to which it was attached, came to grief under even more alarming circumstances, as the weapon broke short off and the steel slipped down into his gullet. He acted on the same principle as Brunel and promptly inverted himself, and with the aid of two friends stood feet upward till by force of gravity, the bayonet dropped to where it could be reached from the mouth and drawn out. In March, 1837, the surgeons at the Edinburgh Infirmary relieved a woman of a brass padlock, an inch and two-thirds long and an inch in width, which she had swallowed. Four years ago they were less fortunate in the case of a boy who had swallowed a piece of brass chain, and in 1880 a child in Devonshire was vainly treated who had allowed a small tin whistle to slip from the mouth into the trachea. Since the introduction of the balloon whistle there have been several fatal accidents from—by inhaling instead of exhaling the breath to fill the balloon—swallowing the whistle and india-rubber sack attached to it, about the ugliest thing imaginable to deal with, since the toy sticks in the wind-pipe, and every attempt to breathe tends to inflate the balloon, and so the sufferer is choked as promptly and inexorably as if he were in the grasp of a garotte. The moral of all which is that people should be careful about putting solid substances in their mouths.

AN IMPERIAL DIANA.

The Empress of Austria Hunting in England This Time.

London Special to New York Herald.

The Herald's correspondent at Whitchurch, Cheshire, telegraphs on Tuesday as follows: "This quaint little town has been for several days the scene of gayety and bustle. The Empress of Austria arrived at Combermere on Saturday. She had her first hunt yesterday. The long journey from the Austrian capital was made with but one mishap, the overheating of an axle, which obliged the Empress to leave her luxurious saloon carriage for a commoner one. She was met at Dover by the Austrian Embassador, Count Karolyi. Special trains carried the imperial visitor to London and thence without stopping, except to change engines, to Whitchurch, which was reached after dusk. Alighting from the train, the Empress, who was attired in a dress of black velvet, and a mantle of the same trimmed with sable, was received by Lord Combermere and Maj. Bulkeley, Master of the Horse to her Imperial Majesty during her Cheshire visit. After greeting them and gracefully bowing in answer to the hearty cheers of the crowd she drove to Combermere, where she will reside for the next two months as Countess of Hohenembl.

Combermere Abbey is a fine ancestral mansion surrounded by a beautiful wooded park and fronting on a large and placid lake. It is an abbey in name only, for no trace remains of the ancient building, but it is a most charming and picturesque spot. The Empress prefers Ireland, and had intended to go there this year. Mounted, as she is, on horses of matchless physical quality, high mettle and perfect training, there is more stir and excitement in riding over dangerous ditches, rugged stone fences and the wild, rough country in Ireland than over the level grass fields and simple ditches of Cheshire. But Ireland is in the political dumps, and her Majesty concluded to come where Land Leaguers are unknown.

She has brought forty horses for herself and her suite, which comprises Prince Rudolph Leichtenstein, Baron Nopesa, Master of the Household and Chamberlain; Dr. Lanje, Physician to her Majesty, and Court Councilor Klaade. The meet yesterday of Sir Watkin Wynn's hounds was fixed at Sanford, near Combermere, for the benefit of the Empress. The early morning train to Whitchurch brought parties of hunting gentlemen with their finely groomed horses, who made their way to the meeting place, four or five miles distant. Her Majesty, accompanied by Prince Leichtenstein, drove over in an open carriage, behind which was led Pegasus—a dark brown mare selected by the imperial lady for her first day's hunt. Among those present were Viscount Combermere, Sir Edward Hanner, Col. Lloyd, Mr. Corbet, Master of the Cheshire Hounds; Lord Hopetown, Hon. H. Gore, Capt. Cavendish, Lady Beatrice Cavendish and Capt. Beatly.

The scene as the bugle sounded was as brilliant and inspiring as it could well be. The 200 horsemen, mounted on the best animals the country can boast, dashed off at full speed in pursuit across the valley, with the hounds in full cry. But the fox after scampering over a few fields and doubling was lost in the cover from which he came. The hounds were then taken to another cover at Brown Moss, where the fox soon started to run toward the open heath, followed keenly by the hounds and closely after by the Empress. She rode bravely and with much grace, stopping at nothing, and making one daring leap which only two or three were disposed to imitate. The fox, fearing to venture on the heath, turned and rushed toward Whitchurch. Many of the horses were already jaded, and only the best animals were equal to the hot pace which was kept up till Reynard was killed, after a spendid run of an hour and twenty minutes. The Empress was in at the death, and the brush was given her as a memento of the day's sport. To-day she hunts at Maybury.

Pledged to Kill Her Father.

From the London Telegraph.

From Samara, one of the most flourishing towns in the Volga Government, is reported the following tragical incident, painfully illustrative of the baneful influence exercised upon overwrought natures in Russia by the Nihilistic propaganda: Some weeks ago a popular preacher in one of the Samara orthodox churches gave deep umbrage to the Revolutionary Committee of that city by recalling, with fervid eloquence, the assassination of Alexander II. to the remembrance of his congregation and vehemently inveighing against the murderers of the late Czar. A few hours later the committee held a meeting for the purpose of deciding what punishment should be inflicted upon the offending priest for his imflammatory utterances. After some discussion the committee resolved that he should be put to death, and its members drew lots for the executioner's office, which fell to a girl of 19, affiliated to the organization only a few days previously. Upon drawing the fatal lot she exhibited some agitation, but, speedily collecting herself, accepted the murderous mission with the words, "The committee will have reason to be satisfied with the manner in which its decree will be carried out." Next morning the doomed priest was awakened, shortly after daybreak, by the report of a fire-arm, discharged in a room contiguous to his own bed-chamber. Upon entering the room in question he beheld his only daughter stretched out at full length upon the floor near the foot of the bed and weltering in her blood. She had just strength enough left, before expiring, to confess to him that she had pledged herself to take his life, in obedience to the orders of Secret Committee, but had preferred killing herself to fulfilling her oath. Exhorted to reveal the names of her fellow conspirators, she steadfastly refused to do so, and died without having afforded any clue that could lead to their detection.

One of Cupid's Freaks.

From the Philadelphia Times.

When the French sought to establish a monarchy in Mexica a Mazatlan youth raised a regiment of boys and waged against such of the invaders as appeared in Sanaloa a warfare that told. The young man's father was of Castilian blood and his mother was a Mexican. His name, Corona, soon became famous, and at the age of twenty-five he was regarded as the Mosby of Mexico. At the end of the war he was a Major-General, the hero of the soldiers and the idol of Mazatian society. He was six feet tall, broad-shouldered, handsome and daring. White attending a ball at the American Hotel, in Mazatlan, he stumbled over a domestic, knocking a tray from her hand. Stooping to pick up the crockery, General Corona noticed that the girl was very pretty and very saucy. She told him that her name was Betty Bowman, that her mother was a San Francisco washerwoman and that he ought to know better than to rush so headlong down a dark stairway. Corona made love to the American m[illegible]s and before leaving for the capital he had learned of her irreproachable though very humble life. Once away, Betty's face and pert ways haunted him so much that he wrote to her, arranging for marriage by proxy. He remained in Mazatlan; the bride went to a convent school. They were a thousand miles apart and wrote to each other daily, the husband constantly instructing the wife in polite ways. President Juarez, fearing that Corona's popularity would lead the people to give their vote to the young soldier at an election then approaching, concluded to send him as Minister to Madrid, the most enviable diplomatic position in the eyes of all Mexicans. Gen. Corona took the washerwoman's daughter to his place in Madrid, and she now is regarded as the most brilliant and accomplished lady at the court of Spain.

OSCAR IN CHICAGO.

A Good Description of the "John the Baptist of the Beautiful."

From the Chicago Times.

About 2,500 people went to see that apostle of English æstheticism, Oscar Wilde, who lectured at Central Music hall last evening. It can not be said that the Chicago public is not willing to be amused. The audience that filled Central Music hall last night, from the rear seat in the upper gallery to the front orchestra-chair, was made up of first-class people. It was one of the most intelligent and best-behaved audiences Oscar Wilde has faced since his arrival on these shores. There were no ebullitions of ill-bred ruffianism, such as have disgraced several eastern cities. The people paid to see a celebrity as they would to see a two-headed Australian "what-is-it" who could talk Greek and Choctaw at the same time. They expected to be bored, but they were not going to be disturbed by outsiders, and they were not. The audience was late getting in, and the lecturer was later, but when some fresh boys undertook to hurry him up they were promptly hissed into silence. That was the only thing approximating a shadow of trouble during the evening. The ladies and gentlemen on entering looked about curiously, as though expecting to see familiar faces and hoping they would not. When they saw that everybody was there they were relieved. "O dear," whispered a lady on the front row to her attendant, "I was so afraid we would be the only fools here, but I do not feel at all conspicuous. We are not the only ones who are out to-night on a Wilde goose chase."

The lecturer made his appearance at 8:30 o'clock. He floated into view from behind a screen, and paused as he came in sight to let the audience take his measure. He was made the target for 2,500 pairs of eyes and subjected to a close inspection from the soles of his silver-buckled shoes to the crown of his well thatched head. He was attired, as usual, in a black dress coat, black velvet knee-breeches, black silk stockings, low-water shoes and a white waistcoat, cut away to better show a great expanse of snowy shirt-front, illuminated by a gold button of unusual dimensions. It was evident that the chest of a blacksmith was concealed behind the apostle's linen. A pair of white kid gloves, a white tie and a gaudy red-and-white carnelian watch chain hanging by a silken ribbon completed the costume. Within a frame of brown hair which hung over his shoulders with frowsy carelessness was a heavy face. The narrow forehead, made narrower by the combing of the hair, the large, vacant, rolling eyes, the prominent nose with wide nostrils, the heavy lips, a mouth, and the long, heavy chin made a picture that was striking and, at the same time, not altogether pleasant. It would be the last face in the world one would suspect of belonging to a genuine lover of the ideally beautiful. The face is neither that of a man nor a woman. The absence of a beard gives to it an added look of effeminacy. It was a positive relief to turn from the face to those legs. They were done up in great shape, and attracted no little share of the attention that was bestowed on the man.

As the lecturer advanced to the little desk in the center of the stage and opened his mouth to speak he displayed two rows of big, white teeth, which made the lips red by contrast. He has an unmistakably ugly mouth when it is at rest, and when opened it is not improved. To merit the appellation of "Miss" Wilde, which has been applied to him by some of his defamers, the lecturer should have a soprano voice; but Mr. Wilde is not so endowed, and at the same time his voice is not like that of others of his fellow-men. It is not an unpleasant voice, but it grows dreadfully monotonous and wearisome after a while. It was a positive relief when he closed his lecture at the end of an hour and a quarter. Thirty minutes longer would have half emptied the house, and forty-five minutes more of it would have driven those who were left to drink. Mr. Wilde was well received. When he drifted into sight he was received with kindly applause, and several times during the progress of his lecture hand-clapping and laughter rewarded his best sayings. His lecture was, in the main, the same as he has been delivering through the East, though he contrived to interpolate one or two local hits, which provoked laughs. The first demonstration of applause was elicited by his peculiar pronunciation of the word "telephone." It startled him, and he retreated, as though expecting something unpleasant. His experience in the superlatively cultivated East had evidently led him to expect barbarous treatment at the hands of the rude heathen of the great West, but he soon saw he had nothing to fear, and braced up. Recovering from his nervousness very soon, he assumed the attitude of a Galway washer-woman in repose, and talked to the ladies and gentlemen in front of him with arms akimbo—talked drawlingly and with the patronizing air of one who lives in a state far beyond and above anything any of his auditors could hope to attain. An angel discoursing from the crystal battlements of the golden city could not be more serenely self-satisfied.

The lecturer's words fell upon the audience like the patter of rain-drops on a roof, not unpleasant to listen to until a person begins to wonder when he is going to be allowed to escape. Then the sound grows irksome. Mr. Wilde talks along lazily, with peculiar accentuation. There is a species of poetic jingle to his utterances, but his lecture as a whole was decidedly flat. It lacked force. The audience was not looking for force, however, but doubtless every person in the hall felt amply compensated for coming—but he wouldn't do it again.

A Defence of Opium.

From the Pall Mall Gazette, Jan. 28.

Sir George Birdwood's letters to the Times ought to go far to silencing the clamors of the anti-opium agitators. He ascribes the origin of this agitation to the commercial jealousy of the Dutch in the last century. To disprove the pernicious effects of opium-eating, he adduces the instance of the Rajpoots, who, though "literally saturated with opium" from their youth upward, are "one of the finest, most truthful and bravest people in the world." He further points out that opium in the East is a valuable febrifuge; that it probably assists to counteract the evil consequences of the peculiar diet of the Orientals, and that it checks all craving for alcoholic stimulants. Moreover, the opium of India contains infinitely less morphia than the Turkish opium known to us in England; and, finally, he shows that when smoked as "chandoo"—which is the Chinese form for using the drug—none of the active principles of opium are inhaled in the smoke, which, so far as it has any specific effect at all, appears to be a valuable remedy and preventive in cases of bronchial and thoracic disorder.

Mrs. Langtry and the Critics.

London Letter to New York Tribune.

With two exceptions the press criticisms I have seen on Mrs. Langtry are to the effect that she has shown very unusual ability for a beginner, that her performances had many points of positive excellence, and that she gives promise of taking a high position hereafter. The two exceptions are Punch and the well known theatrical organ The Era. As to the former, I said perhaps enough the other day, but I may quote a remark I have heard more than once, that Mr. Burnand has used his paper to advertise his own play, "The Colonel," and to depreciate whatever seemed to come in competition with it. The secret of his persistent animosity toward Mrs. Langtry remains unexplained. As for the Era, it is a paper which subsists on the patronage of the theatrical profession, and its attacks on Mrs. Langtry express nothing but the jealousy with which the profession regards her appearance on the stage. Her offence consists, so far as can be made out, in not having been born on the stage, or not having made her way there by an apprenticeship at a music hall, or in the provinces, or because she did not begin at the bottom, or graduate from a refreshment bar. I hardly know what Mr. Ledger or his editor would deem a proper education for the st[illegible] or an allowable means of approaching [illegible]atever the conditions may be, the attack on Mrs. Langtry is the attack [illegible]s-union organ. [illegible]ngtry is the daughter of a clergyman. She has always had a respectable, and, during her London life, a brilliant, social position. That is her crime. Coming from the rank in life she does, she is treated by the Era as an intruder, and a determined effort is made to prejudice her. If the profession, or its representative in this journal, understood its own interests, a complaint of that sort is the last that would be offered. If the public is to understand that a good social position is a disqualification for the stage, its opinion of the social position of those now on it who put forward such an objection will not be improved. The moment is ill chosen for such a demonstration. It is a moment when society has relaxed some of the rigor it used to show to actors and actresses, and it would be a strange move on their part to reopen the gulf that used to yawn between them and the good houses they now freely enter.

WASHINGTON DINNERS.

The President as a Diner—The Secrets of Congressional Indigestion.

J. R. Young's Letter in the Star.

The giving of dinner parties is going on at a tremendous rate, and there is going to be a heap of indigestion among our congressmen and public functionaries before Lent sets in. I don't know that there is going to be any letup when Lent comes, but I will place that time as the limit for the best developed cases of dyspepsia to show themselves. The President, who is a good feeder, figures prominently in this dinner business. He is a big fellow, and consequently requires a deal of food, and he likes it good. He is not going to take ham and eggs for breakfast when he can get nice delicate lamb chops—or liver and bacon when there is on the table a nice, tender, juicy, sirloin steak, say an inch thick, underdone without being in the least degree raw. His dinner is simple, but oh, how nice for this time of the year; a dish of consomme, a piece of Potomac shad with cucumber salad, a canvas back duck accompanied by a plate of choice celery and a small dish of hominy, terrapin, a small bottle of Pommery Sec, a cup of black coffee and a Reina Victoria cigar. Probably a man couldn't struggle through life with such a meal say twice a week.

It is usual for the President to accept invitations to dine out. He is at liberty to refuse an invitation without leaving any hard feeling, but an invitation from him must be accepted, admitting no excuse. I imagine the reason he has been accepting of so many intations to dine out of late is that being a widower, and his children off at school, he is fearfully lonely in that big barn of a White House. He gives dinner parties, but having no hostess is compelled to invite only men. Now if he were allowed to select men without regard to their positions in public life he could have a good time, but the dinners must be of a semi-official character, which means he has to have on hand at every dinner a lot of stupid people, simply because they hold place or are prominent in politics.

These old roosters instead of sitting down at the table with the desire and intention of having a merry time with their good meal, make themselves heavy and dull by assuming a dignity and reserve which they imagine is required of them by reason of their official positions, or else they absorb the conversation and talk about themselves. The President has not obtained the relief he expected in dining outside of the White House. He finds the invitations to dine crowding in on him at such a rate that he will be compelled to call a halt. Just where to draw the line in his acceptances is a matter which is troubling to him. He asked a prominent statesman and society man the other day how he was going to arrange the matter. He didn't care to withdraw altogether form dining out of the White House, and at the same time he did not care to give offense. The man of statesmanship and society promptly said: "Draw the line on senators. This will shut out the horde in the house, and there are not over fifteen senators who will ever ask you or any one else to dinner." He has accepted the suggestion, so that hereafter he dines with no one in official life below a member of the senate.

I have been trying to find out who the fifteen senators are who are in the habit of giving good dinner parties. Old Burnside was a royal diner, but he is dead, and so don't count. Don Cameron, Jones of Nevada and Pendleton of Ohio give the most dinners, and probably the best. Edmunds, Bayard, Allison and Windom give dinners frequently, but they have the number few at a time. Hale, Sherman, Mahone, Davis of Illinois, Hill of Colorado, Fair, Miller of California and Sawyer complete the fifteen. The southern senators rarely fail to accept an invitation to dinners, but I have never heard of one giving a dinner. Mahone is the only exception to the rule.

Flower, the man who beat William Wladorf Astor for congress in New York city last fall, is the champion dinner-giver this winter. He has three a week, and he takes good care that the newspapers are acquainted with the fact, and are furnished with a list of the guests. He is a wealthy banker, and has an ambition to be the Democratic candidate for governor of New York next fall, and, like Sam Ward, the celebrated lobbyist, he believes in the idea that the easiest and surest way to capture a man is through his stomach.

Old David Davis gives a series of fine dinners during the winter. The old man has some object in view, for he has always been put down as close and penurious. When old lame Mary kept the cake and apple stand in the senate corridor Davis took lunch there. This used to consist of three apples for five cents, a glass of milk and five cents worth of cakes, or two ham sandwiches at five cents apiece. I have heard of his growling at Mary, saying that five cents was too much to charge for three apples, as no apples were worth over a cent apiece. Old Davis lives at the National, a sort of a shabby genteel hotel, but he gives his dinners at Welcker's, one of the swell restaurants of the city. Felter, the proprietor of Welcker's, keeps the senate restaurant and the keeper of the senate restauraunt, is the appointment of the vice president, or when there is no vice president, the pro tem, of the senate. So I imagine, as Felter is Davis appointee, he has made it an object for the old man to give his dinner at his swell restauarunt.

Trouble With the Beans.

From the New York Tribune.

Not since they turned their harbor into a teapot have the people of Boston been so excited as they now are at the discovery, announced with malignant deliberation by one of their own number, that a subtle but virulent poison lurks in beans, yea even in baked beans. It appears that a small insect has been evolved from the labyrinth of nature which loves to burrow under the skin of the bean and there die, and that this insect distils a rank poison which cannot fail to produce alarming results when introduced into the human system. Not many years ago Dr. Dio Lewis made a series of announcements to a shuddering world, the sum total of which was, in effect, that every known or conceivable article of food was fearfully unhealthful, and that the only way to keep well was to starve to death. But after a time people stopped shuddering and began to eat again, with excellent results: and Boston is advised to keep right on consuming beans, trusting to nature to deal with the insects in her own way.

Napoleon's Old Minister.

From the New York Tribune.

Emilie Ollivier, French Premier under Napoleon III., has still the sharp, keen eye of early manhood, dark in color and rapid in glance and expression. His hair and whiskers are white, but the face is full of youthful vitality and interest. He has no love for general conversation, but delights in a tete-a-tete and is very natural and frank in his talk. He is singularly well-informed on all that is going on in the world, and takes much interest in the United States. Madame Ollivier, who is now in mourning for her only child, is an interesting woman. She is highly educated, and an efficient aid to her husband in his studies and writings. Madame Ollivier is also a writer. She is about thirty-five years old, has a handsome head, good face, and a slender, well-formed person, is graceful in movement and very quiet and cold, but she talks extremely well.

WALL STREET TRICKS.

Puts, Calls and Straddles—How Traps are Baited.

New York Letter to Troy Times.

The risk to which any one is liable when selling "short" is to be "cornered." When a "corner" is projected an immense pool is required for the purpose of obtaining control of the stock in a secret manner. After this is done the corner party induces others to sell "short," and when the time of settlement comes the latter find themselves caught, and must make the best possible terms. The sharpest dealers are occasionally cornered, and even Jay Gould himself, and also Russell Sage, recently had an experience of this character. They were cornered on Hannibal and St. Joe, and paid a half million to settle adverse claims. Gould was more annoyed by loss of prestige than that of money, much as he loves the latter; but it only seems fair that the cup should be passed to his own lips. He may yet be required to take a deeper draught. One of the most remarkable things of this kind was the attempt made by Daniel Drew and others (including, as it said, Chauncey Vibbard), to corner Vanderbilt on Harlem in 1864. The plan was well considered, but the genius of the old commodore enabled him not only to escape but to turn the tables on his enemies, whom he punished in a terrible manner. The cornerers lost at least a million and a half, and the attempt was never repeated. The corner forced Harlem up to 285 in a few weeks, but it returned to former quotations after the commodore's triumph. Puts, calls and straddles are the most common methods of Wall street dealing at present, and are now so widely understood that explanation is hardly necessary. Twenty years ago they were but little in use, but as the rage for speculation increased they came into common parlance. It is now said that there are 2,000 puts, calls and straddles sold daily, and Russell Sage, who is the principal dealer, makes the business highly profitable. The price of a "put" or a "call" for 30 days on 100 shares is generally $100. A straddle, which combines the above privileges, is of double price. "Options" are much the same as the above, but the term has a more respectable sound. Hence, when we read of the sale of "100 shares buyer 30" it is optional for the buyer to call any day within the specified time for his stock. The board limits puts, calls and options to 60 days, which, indeed, is long enough for all ordinary speculation. When a man has bought a "put" the question with him is, is the stock going to decline? If so, he will wait till he thinks the lowest mark is reached and will then make the tender. If the stock on the other hand advance, his investment in the purchase of the "privilege" is lost. If a man buy a "call" he waits till the stock advance. When any one is under the full power of the Wall street fever he will generally continue as long as a dollar is left, and a very striking instance is found in J. Howard Welles, the gray-headed blackmailer, who was driven to such crime by the frenzy of speculation. Such are the men who enrich the broker; the latter makes every effort to keep up the supply of victims by such advertisements as the following:

All active stocks and bonds bought and sold for cash or carried on satisfactory margin in large and small lots. Fractional lots, from 10 shares up, a specialty. Puts and calls secured at close rates. Sharper & Co., Wall street.

Here is another intended to attract business from the country:

Important—Valuable stock exchange information mailed confidentially and inquiries answered on receipt of $5.

Private Secretary.

See how accommodating this man is:

W. S. Ray buys and sells railroad and miscellaneous securities. Where parties cannot buy 100 shares I take amounts from $25 up, combine them and buy 100 to 1,000 shares, dividing profits to interests invested; person with $25 has same chance as one with larger amount.

One statement in the above I can readily believe: "A person with $25 has the same chance as one with larger amount," but what that chance is worth in either case is the question. Personally speaking, I prefer to keep my $25 in my pocket, and recommend the reader to do the same. Here is another highly accommodating offer:

A gentlemen having ten years' experience in railroad stocks, would give the benefit of his experience to ladies or gentlemen investing from $50 to $1,000; now is the time to realize profit; small commission.

"Now is the time to realize profit," says the advertiser; to which I reply now is the time when wise men will attend to regular business, and close their ears to the Wall street sirens.

THROUGH SIBERIA.

A Delightful Country and a Happy, Contented People.

From the New York Times.

There is a Russian correspondent who is so wonderfully prolific that of late hardly an English magazine of note is printed which does not contain an article due to the pen of O. K. It is the defence of Russia, through thick and thin, which guides this writer's hand, and as O. K. is a Russian, and supposed to be a woman, considerable attention has been paid in England to O. K.'s productions. To the Fraser of last month, and to the Contemporary Review for this month, O. K. furnishes articles. In the London Times O. K. contributed an article exceedingly conciliatory to English readers, apologetical in regard to the treatment of the Jews by her countrymen. Quite recently a missionary, Henry Landsell, has written a work entitled "Through Siberia." Mr. Landsell traveled through Siberia distributing tracts, and in the course of his journey visited, so he states, many of the prisons in that inhospitable country. It is from this text that O. K. extols Siberia. It is a lovely, a magnificent country, only wanting in population. You might take a map of Siberia and cut out of it Germany, France, Austria and Hungary, and still there would be enough left to make up Great Britain and Ireland out of a single province, Yeneseisk, and yet the whole population of Siberia is less than that of London. Mr. Landsell undoubtedly in his wanderings over this vast country must have seen and visited certain prisons, but it is quite questionable whether he ever saw any more than a fraction of Siberia, or a tithe of the prisons. It is in the nature of Russian things and of their way of managing them that an English traveler should be hoodwinked. The traditions of Russia are not readily forgotten. A great Empress of Russia, during the last century, rode in state through arid and desert steppes, where thriving villages and festive peasants were always ready to greet her august coming. An excellent company of comedians had been hired regardless of expense to improvise rustic felicity. To-day it seems quite probable that the prisons were were at once brushed up and a perfect mise en scene presented to the unsuspicious English traveler. O. K. endeavors to paint Siberia in most gorgeous colors and to deck it with roses and lilies. Russians, she tells us, no longer fear Siberia; in fact, if we are to believe this lady, a Russian would rather spend his life in Tobolsk than in Paris. Siberia is the land of promise, and soon an eager throng of emigrants will flow there from Russia. There are no quicksilver mines, and all the dread of prisoners confined for their lives is a sham and an exaggeration. As to the exile, he is treated in the most delightful manner, and is absolutely gorged with food; in fact, he is a pampered individual. It is even an elegant life that the prisoner leads, and such is the affection of the Russians for the Pole (when he is safe in Siberia) that one was found "who had surrounded himself with small comforts, as Polish books, eau de Cologne and cigarettes," and for these luxuries, as describing the Polish exile, O. K. cites Mr. Lansdell. Life in Siberia, according to the veracious O. K., is one of uncommon ease, and the prisoner's greatest complaint is that he has nothing to do. In fact, "instead of the popular English picture being true, which represents exiles being worked to death beneath the blows of the merciless 'historic' knout, work is regarded as so much of a luxury that compulsory idleness is one of the punishments inflicted on prisoners." O. K. inveighs against the cruelty of an English jailer, because quite recently he killed a mouse a prisoner had tamed, and declares that in Siberia, such is the "sweetness" of the Russian custodian, that he would rather have perished than committed such an unfeeling act.

A THIEVE'S PARADISE.

How the Republican City of Philadelphia is Run.

Philadelphia Special to Cincinnati Enquirer.

There is every reason to believe that the detective force in this city is at last to experience the cleaning out that has been found necessary in all the great cities of the country. The hand that put the match to the flame which is scorching them is William Henderson, erstwhile known to the craft as "Snatcher Bill." When the window of Ligget's jewelry store was smashed in last Saturday night, and about $4,000 worth of jewelry and diamonds snatched, the astute detectives at once pounced upon William Henderson, and stood back with pride at their skill in alighting at once upon the culprit. Henderson defied them, waited for a hearing and promptly proved an alibi by the girl to whom he was engaged to be married and other witnessses, and then turned upon the detectives and charged them with hounding him down when he was trying to live a better and an honest life. He said he had been compelled to pay them a percentage upon the profits of his nefarious business until he was tired of it, and he had made up his mind to try and be an honest man, but they had thrown every obstacle in his way, and had threatened his arrest upon suspicion whenever a crime was committed upon which they could find ground for attacking him. This threat they had carried into effect.

Such a charge might have fallen flat but for the fact that we have eight dectectives parading Chestnut street in the best raiment that the tailors can make, drinking wine and enjoying themselves like young men about town on $21 a week, while the city has been ransacked by burglars as if it were left at the mercy of the enemy. These able detectives have made an average of one-quarter of an arrest a week during the past year, while two score important burglaries have been committed here within three months, and that without a chance of a conviction of the thieves.

The police reports show that more than thirty stores and dwelling-houses have been entered since November, in which the plunder has in every case exceeded $200 in value, and in least half a score of instances has gone above $1,000. When it is known, in addition to this, that a score of well-known thieves and pickpockets are now at liberty in this city, and not less than fifty of the most expert and daring professional thieves are to be let loose upon the community by the expiration of their terms in the Eastern Penitentiary before the end of Lent, it is not to be wondered at that the property-owning citizens take an unusually deep interest in the charges that are made against the detective force of this city.

Since the opening of the campaign there has been a marked change of front. At first Mayor King, while ready to get at the truth, was decidedly in support of his force; but, when further evidence was forthcoming—allegations one after another of divisions with detectives of crimes that had been planned in which it had been arranged beforehand what percentage should be given the detectives, testimony of merchants who found that notorious pickpockets plied their profession under the nose of the so-called detectives without fear—there was a change of front.

The Press is now in possession of evidence implicating more than one of the force, and it published this morning a story of the efforts made by one of the force to sell a watch which was stolen from a pawnbroker's window and never recovered by him. The Mayor has ordered the Chief of Police to hold an investigation, but as the latter has already said that he would not take the word of a thief under oath, the investigation is somewhat hampered.

Americans as Orators.

From the London Times.

Daniel Webster was much more than an orator. But in his own life-time his oratory often appeared to overshadow his other claims to distinction. The most celebrated American citizens of his generation, and perhaps the most honored and beloved, he was never accepted by the whole body even of American liberals as their rightful candidate for the Presidency. Only when startled by the sad surprise of his death did they begin to repent of the opportunity they had missed of glorifying their side. Since the grave closed upon him the splendor of his rhetorical triumphs has almost eclipsed his fame as a jurist and a statesman. That the renown of an orator should survive at all must always indicate more than ordinary powers of speech. That it should survive in the United States betokens marvelous eloquence. Ability to speak in public is common to all Americans, excepting Gen. Washington and perhaps, Gen. Grant. An American who studied at Cambridge some forty years since records the naive surprise he felt at discovering himself an object of academical admiration for being able to make a set speech without preparation. Every American could do the same, he avows. The best judges, experts, and rivals listened enraptured to Daniel Webster, whether arguing in the Supreme Court, addressing Congress, or declaiming at Bunker Hill, or in Faneuil Hall, or on a bare, bleak rock at New Plymouth. With one accord they recognized their master; they could deny him neither their tears nor their judgment. The art is not dead in Europe. England has two orators left. France has at least one. The American Union has not a few. But we suspect there is something wanting to their efforts which was present still when Daniel Webster expired thirty years ago. Words are as flowing and glowing as they were; it is the hearts of the hearers which are no more as receptive and impressible. The festival which honors the memory of Daniel Webster reminds this age at once of a man who took its predecessor captive by the magic of speech and of its own loss of the faculty for abandoning itself to the same delicious enthrallment.

Rural Enjoyment in New England.

From the Boston Journal.

"Straw sleigh-rides" are the current form of enjoyment in the country districts, and great sport they are, too. You get a big, lumbering old box-sleigh, fill up with straw, secure an equal assortment of male and female young persons, a driver, and from two to four horses, select a moonlight night, and go spinning over the country until midnight or after. Every time the sleigh comes to a gully in the road the young persons of various sexes, who are seated on the floor, fall over against each other, and thus sociability is encouraged. Finally, the condition of the road becomes such that the boys are compelled to hold the girls tightly for fear they shall fall out, and somehow or other it is always discovered that a grip around the waist is more secure than anywhere else. This description may sound tame, but there is said, by good judges, to be lots of fun in the institution.

Glass Fifty Years in a Lady's Foot.

From the New Haven Journal, Feb. 9.

A Welsh lady named Broderick, for many years a resident of Ansonia, and for over forty of America, had the misfortune when a child of ten or twelve to step upon some glass, by which the sole of one of her feet was filled with the broken pieces, which, however, were, as was supposed at the time, all extracted. A few weeks since she began to have a soreness in the foot, and it increased until it was found necessary to consult a physician—Dr. S. R. Baker, who, upon pressing the finger upon a certain place, found a hard spot which was very sensible to the touch. An incision was made and a piece of glass over an inch long and three-quarters of an inch wide at the base, tapering to a sharp point, was snugly hidden under the bones of the instep, where it had probably lain for nearly or quite fifty years.

LADIES'

SLIPPERS AND BOOTS

Also the Latest Shades in

SATIN,
BROCADED VELVET
AND FRENCH KID.

JOEL SWOPE & BRO

311 NORTH FOURTH ST.

NEWSPAPER FILES,

ALL SIZES,

FOR SALE BY

Robt. D. Patterson & Co.

STATIONERS,

316 and 318 N. Third St.

LOCAL NEWS.

WORTHY of the particular notice of all good and economical housekeepers is the great house-furnishing department of D. Crawford & Co., on second floor of their grand dry-goods bazar, where is to be found everything in housekeeping goods from a needle to an anchor, and at half the prices charged by exclusive house-furnishing stores.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE IN ST. LOUIS AT BOSTON PRICES. Bedroom, Parlor and Dining-room Suits, in Mahogony, Amaranth, Antique, Oak, Walnut, Cocobola wood, Ebony, Maple and Ash at GUERNSEY, JONES & CO., 500 North Fourth street.

POZZONI'S Medicated Complexion Powder is the best—does not injure the skin.

MORRISON RENSHAW, NOTARY, Room 4, Northeast corner Olive and Sixth sts.

Dr. E. C. Chase, 922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

Dr. Whittier 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis. A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, veneral diseases, etc.

Do you like good home-made bread? Try our mush bread. See label. Vienna Model Bakery, Eighth and Walnut.

The King's Choice.

The Iron Mountain Route is now prepared to carry all parties to New Orleans and Mobile to attend Mardi Gras. Excursion tickets, good to return until March 15, are on sale at 115 N. Fourth street and Union Depot.

New Orleans and return....................$20 00
Mobile and return.................... 18 00

Pullman sleeping cars from St. Louis to New Orleans, without change, daily.

F. CHANDLER.
General Passenger Agent.

READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

Hotel Personals.

J. Leavett, Milwaukee, is at the Laclede.

John L. Stephens, Chicago, is at Barnum's.

Frank R. Falk, Milwaukee, is at the Southern.

Geo. R. Christie, Berlin, Wis., is at the St. James.

Alex. M. Dockery, Gallatin, Mo., is at the Laclede.

A. C. Lemmon, Jefferson City, is at the Laclede.

J. C. Herndon, Fayette, Mo., is at the Laclede.

J. R. Willis, Jefferson City, is at the Planters'.

T. H. McMullin, Hillsboro, Mo., is at the St. James.

Wm. Roberts, Kansas City, is stopping at Barnum's.

Wm. G. Lingo and wife, city, is registered at Barnum's.

F. S. Dana and L. S. Sanderson, Dayton, O., are at the Lindell.

J. F. McCartney and J. D. Jones, Omaha, are at the Laclede.

Thos. H. Wyse, Gainesville, Arkansas, is stopping at Barnum's.

A. W. Bancroft and Chas. W. Fell, London, Eng., are at the Lindell.

J. J. Haden, Mexico, and L. Tenny, Brooklyn, are at the St. James.

C. W. Wilson, D. H. Mason and L. S. Reed, San Francisco, are at the Lindell.

Robt. McCullough, register of lands, Jefferson City, is at the Planters'.

H. T. Burnett, Arizona, and Wm. J. Austin, Denton, Texas, are at the Lindell.

D. E. M. Snyser, Philadelphia, and J. D. Snyser, Chicago, are at the Southern.

F. B. Wiborg, Cincinnati, and W. H. Loomis, Hannibal, Mo., are at the Southern.

A. J. Hazeltine, M. B. Dunham and O. W. Beaty, Warren, Pa., are at the Lindell.

S. S. Hawkins, Burlington, and Chas. H. Twist, New York, are at the Southern.

W. R. Beckley, Louisville, and Theo. Brace, Paris, Mo., are at the Southern.

John Fogarty, Dallas, Tex., and John W. Taylor, New York, are at the St. James.

Henry Marquand, Chamois, Mo., and Matt. Stafford, Joplin, Mo., are at the St. James.

John O'Day, Springfield, Mo., and James M. Riley, Plattsburg, Mo., are at the Laclede.

Sig. A. Carboni and Miss Abbie Carrington, of the Strakosch troupe, are at the Southern.

Geo. P. Herndon, P. L. Herndon and H. Brinker, West Point, Mississippi, are at the Southern.

Rev. Albert Myles, Sedalia; Jas. McCord, St. Joseph, Mo.; R. C. McBeth, Clinton, Mo., and Wm. Brown, Jacksonville, are at the Planters'.

Mr. M. W. Quinn, the lessee of the Hotel Hunt, closed the house to-day for refurnishing and improvements. He will open the hotel, in splendid style, on March 1st.

T. M. Hirsch, Tipton, Mo., S. Bernstein, Denver, Col.; W. D. Cochran, New York; I. Feldenheimer, Moberly, Mo.; F. H. Peck, Vinita, I. T., T. A. Grove, Kirksville, Mo.; I. Abbott, Columbus, Kan., are at Hotel Barnum.

CALL and see Van Blarcom's thirty-five dollar road and business harness. 613 North Seventh street.

Valentine Cards.

Our assortment of Valentine Cards is unequalled in this city.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets,
St. Louis, Mo.

CONTRADICTORY STATEMENTS.

The Hard Times in Egypt—Must the State Extend Aid?

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Feb. 15.—There is a strange state of contradiction in the reports coming up here in regard to "the hard times in Egypt." All the papers from that section that are seen here, with one exception, strongly oppose any measure by the State for the relief of the people, and contend that local assistance will be amply sufficient to meet all the wants of those in distress. Yet individuals writing on the same subject represent the case very much the other way. As an example, a well informed man writes a letter for publication in the State Journal, in which he says: "During the last summer and fall I traveled over the counties of Clay, Franklin, Gallatin, Jefferson, Jackson, Hamilton, Marion, Saline, Williamson, Wayne, Wabash and White. I saw the desolate fields, where the corn had been burned to death before the middle of summer, and where the wheat was so thin and scattered that it would not pay the cost of harvesting. I talked with hundreds of farmers, and about half of them seemed to be in great trouble about their destitute condition. The fact is the half has never been told in regard to the failure. It is true that many farmers are in easy circumstances, and many of them will be apt to attend the sales of delinquent lands, and, unless the time for payment is extended, thousands of poor people will be seriously damaged.

"If the time is not extended, quite a harvest awaits the country newspapers in the publication of delinquent lists and redemption notices. This may, in a measure, account for the bitter opposition to the extension of time from some of these papers. Some of them claim that to ask for an extension of time for paying taxes would be publishing to the world that this part of the state is a miserable failure, and that our future would be greatly damaged thereby. Now no man can claim that the failure of many years ago in Central Illinois has thrown discredit on that part of the state, though the farmers there had then to come down into Egypt for corn. A few hours spent by the Legislature on this subject would actually save suffering."

A private letter says a general movement will be made soon, in some half dozen counties to bring this matter still more forcibly to the attention of the state authorities, and that something must be done to prevent actual starvation. These are samples of the contradictory manner in which the situation is presented, so that it is almost impossible to do more than guess at what ought to be done.

Drink Habit and Drunkenness.

Notwithstanding the skepticism and lack of personal efforts on the part of many christians, temperance people and high-toned physicians, the demand for Dr. Leslie E. Keeley's Double Chloride of Gold Treatment for the control and permanent cure of the above named habit and disease, is largely on the increase and we are treating and curing many good men and women daily all over the land. Treatise references and consultations free. Office, 414 N. Seventh street.

P. D. CORDELL, Specialist.

☞ Copies of the POST-DISPATCH containing twenty-six illustrations of Guiteau, the jurors, the judge, the lawyers, Mrs. Scoville, Bill Jones and Sergeant Mason—the would-be avengers, etc., etc., can be had at the counting-room.

A SURPRISE-PARTY was given by the friends of Mr. and Mrs. de Roch and their son at their residence, 3323 Caroline street, last evening. The following ladies and gentlemen were present and had a good time: Mr. and Mrs. John Frederick, Mr. and Mrs Fitzsimmons, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. P. Bellew, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kain, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Reilley, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dougherty, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Mitchell, Miss C. Wilson, Miss A. Wilson, Miss S. Holden, Miss M. Bellew, Miss Barbara Heisinger, Miss Julia Slattery, Messrs. R. Holden, P. Fitzsimmons, Frank Bellew, Wm. Bohler, Chas. B. Brunold, Jno. Dempsey, Frank McNany, Oliver Gent, Albert Albertson, Robert Holden and others. The Juvenile Band, of Compton Hill, furnished the music. Mr. and Mrs. de Roch and son will soon leave for Paris.

To the Consumptive.—Wilbor's Compound of COD LIVER OIL AND LIME, without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the article as heretofore used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be shown. Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

Valentine Cards

Just received and on sale at
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ **For chapped hands and softening the** skin, use Caswell, Massey & Co's MELO DERMA, 1117 Broadway and 578 Fifth ave. New York, and Newport, R. I.

EDUCATIONAL.

EDWIN L. McDOWELL, TEACHER OF ELOCUTION. Foster's School, Sixteenth and Pine. Write for circular.

LIFE scholarship in one of the principal commercial colleges in St. Louis, entitling the holder to a full mathematical course, very reasonable, this office.

MARTIN'S SHORT-HAND INSTITUTE, for ladies and gentlemen; established 1876. 618 Olive street, second floor. Get circulars.

ST. LOUIS SCHOOL OF ORATORY, 210 N. Third st. I. N. Beers, principal. Write for circular. Open day and night.

THE Bryant and Stratton Business and Telegraph College, corner Fifth and Market streets, qualifies young men and girls as telegraph operators and for business. For circulars containing recommendations of graduates who have been placed in positions address W. M. Carpenter, proprietor.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE undersigned have formed a co-partnership in the practice of law, with offices at No. 108 North Fourth street.

BENJAMIN R. DAVENPORT,
CHARLES M. NAPTON.

BOARDING.

1118 PINE ST.—First-class day board for $3 50 per week. v

CENTRAL HOTEL, cor Eighth and Chestnut streets, St. Louis, Mo. First-class furnished rooms at 50c, 75c, $1 and $1 25 per day. Good dining-room in connection with the hotel. Willis C. Hall, proprietor. m

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

MITCHEL—418 Olive st. Best home made candies 40c; 3 lbs $1.

HIGHEST cash price for cast-off clothing. Send note or call. J. Lampert, Sixth and Morgan.

SHADE TREES trimmed. Send postal card to W. Wilson, 1105 N. Twentieth st. m

WANTED—Carpenter tools for cash or to exchange for furniture. Address Mr Trimmer, 2251 O'Fallon street. e

WANTED to exchange, 28¾ acres, half a mile from Louisiana, Mo., for city or suburban property, at 2932 Market. e

MUSICAL.

200 FIRST-CLASS organs for sale for $50 at 3040 Washington avenue.

I WILL sell my $600 piano, first-class make, for $160 cash if taken before removal, 3040 Washington avenue.

AGENTS WANTED

AGENTS WANTED—On commission or salary. Address J. W. Marsh, 513 North Sixth st. e

"STRAY SHOTS"

AT THE

LOOSE DOLLAR.

$8 50 buys a WORSTED or DIAGONAL DRESS COAT and VEST that were $12 50

AT "FAMOUS."

$10 buys a nice ALL-WOOL BUSINESS SUIT; former price $20,

AT "FAMOUS."

$18 buys an elegant Dress Coat and Vest of imported Diagonal that were $25 "a few moons back,"

AT "FAMOUS."

$3 50 buys a pair of nice ALL-WOOL CASSIMERE PANTS that formerly sold for $6,

AT "FAMOUS."

ENGINEERS' SUITS of Jacket and Pants, made of best blue Denham (N. Y. Mills), are sold all over United States at $1; they are 75c

AT "FAMOUS."

The "Famous" was 15x60 feet in size in 1875; its present dimensions are 150x140 feet, and occupies the most elegant and commodious business structure in the west. What will be its size by the next Centennial?

Our Shoe Department is double the size of any retail shoe establishment in St. Louis, and even then we can't accommodate our rapidly growing trade.

We propose to make things comfortable for the ladies this summer at "Famous." Song birds, fountains and growing plants, nice seats in shady alcoves, where they can reflect over the coming styles, or rest after a [illegible] shopping, or—consider HOW MUCH CHEAPER A BOY CAN BE CLOTHED AT FAMOUS THAN ELSEWHERE.

Please keep these Gents' SPRING OVERCOATS in MIND—REDUCED from $6 50, $8 50, $10, and $12 50 to $3 50, and don't forget that our location is

FIFTH AND MORGAN

MULFORD & McKENZIE,

R. R. TICKETS.

Reductions Made to All Points.

108 N. FOURTH ST., Opp. Planters' House.
Twelfth and Poplar, opp. Union Depot.

FOR SALE.

BON BONS—Fine chocolate and French fruits at Mitchel's, 418 Olive st.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. N. Bollhagen, 713 Pine street.

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS, &c. WM. N. TIVY, General Dealer, 424 N. Second st.

FOR SALE—Large lot of second-hand gas pipe; cheap. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.

Lots and farm lands. Inquire of PAGE & BUCKLAND, East St. Louis, Ill.

FOR SALE, at a bargain or exchange, a good farm, at 2932 Market street. e

FOR SALE—$10,000 bankrupt stock of boots and shoes at 50c on the dollar. 1028 Broadway and 1131 N. Fifth st. WM. OGLE.

FOR SALE—A good saloon; complete; cheap; must be sold. Southeast corner of Ninth and Walnut streets. s

FOR SALE—Five-room house, Lot 30x150 feet on line of street cars Price $1,800 25x150 feet on Indiana avenue and Potomac street; improvement all made A little above grade. Price $350 Enquire at shop 204 North Eighth street. v

FOR SALE—A route on the Post-Dispatch: center of city. Apply at 28 S. Twentieth st.

FOR SALE—Joists, sash, doors, store doors, show-windows and wire window-screens, at 1617 O'Fallon street. v

FOR SALE—Desk, counters and heating stoves; second hand. 402 N Main st. v

FOR SALE—A good saloon: complete: cheap must be sold. Northeast corner of Ninth and Walnut streets. s

FOR SALE.

SPECIAL BARGAIN! $9,200!—6 New Brick Houses; water, gas, etc.; near Franklin avenue and street cars, in western part of the city; they all rent for $1,200 per year; will exchange for unimproved property where streets, etc., are made, or will be sold for one-third cash, balance in five years.

L. L. HULL & CO.,
519 Pine street.

HAAS BROS., 616 North Fifth street, offer inducements to buyers of boots and shoes. Arctic rubbers and all seasonable goods at low prices.

IF you have not the cash, buy stoves, etc., in weekly payments, at C Farner's, N. W. cor. Fourteenth and Clark avenue.

SHADE TREES trimmed. Send postal card to W. Wilson, 1105 N. Twentieth st. m

TAGS.—Tags, the very best shipping and merchandise, at 413 and 415 Christy avenue. Send your orders if you want the best at the lowest prices. Established 1870.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER wanted who is willing to invest about $5,000 to $6,000 in a well paying manufacturing business, by a man of 20 years experience and good references. For particulars, Address C. 94, this office. y

WANTED—Partner in the restaurant business, having about $800 cash; one that has a knowledge of the business and will attend to it; a good paying stand. Address V. 90, this office. y

FOR RENT.

For Business Purposes.

FOR MANUFACTURING OR STORAGE—Three-story factory building and yard for cheap rent; an unusual offer made to party with business references. C. M. Seaman, 623½ Olive, upstairs.

Dwellings.

FOR RENT—Desirable house with large yard, on Fifth and Illinois streets, Carondelet. Address L. R. W., 515 N. Main. s

FOR RENT—2309 Chestnut st., fifteen rooms; all modern improvements. C. L. Hunt, 1005 Pine street.

Rooms.

809 WALNUT ST.—Furnished rooms suitable for gentlemen or man and wife. v

912 NORTH 7TH ST.—Furnished front room and one back room, very cheap. v

1015 GARRISON AVE.—One furnished room with board. y

1119 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms; first class board; day boarders accommodated. e

1415 OLIVE ST. third floor front and back room; single or en suite.

1417 OLIVE STREET—Two nicely furnished for rent. v

1525 OLIVE ST.—Two very desirable rooms, one large and one single; nicely furnished, with every modern improvement.

2319 OLIVE ST.—One completely furnished second-story front room; fire, gas, bath, for gents. v

2331 OLIVE Street, handsomely furnished room, Southern exposure; also back room, second story; rent very moderate; private family. e

2603 CHESTNUT—Elegant rooms, southern exposure, furnished entirely new; single or en suite; folding beds, furnace, bath, hot water; most desirable rooms in city. s

AN EASTERN LADY has one nice furnished front room with use of kitchen for house keeping to young couple, or suitable for two gentlemen; on car line. 803 N. Jefferson avenue. v

FOR RENT—Large front room for housekeeping, also other rooms. No. 16 North Eighth street. v

SECOND-STORY front room furnished, to two gentlemen, cheap; on Jefferson avenue, near Clark Address H. E. Porter, Post-Office, city. e

THREE unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; bath, etc. Rent, $15 per month. Apply at 1204 Second Carondelet avenue, near Lafayette Park v

TO RENT—Nicely furnished front room for two gents; fire and gas, all conveniences, in the best part of the city. Ad. E. 50, this office.

TWO rooms, furnished or unfurnished, at 1035 Winter street. v

WANTED—To rent, nicely furnished rooms to quiet transient parties. Address E 88, this office.

HENSON

Makes the Celebrated ENGLISH WALKING SHOES to order, of the best material the world affords and in the latest prevailing style, for $6 50

306 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

PERSONAL.

ALL cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

ALL cast-off clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

A GENTLEMAN, 45 years of age, would like to correspond with a respectable lady in humble circumstance and of a suitable age; no frauds need respond as no attention will be paid to one who will not enclose her address. Address V 93, this office.

A DECIDED brunette, young and rather good looking, would like to form the acquaintance of some nice young gentleman. Ad. C 3, this office.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lottrup's, 614 N. Fourth street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

MRS. LAUREE DE KNEUETT, Spiritual Medium; natural clairvoyant test and guide for business; at 1413 Morgan street.

PERSONAL—A young gent wishes a discreet and true lady friend, not mercenary. Everything strictly confidential. Address W. B. Monroe, general delivery, St. Louis P. O.

PERSONAL—To Mrs. Grundy: That is right, blame it on me. I started the boom which enabled the people to buy a first-class sewing machine at a moderate price. During the boom of April, '81, upwards of 500 "Stewart-Singers" were sold at 114 N. Sixth st. for $21 70, better than those sold elsewhere for $45, and I shall keep it up so long as they come in droves.

JOHN L. STANAGE.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut street. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

TAPE-WORM EXPELLED in two hours by DR. FAMEY, 1004 Olive st.

WANTED—By an industrious man, a respectable lady of some means for wife; (love and business.) Ad. W. E., 25 this office. v

WILL the gentleman who so kindly assisted in picking up and dusting the man who was thrown from his horse in Tower Grove Park on Sunday evening be so kind as to send his address to Tom Awkward, Station B., South St. Louis. Also desire the name of the gentleman who took him in his vehicle to the eastern gate. v

WANTED—Some of the many girls that called at 908 N. Twenty-first st. to call again on Monday. v

HELP WANTED—MALE.

A FIRST-CLASS washer and ironer. Address or call at 13 Jo Ickan's row, corner of Rutger and Columbus sts.—Annie Gibson. c

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

MAN or boy wanted to work about kitchen; 1309 Washington avenue. e

ONE or two good type-setters wanted at 713 Chestnut street, up stairs.

TWO GOOD BARBERS wanted at 220 South Fifth street immediately. C. Zachritz. e

WANTED—Ten good directory men; salary or percentage. Apply to G. W. Benson, 1114 Pine st. v

WANTED—Boy from 12 to 14 years old to run as train boy on the West End Narrow Guage R. R. Apply to Baggage Master. e

WANTED—Smart, active boy, for office work and to run errands; one who has had some experience at type setting preferred. Thomas Stone, 224 Walnut street. e

WANTED—Man and wife to work a small farm. Address E. 75, this office.

WANTED—Middle aged man to wait upon an old gentleman; white or colored; steady place; fair wages. Call this afternoon at 316 N. 6th st., room 5. v

WANTED—A young man, carpenter, with plenty of tools, who is not afraid of work; a good hand at flooring and ceiling preferred; none others need apply at 816 N. Ninth st., between 2 and 3. c

WANTED—Two experienced carriers. Apply before 9 a. m. at this office. v

WANTED—A boy to run errands. Perrin & Smith, 210 Olive st. c

WANTED—An old man to do chores about the house for a home in the country. Apply at 319 Market street. c

WANTED—Active canvasser for ads. on daily paper, 600 Olive street, third floor. c

WANTED—Salesman, constantly traveling, to carry samples of grocers' specialties on commission. Ad. C. 95, this office.

WANTED—A good advertising solicitor. Apply at 600 Olive st., third floor front. c

WANTED—A gardener, a young man, on a small place near the city. Apply at No. 5 Engine House, North Market and Eighteenth sts.—Mr. Hilreth. e

WANTED—20 stonecutters; wages $3 to $5. Call at 217 Market st., room 3. e

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 625 Morgan st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

A WIDOWER with a small family wants a working housekeeper; elderly lady preferred. Call at 912 St. Louis ave. e

A HOUSE and dining-room girl wanted at 3038 Easton ave. e

COLORED COOK immediately; must know how to milk cow. 3706 Hogan avenue. e

GOOD cook wanted at 2710 Locust street. e

GIRL wanted to cook, wash and iron. Ap. to 1941 Biddle st. e

GIRL for general housework; must be clean and obliging; to such a pleasant place may be had at 2722 Gamble st. v

GIRLS wanted to learn dressmaking. E. A. Parsons, 2620 Laclede ave. e

HELP WANTED—Female to cook, wash and iron. German girl preferred. Address 2947 Thomas street, small family. e

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a family of three; good wages paid. Ad. 1013 Grattan street. c

WANTED—Help, female. A middle-aged lady wanting a good home can address or inquire at 2809 North Ninth st. Reference given and required, E. Blak. c.

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron for small family. No. 1127 North Compton avenue. c

WANTED—Four to six young, pleasant and good looking ladies for hotel. Address giving full particulars, Mrs. Fox, Jacksonville, Ill. c

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; 3926 Fairfax avenue; take Washington avenue extension car. c

WANTED—A neat, tidy girl to assist in general housework. Apply at 26 Nicholson Place. c

WANTED—A girl to learn dressmaking at 1511 Olive st., for two evenings. c

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family, enquire of Mrs. Ransford, 1502 Poplar street. e

WANTED—Immediately, a good wet nurse. Address E 24, this office.

WANTED—A good house girl at 813 Wash st. y

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework; references required. Apply at 2511 Biddle street. e

WANTED—Nurse girl at 2929 Clark avenue; colored. v

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL—Office of Drs. Hodgen and Mudd removed to 500 Jefferson avenue, south of Washington avenue.

ALL SORTS.

CARAMELS—All flavors; made fresh daily. Mitchel's, 418 Olive st.

A GOOD CHANCE—Pictures, frames, mirror, and furniture sold on time at H. McNichols 24 Market.

FURNITURE stored, packed and shipped with care. Furniture moved for $1 25 per load; 929 N Seventh st.

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at R. F. Adams & Co's gallery, 215 North Fourth street.

TAGS.—Tags, the very best shipping and merchandise, at 413 and 415 Christy avenue. Send your orders if you want the best at the lowest prices. Established 1870.

SHADE TREES trimmed. Send postal card to W. Wilson, 1105 N. Twentieth st.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 518 Walnut st.

Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

PERSONAL—Dr. Smith treats females only. Boarding during confinement. If in trouble call or write. 1510 Morgan street. Established 1869.

Main and Spruc[illegible]
Manufacturer of Car[illegible]gies, Spring Wagons, [illegible]
Painting and repairiz[illegible]
A. BA[illegible]

The weather indications for to-day are warmer and fair.

SPRING OVERCOATS!

IN ALL THE NEW AND

ELEGANT STYLES!

For Men, Youths, Boys and Children.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO., Retailers of Fine Clothing,

Cor. Fifth and Pine Sts.

FREE OF CHARGE!

All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," for either situations or help—male or female—will be inserted without charge. All other "Wants," not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, ten cents each insertion. The Post Dispatch has a much larger city circulation than any other paper in St. Louis, and is specially adapted for small advertisements under this head. To secure proper classification advertisements must be handed in before one o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A STOUT, industrious colored boy about 17 wanted to make himself generally useful; must be honest and reliable. Call at 1517 Chestnut, v

A COMPETENT man with references, desires clerical work in an office. Address M. B. Wood, 1245 N. Eighth st. v

A RELIABLE Boy of 15 wants a situation in some office; writes a good hand; correct at figures. Ad. B 70. this office. v

A YOUNG Man of 19 wishes a situation to drive delivery wagon, or work in some wholesale store Reference given. Address to John Owens, 504 Montrose ave. v

A YOUNG man 17 years of age wants a situation drive delivery wagon, or willing to make himself useful at anything. Address V, 77, this office.

A YOUNG man wants a situation at any kind of work. Address V. 47 this office.

A SINGLE man wants a situation as porter, driver, bar-tender or waiter. Address E 30, this office.

A RESPECTABLE young man of 24 wants employment at anything; will be found willing and obliging; can give good city reference and cash security. Please address E. 26, this office.

A BRIGHT, industrious young man wants a situation in some grocery store in the country, is not afraid of work. Address box 232, Corning Ark. e

A SITUATION wanted by a gentleman aged 26 as a collector in some large house; can give security if necessary. Add. E 27, this office.

A BOY of 15 years of age wishes a situation in an office, or as a collector; can bring good city reference; speak German and English. Ad. E. 29, this office.

A MAN who understands horses, sheep, cattle and swine, is anxious for a situation at moderate wages E. Lennon, 804 North Sixth st. e

A MAN that is a good collector wants to collect for several physicians and business houses; best of references given. Ad. E. 17 this office.

A POSITION as superintendent or foreman in a florist establishment; can make up, grow cut flowers or grow for market. Address E. 54, this office.

A YOUNG printer, experienced in book, newspaper and job work, wants employment in city or country. Ad. Printer, care of Tompkins Bros., 315 Locust st. v

A BOY of 17 years wishes a situation in a wholesale store; best reference. Ad. S. 88 this office. v

COPYING wanted to do by a good and rapid penman after six o'clock. Will work cheap. Address M. J. Bauer, P. O. city.

EMPLOYMENT wanted by a sewing machine adjuster and repairer; will go anywhere. Address E. 76, this office.

EMPLOYMENT wanted; understands the care and management of horses; willing and obliging good refs. Ad. E. 87, this office.

PRINTER—A boy of 18, who has had four years' experience, wants a permanent situation in a printing office Add. Aug. Bole, Greenville, Ill. e

SITUATION wanted by a colored porter or janitor of building or office; with references if required. Ad. E. Johnson, 113 Olive street, City. v

SITUATION wanted by a first-class fireman with reference. Address E. 77, this office.

SITUATION WANTED by a young man who has lately left Wabash R. R. good penman and accountant, Address E. 55, this office.

SITUATION wanted of some kind by a married man of family; is much in need and not afraid of work, is a good writer and can give reference as to honesty and sobriety, will take anything he is able to do. Address J M., 1219 Lucas ave. e

SITUATION wanted by young man of 24 as assistant book-keeper; best of ref. from last employer. Add. for five days lock box 480, Moberly, Mo. e

SITUATION wanted by a thorough mechanic and business man; understands wood and iron work; good salesman and correspondent. Address E. 73, this office.

TWO young men want a place as firemen. Apply at 2907 Gratiot st. e

WANTED—A situation in a saloon as beer-jerker. Address 93, Freeman House, corner Fifth and Morgan. v

WANTED—Situation by experienced stenographist lady, well versed in dictation, correspondence, etc. Good education, best recommendations. Ad. C 93, this office c

WANTED—By a colored boy 17 years of age a situation in private family or to work in some store. Address 1016 Ham street. v

WANTED—Situation in restaurant kitchen or boarding-house Apply in rear 710 Biddle street. v

WANTED SITUATION—Ad. W. W. James, 425 N. 5th street, room 4. v

WANTED—A young man wants to collect for physicians, business men and others; am now engaged in collecting and have had five years' experience; best of references. Address G. U., Mo. Republican office, city. v

WANTED—Situation as bill clerk in railroad office; eight years experience. Address L. C. Vaughn, city post-office.

WANTED—A situation by a married man who speaks German and English, as porter, watchman, janitor or anything he can make a living at. Address E. Wilmes 1518 South Tenth st. v.

WANTED—Situation by a good barkeeper; speaks English and German. Address Frank B., northeast corner Ninth and Locust, City. y

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged American lady, as housekeeper, or nurse for invalid. References given and required. Ad. Y 89 this office.

WANTED—Situation—A druggist of the old country, having been in business for himself over 25 years offers his services as relieve clerk, or would take charge of a drug-store. Can give first-class references, or bond if necessary. Address Herman Roesch, druggist, 3831 S. Jefferson av. v

WANTED—A competent architectural draughtsman, thoroughly posted in the routine of the best offices, desires employment; references number one. Address S. care of Room 59 Lucas Building, corner of Fifth and Olive street.

WANTED—Situation by a thorough bar-keeper, best reference; willing to work. Address Frank B., northeast corner Ninth and Locust streets. v.

WANTED—By a young man of experience in the cigar and tobacco trade in a wholesale or retail house; best ref. given. Add. E. 86, this office.

WANTED—By a young man of 22, 7 years experience in general office work; always exany kind in store or office; best refe[illegible]ation of E 28. this office. [illegible]ence. Ad.

WANTED—By a young man a situ[illegible] of any kind. Best references. Addr[illegible]ess E. 21, this office. e

WANTED—Situation by a [illegible] young man of 16 in any wholesale house whe[illegible] there is a chance of promotion. Ad. V 8, this office.

WANTED—A situ[illegible] by a middle-aged Englishman as [illegible] coachman in a private family; best city references. Add ess E. 52. this office.

WANTED—T[illegible] in the grocery business by a young man, [illegible] ober and earnest worker. Address V. 5, this of[illegible]

WANTED—T[illegible] address circulars at $1 per 1,000. Address [illegible]5, this office.

WANTED[illegible] situation a anything by a young man of famil[illegible] y and address, speaks German, French and En[illegible]. Address V. 7, this office.

WANTED[illegible] by a young Englishman a situation at any[illegible]; has been 9 months in this country. Ad. E. [illegible] this office.

YOUNG [illegible] good address and city references wants sit[illegible] in feed store as collector and salesman. Ad[illegible] E. 22, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

A YOUNG girl wants a place to do general housework or housework. 2034 Morgan st., second floor. v

A GIRL wants a place to do house dining-room work. Apply at 1226 North Twenty-second street. e

A WOMAN wants to do plain family sewing and mending by the week. Address Miss G. W., 914 North Ninth street. e

A GIRL wants a situation to do general housework. Apply at 1306 Cass avenue c

A LADY of good address wishes situation in a cigar or candy store, or as cashier in restaurant; good references if required. Address Miss Katie V. Turner, Decatur, Ill. e

BY a respectable person to do housework and sewing. 1114 North Eleventh st. e

BY a good nurse girl. Address E. 53, this office.

BY girl of fifteen to do general housework; will make herself very useful. Call at 1905 Market e

POSITION wanted by a woman to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 81 Morgan street. b

RESPECTABLE girl wishes general housework without washing. Apply at 1407 N. Twelfth. e

RESPECTABLE youth, recently from England, wishes situation; has served behind counter and kept books; willing to go into country; good references. Address C. 98, this office.

SITUATION wanted in light housework, or the care of children; a home more than wages the object. Address 2639 Sarah street, city. e

SITUATIONS wanted by two experienced girls, in one house—one to cook, wash and iron, and the other to do house and dining-room work; country preferred. Apply at 1232 North Fourteenth st. v

TWO young ladies desire a position as copyists. Address V 92, this office.

TWO young girls wish a sit. as chambermaid or dining-room work and don't mind leaving the city. Ad. V. 44, this office.

TWO young ladies wishe situations as saleslades. Address V 2 this office.

WOMAN wants washing to do at her own home. Ap. 1226 N. Twenty-second st. e

WANTED—A situation, by a young lady of 17 years, as saleslady; of neat appearance, writes a legible hand; best of references. Please address immediately, Miss Amy, care of city Post office. c

WANTED—A bright energetic girl wants a situation in a country hotel as housekeeper chambermaid or waiter girl. No postals answered. Miss E. Wallace, Corning, Ark., box 232.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class baker and cook; the best of references; no postal cards answered. C. 97, this office.

WANTED—A young lady who has had five years' experience in book store wishes a situation. Ad. Miss Ada Harvard, Carbondale, Ill. e

WANTED—A position as laundress or to assist in housekeeping, by a middle-aged lady; best of references. Address Mrs. Morris, 1223 North Tenth st., in rear. v

WANTED—Situation by a first-class French meat cook. Apply, 217 Market st. c

WANTED—Situation by a first-class French cook. Apply, 215 Spruce st. c

WANTED—Teamster wishes a position driving for some store; has driven for one Company for the last 11 or 12 years in St. Louis, and can furnish the very best of references. Address C. [illegible], this office.

WANTED—A situation to do housework and nursing or general housework in a small family. 2447 Wash st. v

WANTED—Two girls wish situations as cook and laundress. Apply at 908 St. Charles st. c

WANTED—By a German girl, sit. to do housework. Call at 214 South Fourteenth street. c

WANTED—A competent middle-aged woman wants a situation to nurse a baby and make herself useful; can give best of reference. Apply at 1221 North Seventh street. c

WANTED—A situation, by a thorough practical man as painter, glazier, paper-hanger, gilder, etc., in all its branches. Apply R. H. R., 1213 Morgan street. c

WANTED—Family washing to take home by a good washer and ironer. Annie Callan, 1605 Chestnut st. c

WANTED—Situation by a young lady as saleslady. Call at 712 South Third st.

WANTED—Two girls want a nice place to work where there is not much drudgery Address B. and M. Box 532 East St Louis, Ill

WANTED—A situation as house girl good reference given. Address C. 23, this office

WANTED—A situation by a respectable young lady (Protestant) to assist in housework in a respectable family, where she can have a good home; can also trim hats, and is very fond of children; good reasons given for leaving home. Please address Miss Annie Anderson, Du Quoin, Ill. v

WANTED—By a young lady, writes good hand, good mathematician, work in telegraph office or other reputable place. Address C. 1, this office.

YOUNG lady graduate wishes to learn type-writing, with view of getting employment or position as copyist; references given. Add. E. 23, this office.

YOUNG girl wants a place in hotel or boarding-house for dining-room work or washing dishes. Call at 414 Lafayette st. e

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan.

$12,000, $10,000, $5,000, $3,000, $2,000, $1,000, to loan on real estate at 6 per cent. JOHN LADY & CO., 305 Olive street, up stairs.

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods without removal; business confidential; no brokerage or commission charged D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street.

MONEY TO LOAN—On household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. Eighth street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 514 Pine.

MONEY to loan on household goods, without removal, business strictly confidential; J. H. Vette & Co., Notary Public, 929 N. Seventh st.

MONEY TO LOAN—On all personal property in sums from $25 to $5,000. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth street.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—[illegible] Suite of parlors in Stoddard's Addition suitable for dental rooms; references required Address V. 73 this office. v

WANTED—Three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, with small family, west of Sixteenth street; references required. Address, C 92, this office. e

WANTED—By a respectable mechanic, furnished room, with if convenient, breakfast and supper, in small plain private family, where cleanliness and comfort are considered more than style. Anywhere south of Washington ave. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate. C 24, this office.

WANTED—Room and board for two gents in private family; breakfast, tea and Sunday dinners, with use of piano. Address V 91, this office.

WANTED—In a quiet, respectable neighborhood where people are not inquisitive, one or two furnished rooms. Address S. 76, this office.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—On Sunday morning, a silver hunting-case watch, Elgin make. No. of case 1,989, No. of movement 611,457. parties are notified that the same was stolen. If parties finding same will return to David Everett, 1311 North Fourteenth street, a liberal reward will be paid

BOOKS.

BOOKS—Having to remove, I will sell new and old books lower than anywhere else in the city. ARCHER, 206 N. Sixth street.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

EXECUTOR'S SALE—The undersigned will on February 20, 1882, at east front door of court house, between 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. in city of St. Louis, by order of Probate Court sell at public auction for cash in order to close said estate, the following to-wit:

A note against Ben Ryan for $36 35.
A note against Egbert Dodge for $8,767 84.
A note against Lucy Armstrong for $179 3.
A note against W. H. Roberts for $163 72.
A note against Jonathan Higgins for $285.
A judgment against Oliver Quinette for $1,586 21.

The sums named being according to inventory and including interest.

Two shares stock in St. Louis Printing Company.
One share stock in St. Louis Gas Light Company.
One share stock in Citizens' Insurance Company.
One share stock in Cape Girardeau and Scott counties Macadamized Road Company.

THOMAS A. SHERWOOD.
Executor of Adiel Sherwood, deceased.

ESTATE of Isabella Semple, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Isabella Semple,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 31st day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 31st day of January, 1882.

J. Q. ADAMS FRITCHEY,
Administrator of the estate of Isabella Semple, deceased. 16L

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

M. T. Sheridan,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

ELLEN SHERIDAN,
Administratrix of M. T. Sheridan, deceased.
M. J. Sullivan, attorney for administratrix. 90H

ESTATE of John Mueller, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

John Mueller,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 24th day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1882.

CHARLES NICKOLAUS,
92H Executor.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John A. Dangmann,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix with will annexed of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

BARBARA DANGMANN, Executrix with will annexed of the estate of John A. Dangmann.
St. Louis, January 17, 1882. 8G

ESTATE of Alice A. Durant, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Alice A. Durant,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 16th day of January 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 18th day of January, 1882.

JNO. D. DAVIS,
Administrator of estate of Alice Durant, deceased. 75G

No. 14,203 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Francis J. Fidlar Smith, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Francis J. Fidlar Smith,

deceased, and that I did so on the 30th day of January, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets, Insurance Building.
St. Louis, Mo., February 1, 1882. 15L

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Henry Stratmann,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a., of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of next March, 1882.

HENRY LINSTROTH,
Administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of Henry Stratmann, deceased.
St. Louis, January 18, 1882. 71G

ESTATE of John Whelan, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

John Whelan,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 14th day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 17th day of January, 1882.

MARGARET WHELAN,
Executrix of the estate of John Whelan.
H. T. D'Arcy, Attorney. 74G

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John Miller,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday of March next.

DAVID ANDERSON.
Executor of John Miller, deceased.
St. Louis, January 25, 1882. 91H

ESTATE of H. O. Pope & Company.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

H. O. Pope & Company,

were granted by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 6th day of January, 1882, to the undersigned as the surviving partner of said firm.

All persons having claims against said partnership estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

H. O. POPE,
Surviving partner, having charge of the firm estate of H. O. Pope & Company.
St. Louis, Jan. 18, 1882. 77G

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, dated January 24, 1882, I will sell at public sale, for cash, at the east front door of the Court House in the said city of St. Louis between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. on the 21st day of February, 1882, the following assets belonging to the estate of Michael Ahern, deceased.

1. One half interest of lease to lot and improvements thereon, which lease expires July 1, 1887, at an annual rent of $36. The said lot is on the north line of Biddle street in the city of St. Louis, Mo., commencing 75 feet westward of the west line of Sixteenth street; then running westwardly with the north line of Biddle street fifty-two feet, with an equal and parallel depth of 100 feet running north to an alley. For a more particular description reference is made to the lease.

2. A claim against the Central Savings Bank of unpaid balance of $1,812 29.

CORNELIUS AHERN,
Executor of the will of Michael Ahern, deceased.
E. McKeag, attorney. 66N

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the German Bank that on Monday the 27th day of February, 1882, or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard I shall apply to the Cir[illegible]rt of the City of St. Louis, room 5, for a dis[illegible] from my trust as Assignee of said German Bank.

C. G. STIFEL,
Assignee.
St. Louis, January 7, 1882. 70F

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF BROADWAY SAVINGS BANK.—Notice is hereby given that John R. Lionberger, assignee of Broadway Savings Bank, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court city of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the February term 1882 of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 3, on Monday, the 20th day of February, 1882, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, February 8, 1882. 61N

ASSIGNMENT OF HUGH H. SKINNER.—Public notice is hereby given that I will on the 23d day of February, 1882, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m., and two consecutive days thereafter between the said hours at my office rooms 11, 12 and 13, third floor, No. 417 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., proceed to publicly adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects of said Hugh H. Skinner.

NATHAN FRANK,
Assignee.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS, Chas. H. Ivers and S. S. Steele, by their certain deed dated May 1, 1880, conveyed to the undersigned trustee, the following described property situate in the city of St. Louis, to wit: The leasehold for the building known as and numbered 1821 and 1823 Pine street, said lease expiring March 1, 1884; also, one boiler and engine, one carpet-beating machine and gearing, one bay horse, one spring wagon, the office furniture and the total outfit of the carpet-beating establishment at said premises, in trust for the payment of certain notes described in said deed, the same being recorded in book 632, page 261, of the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis.

And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of certain of said notes,

Now, therefore, I will, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the power in said deed conveyed, on

FRIDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon, sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the above premises, the above described property, for the purposes of said trust.

JULIAN J. LAUGHLIN,
17J Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, William H. Phillips, by his certain deed of trust, dated March 25, 1870, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city), in book 399 page 409, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and being part of lot 6 of the subdivision of Jane Jennings' estate to-wit: Beginning at a point in the north line of a road 40 feet in width and known as the "Station Road," distant northwardly from the southwest corner of said lot No 6 551 feet, thence northeastwardly along said station road 438 feet 10 inches, thence in a northwesterly direction and at right angles with said station road 506 feet 8 inches, thence in a southwesterly direction and parallel with said station road 438 feet 10 inches and thence in a southeasterly direction and at right angles with said station road 506 feet 8 inches to said station road, the place of beginning, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas default was made in the payment of two of said notes and the provisions of said deed: Now, therefore, in accordance with the conditions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I shall proceed to sell the above described property at the east front door of the Court-House, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on

SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882.

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

ROBERT M. JENNINGS,
92G Trustee.

Sheriff's Sales

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Meyer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri is plaintiff, and John Epes Cowan, John R. Shepley and Charles Parsons, executors and trustees under the will of William M. McPherson, deceased, William M. McPherson, Jr., Laura M. Collier, Sophia E. McPherson, Page McPherson, Michael Chartrand, Felix F. Chartrand, Antoine F. Chartrand, Joseph A. Chartrand, guardian of Louis F. Chartrand, a minor, Paschal F. Chartrand, Thomas J. Chatrand, Louis F. Chatrand, a minor, Edward B. Hogan, Alice C. Hogan, Mathew Hodkinson Jr., Nannie C. Hodkinson, John Coleman, Loria Coleman, Samuel V. Niles, Britton A. Hill, Robert Hilton, Brainard M. Million, Montgomery Blair, Thomas M. Wannall, William Godfrey, Edward B. Cowan, Samuel N. Holliday, John H. Morse, cestui que trust, Henry Stollorink trustee, Francis D. Flannigan, cestui que trust, and Benjamin F. Webster, trustee; Mary E. Young and William Young her husband, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

A lot or tract of land consisting of nine and eighty-seven (9 87-100) hundredths acres, and being in section 9, township 44, range 7, addition to said city, being bounded on the north by St. Louis common addition to said city, on the east by Mississippi river, on the south by the section line, and on the west by Carondelet avenue,

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named John E. Cowan et al. of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., February 4, 1882. 11N

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Julia V. Mauro, Philip Mauro, Louis J. Mauro, Annie D. Mauro, Fannie Mauro, John A. Harrison, administrator, John A. Harrison, Mary Mauro and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for minor Fannie Mauro, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 3. Three lots of ground on Third street, in city block 1,793, each 25 feet in front or width, and 122 feet 8 inches in length or depth, being lots 4, 5 and 6 in block 8, in St. Ange addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 3D DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., February 4, 1882. 9N

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Louisa Pudiwitr and against Joseph Pudiwitr

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri and described as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground containing 25 feet on Chouteau avenue by 100½ feet in depth, bounded north by Marsh, east now or formerly by J. Slattery, south by Chouteau avenue, west, now or formerly by Reno Paul, to be measured as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of Timothy Slattery's lot on the north edge of Chouteau avenue 75 feet from the west edge of Cook street; thence west along the north edge of Chouteau avenue 25 feet; thence north in a parallel line with T. Slattery's western boundary line 137½ feet; thence east 25 feet parallel with Chouteau avenue; thence south along the western boundary line of Slattery's lot 137½ to the place of beginning.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Joseph Pudiwitr of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., February 11, 1882. 69O

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Charles G. Buchanan, James Hurley, Robert B. Stewart and Nathaniel T. Jackson, and against Albert B. Hensley and John Brunswick.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 31 and 32, block 4, of Market street and Chouteau avenue subdivision of August Chouteau tract, according to the plat of said subdivision record in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, said lots of ground having together a front of 60 feet and six inches on Cooper street in said city of St. Louis by a depth of 135 feet to an alley, bounded east by Theresa street south by Cooper street north by an alley, and west by lot No. 30 of said block.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Albert B. Hensley and John Brunswick of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, February 10, 1882. 68O

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF ACCOUNTS, ETC.—In pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, the undersigned, assignee of John R. Era will, on

FRIDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

for the purpose of winding up said assignment, sell at public auction, at the eastern front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, a number of book accounts against different persons, amounting in all to the sum of over $4,000; and, at the same time and place, he will also sell an equity of redemption in and to Lot No. 10 of Block No. 11 of the subdivision of the College Farm, fronting 25 feet on the west side of Grattan street, by a depth of 84 feet.

A list of the accounts to be sold may be seen at the office of Klein & Fisse, Attorneys, rooms No. 5, 6 and 7, No. 503 Olive street, or upon application to the undersigned.

WILLIAM J. NOLTE,
Assignee of John R. Era,
823 N. Fifth st.
Klein & Fisse, Att'ys.
St. Louis, February 8th, 1882. 42 V

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—John J. Fritch, James W. Leahey and Ellen Leahey, his wife, formerly Niederhof, Henry H. Brue and Louise Bruer his wife, formerly Niederhof vs. August J. Kronsbein and Julia Kronsbein, his wife, formerly Niederhof, and George Niederhof. By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the clerk's office of the Circuit Court in the above entitled cause, dated January the 19th, 1882, I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate with improvements thereon, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

The southern part of lot numbered two hundred and seventy-one (271) of said city of St. Louis Missouri. Said lot has a front of twenty feet on the east side of Fourteenth street, by a depth of ninety-seven feet and four inches eastwardly; that the improvements thereon consist of one certain two-story brick dwelling house, containing six rooms, on the front part of said lot, and one two-story frame dwelling house, containing two rooms, situated on the rear part of said lot.

Terms of sale: One-half cash and balance in one year, the deferred payments to be secured by deed of trust on the property sold bearing 6 per cent interest, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, January 23, 1882. 37H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a pluries execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of M. Daly, administrator, to use of Eber Peacock, assignee, and against Andrew Murphy,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 23 and 24, of block 4, of Stoddard's addition to the City of St. Louis and in city block 1,031, having an aggregate front on the north side of Thomas street of sixty feet four inches (60'4"), by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet three inches (118'3").

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Andrew Murphy, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said pluries execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., February 2, 1882. 61L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of two alias executions issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Moniteau County returnable to the March term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Wm. E. Burr, George T. M. Davis and James M. Nelson, trustees, and against the Pacific Railroad Company.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

All that part of the Pacific Railroad lying and being east of the west side of Seventh street in said City of St. Louis, with its appurtenances, known as the Poplar street track, extending from a point on the west side of Seventh street in said city, eastwardly along and upon Poplar street to the Levee or Front street, thence northwardly along said Levee to Biddle street and also extending southwardly along the said Levee from Poplar street to Plum street.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest claim, estate and property of the above named the Pacific Railroad Company of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said two alias executions and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., January 24, 1882. 85H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Probate Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the March term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed in favor of Marie Lucie Lange, to the use of said Henry Linstroth, assignee of said judgment, and against August Gosebrink,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

1. The following described real estate, lying and being situate in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27) in block number twenty-three hundred and thirty-seven (2337) of said city, being in Jane Chambers' and others' subdivision, according to the plat of said subdivision of record in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, said lots having an aggregate front of forty-two feet and four inches (42 ft. 4 in.) on the west line of Eighteenth street by a depth of one hundred and ten feet and three inches (110 ft. 3 in.) to an alley fifteen feet wide; bounded east by Eighteenth street, south by land now or formerly of Munford, west by said alley and north by a line one hundred and seventy-five feet southward of and parallel to Madison street, formerly called Waterworks Street or Exchange Place, and being the same premises which the said August Gosebrink acquired of Wm. Scalley and wife by trustee by deed dated July 24, 1877, recorded in book 570, page 260.

2. The following described real estate situate in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Commencing at the point of intersection in the east line of Sixteenth (16th) street with the north line of the alley in city block numbered six hundred and twenty-one (621), and running thence north along said east line of Sixteenth (16th) street twenty-three feet and four inches (23 ft. 4 in.) to the northern line of Tyler's addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which is of record in the office of the Recorder of St. Louis city, thence eastwardly along the northern line of said Tyler's addition to a point eighty feet (80 ft.) east of the east line of Sixteenth (16th) street on a line parallel with the south line of Jefferson street; thence southwardly fourteen feet and three inches more or less (14 ft., 3 in.) to the northern line of said alley, thence westwardly along the northern line of said alley to the east line of Sixteenth (16th) street to the point of beginning, and being the same premises which the said Gosebrink acquired of Mary L. Tyler by deed dated the 2nd day of January, 1878, and recorded in book 585, p 13) of said Recorder's Office.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named August Gosebrink of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, January 28, 1882. 55J

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Anna Zitko and against Joseph C. Zitko.

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground lying in Julia C. Soulard's (3) third addition to the City of St. Louis, to-wit: Being the southern ½ of lot No. 7, block 108, of said addition, having a front on the east line of Menard street of 15 feet, and running eastwardly with same width 114 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, being property acquired by him by deed recorded in book 490, page 307, St. Louis Recorder's office.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 3D DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Joseph C. Zitko of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., February 4 1882. 10N

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Charlotte T. Charless vs. Daniel T. Jewett, Joseph C. Le Bourgeois, Louis Le Bourgeois, Edward C. Le Bourgeois, Adele Le Bourgeois, William B. Le Bourgeois, George C. Le Bourgeois and Elizabeth C. Le Bourgeois. By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court, in the above entitled cause, dated January 20, 1882, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and described as follows to-wit: being part of United States survey number 422, being known as lot "A" in the sale for partition No. 52,195, in the Circuit Court of this city, wherein Charlotte T. Charless and others were plaintiffs and Henry McCleary and others were defendants, beginning at a point on the northern side of the Natural Bridge road five hundred and sixty-two (562) feet 8½ inches easterly from the east side of King's Highway; thence with the western line of said lot "A" north eleven degrees and fifteen minutes east (11° 15m. e.) three hundred and fifty-three (353) feet nine inches to the northwest corner of said lot "A;" thence south sixty degrees and thirty minutes east (s. 60° 30m. e.) with a line parallel to the Natural Bridge road one hundred and ninety-two (192) feet 3½ inches to the northeast corner of said lot "A," and being the northwest corner of lot "B," thence with the line between lots "A" and "B" south twenty-nine degrees and thirty minutes west (s. 29° 30 m. w.) three hundred and thirty-five (335) feet and three inches to a point in the north line of the Natural Bridge road; thence westerly with said northern line of the Natural Bridge road eighty-one (81) feet and 6 inches to the place of beginning.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis
St. Louis, January 24, 1882. 86H

LEGAL

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas William A. Buchholz and Caroline, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 31st day of August, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of deeds for the city of St. Louis, (formerly count of St. Louis) State of Missouri, in book 553, page 312, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri. Being lots numbered four five and six, of the sub-division of the north half of block number sixty seven of Eiler's survey of the former city of Carondelet, now city bloc No. 3056 of said city of St. Louis, said lots No. 4, 5 and 6, containing an aggregate front of seventy-five feet and five inches on the east line of Third street, and running eastwardly of equal width, parallel with and along the south line of Taylor streets, one hundred and thirty-seven feet and eleven inches in depth to an alley being bounded north by Taylor street, east by an alley, south by lot No. 3 of said sub-division and west by Third street; and whereas default has been in the payment of the principal note described in said deed of trust; now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, the undersigned trustee will offer the above described property for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, state of Missouri, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

for the purpose of satisfying said debts and expenses of said trust.

MICHAEL HAMMEL,
67 L Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deeds of trust dated 7th June, 1877, recorded in book 570, page 341, and book 565, page 432, was conveyed the following real estate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in block No. 337 of the city of St. Louis, Mo., alias block No. 63 of Chambers, Christy and Wright's addition to North St. Louis, and thus described: Beginning at a point on the east line of Tenth street, eighty feet north of the north line of Spring street, thence running east parallel with Spring street one hundred and fifty feet, thence north thirty-six feet, thence west one hundred and fifty feet to the east line of Tenth street, thence south on the east line of Tenth street thirty-six feet to a point of beginning, and being the southern 36 by 150 feet of lot No. 363 of said block 63 of Chambers, Christy and Wright's addition, and being bounded north by the remainder of lot 363, east by lot No. 360, south by lot No. 362 and west by Tenth street, together with the building and improvements thereon, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deeds described. Now, therefore by virtue of the provision of said deeds, I will sell said property at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. on

THURSDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF MARCH, 1882

for the purposes of said trust.

JAS M. CARPENTER,
2H Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. Whereas John H. Q[illegible] and Hannah Q., his wife by their deed of trust dated February 21 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Jefferson county, State of Missouri in trust book No. 9, page 116 did convey to Joseph Campbell, trustee, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Jefferson and State of Missouri, to-wit: The east half of lot one (1) of the northwest quarter, and lot one (1) of the northeast quarter of section number one (1) in township number forty north of range three east, containing one hundred and twenty acres; also lot number two of the northeast quarter of section number one in township number forty north of range three east, containing eighty-nine acres and ninety-three hundredths (89 93-100) of an acre; also the west half of lot number one of the northwest quarter of section number one in township number forty, north of range three east, containing forty acres; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note therein described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note; now therefore, by virtue of the provisions of said deed of trust and in pursuance of the power vested in the same, and at the request of the legal holder of said note I, the undersigned, Joseph Campbell, as trustee, will on

THURSDAY, MARCH NINTH, 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, proceed to sell the property herein above described at public vendue at the east front door of the Courthouse, in the city of St Louis, Missouri, for cash, for the purpose of said trust.

JOSEPH CAMPBELL,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 28, 1882. 12N

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas P. J. McGrath, by his certain deed of trust dated the 21st day of September, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in deed book 560, page 76, conveyed to the undersigned, Thomas Rankin, Jr., trustee, all right, title and interest and estate in and to the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lot No. Thirteen (13) of city block No. 2367, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the east line of Baldwin street (108 ft. 11 in.) one hundred and eight feet eleven inches northwardly from the northeast corner of Baldwin street and Montgomery street: thence running eastwardly and parallel to Montgomery street one hundred and twenty-eight feet six inches (128 ft. 6 in.) to the west line of a fifteen-foot alley (15 ft.); thence northwardly along the west line of said alley twenty-five feet (25 ft.); thence westwardly one hundred and twenty-eight feet six inches (128 ft. 6 in.) to the east line of Baldwin street and thence southwardly along the east line of Baldwin street twenty-five feet (25 ft.) to the place of beginning. Said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of two certain negotiable promissory notes therein described and taxes. Whereas default has been made in the payment of the second note described in said deed of trust, and the same remains now due and unpaid; Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, will on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

THOMAS RANKEN, JR.
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., February 7, 1882. 19N

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Adolphus M. McClenny and wife, by their certain deed of trust dated October 18, 1871, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city) in book 441, page 30, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Missouri, and being part of lot No. 6 of the subdivision of Jane Jennings' estate, to wit: Beginning at a point in the north line of a road 40 feet wide and known as the Station road, distant northeastwardly from the southwest corner of said lot No. 6 551 feet, thence northeastwardly along said Station road 438 feet 10 inches, thence in a northwesterly direction and at right angles with said Station road 506 feet 8 inches, thence in a southwesterly direction parallel with said station road 438 feet 10 inches, thence in a southeasterly direction and at right angles with said Station road 506 feet 8 inches to said Station road, the place of beginning; which said conveyance was made in trust, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described: and whereas, default was made in the payment of certain of said notes, and also in the provisions of said deed; Now, therefore, in accordance with the conditions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I shall proceed to sell the above described property, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on

SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF FEBRUARY 1882.

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

MARCUS A. WOLFF,
92G Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Christian Koeln and Caroline Koeln his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 17th day of June, A. D., 1878, recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis in book 591 at page 416, conveyed to the undersigned, Michael Hammel, trustee, the following described real estate; situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

First. Lots numbered seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10) of the subdivision of part of block number seventy-four (74), in Eiler's survey of the former city of Carondelet, now city block No. 3037 of said city of St. Louis said lots, Nos 7, 8, 9 and 10, containing an aggregate front of one hundred feet (100 ft) on the west line of Third street, and running westwardly of equal width parallel with and along the north line of St. Louis street one hundred and thirty-seven feet and six inches (137 ft 6 in) in depth to an alley, being bounded north by lot No. 11 of said subdivision, east by Third street, south by St. Louis street, and west by an alley.

Second. Also a certain lot of ground, lying and being situated in the southwest quarter of block number eighteen (18) in Eiler's survey of the former city of Carondelet, now city block No. 3011 of said City of St. Louis; said lot of ground containing a front of fifty feet (50 ft) on the east line of Main street, and running eastwardly of equal width parallel with Randolph street one hundred and twenty-four feet and five inches (124 ft. 5 in.) to the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railroad, being bounded north by a lot of ground now or formerly owned by Henry Ott, east by said St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railroad, south by a lot of ground now or formerly owned by D. Lallement, et al., and west by Main street.

Third. Also the undivided one-half interest in and to the following described real estate situated in said city of St. Louis, State of Missouri to wit: Being the whole of block number ten (10), in survey number four (4) of the former commons of Carondelet, north of the river Des Peres, now within the limits of said city of St. Louis. Said block No. 10 contains ten acres (10 acres), more or less, and is bounded east by Grand avenue, south by river Des Peres, north by a road and west by block number 9 of said survey number 4, said conveyance being made to secure payment of the promissory notes in said deed described; And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual interest note due December 17 1880 the semi-annual interest note due June 17, 1881; now, therefore notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said Deed of Trust, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of Saint Louis, State of Missouri, on

SATURDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

the property above described, to satisfy said notes, and the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

MICHAEL HAMMEL,
80N Trustee.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Henry Bruns and C. F. Stark, by their certain deed of trust dated June 29 1881, and recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 653, page 462 did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Two lots of ground in block No. 980 of the city of St. Louis, Mo., and together fronting forty-nine (49) feet five (5) inches on the west line of Elliott avenue and extending back westwardly for a depth of one hundred and twenty-five (125 feet to an alley and being known as lots Nos. 35 and 36 of block No. 15 Stoddard Addition to St. Louis, per plat thereof on file in the St. Louis City Recorder's office, and being together bounded north and east by alleys, east by Elliott avenue and south by Wash street, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described.

And whereas default was made in the payment of one of said notes and said notes now remains due and unpaid; Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said notes I will, on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five p. m. of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri proceed to sell the property above described at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said note and and interest and expense of executing said trust.

J. C. LULLMAN,
Trustee.
St. Louis, January 28, 1882. 61J

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Pursuant to the provisions and for the purposes of a deed of trust of record in the Recorder's office of Iron county, Missouri in book Z, at pages 302 to 304, from Philip W. Schneider to the undersigned, trustee, public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, A. D, 1882,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the East front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis Mo., I will sell at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder the property conveyed to me by said deed, to wit: The following described improvements consisting of houses, sheds, etc., as named below, now situated on land owned by the Iron Mountain Company, and leased to the said Ph. W. Schneider, described as follows, (nine and sixty-four hundredths [9.64-100] acres being reserved), lying west of the Iron Mountain Railroad, and between the farm of B. Gratz Brown on the north and the south line of section 14, township 34 in range 3 east, in the county of Iron and state of Missouri reference being hereby made for a more particular description to the lease from the Iron Mountain Company to Ph. W. Schneider, dated August 10, 1871, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Iron county, Mo.: One (1) two-story frame dwelling and stable, one (1) one-story frame building formerly used as an office by the United States Government, two (2) one-story frame buildings used as boarding houses, a one (1) story frame building formerly used as a store, with all fixtures herein, a one and a half (1½) story frame building formerly used as a boarding house, a one (1) story frame boarding house situated on a place on said land called "Happy Hollow;" also one carpenter shop and warehouse frame stable and all other buildings and sheds now on said land and belonging to said P. W. Schneider.

HENRY BIEMENZ JR.
Trustee.
St. Louis, February 9 1882 63N

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—Whereas William McCord, by his deed of trust dated October 23, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 637, page 523, did convey to the undersigned trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain piece or parcel of land in the city of St. Louis containing one acre and described and bounded as follows, to-wit: The extreme western part of the northwest quarter in block numbered six of the St. Louis commons, having a proportionate front on Park avenue and running back the whole depth of said lot (which front will occupy a fraction more than the one half of the one-fifth part of the whole front of the whole of the said lot containing nine acres and seventy hundredths of an acre) it being the extreme western half of the northwest quarter of said land purchased by M. Farland of John Milligan by deed dated the twelfth day of June, 1846, and recorded in the Recorder's office in book L No. 3, page 504 and following. Also a parcel of land in the city of St. Louis containing one acre, being the eastern half of two acres purchased by Nilligan of Alex R. Emerson, being part of the northwest quarter of block No. 6 of the St. Louis commons, bounded north by Park avenue, east by land of L. Deam, south by McGuire, and west by Farland, being the same conveyed to deceased by deed of John Nilligan and wife dated 3d of November, 1846, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note therein described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note secured by the said deed of trust, and said note now remains due and unpaid; Now, therefore in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holders of said note. I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF MARCH, 1882.

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis State of Missouri sell the property above described at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy said note and interest and the expense of executing said trust.

LUTHER H. CONN.
51N Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, David J. Layer and Louisa, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 3d day of May, 1879, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 610, page 192, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: First: Lots number twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) in block number three (3) of Lamonte addition (city block No. 1817), said lots having an aggregate front of sixty feet and nine inches (60 ft-9 in) on the south line of Elizabeth street by a depth of one hundred and twenty feet (120 ft) to an alley fifteen feet wide, bounded north by Elizabeth street, east by Pratte avenue, south by said alley and west by lot No. 29. Second: Lots number two (2) three (3) four (4) and five (5) in block number four (4) of Lamonte addition (city block No 1816), said lots having an aggregate front of one hundred feet (100 ft.) on the north line of Elizabeth street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-seven feet six inches (127ft. 6in.), bounded north by lots Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16, east by lot No. 6, south by Elizabeth street and west by lot No. 1. Third: Lot number fourteen (14) in block number four (4) of said addition, said lot having a front of twenty-five feet (25ft.) on the south line of Virginia street by a depth of one hundred and twenty-seven feet six inches (127ft 6in) and bounded north by Virginia street, east by lot No 15, south by lot No. 3, and west by lot No 13, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described: and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

TUESDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D., 1882.

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER,
97L Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Albert Hortiz, trustee of Victoria Hortiz, wife of Antoine Hortiz, acting therein at the written request and direction of said Victoria Hortiz, as evidenced by her signature thereto, and the said Victoria Hortiz and Antoine Hortiz, her husband (both dead more than nine months), by their certain deed of trust, dated the 5th day of February, A. D. 1874, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of St. Louis (now city of St. Louis), State of Missouri, in book 485, page 473, conveyed to Frederick Hill and Frank J. Karleskind, trustees, the following described real estate, to wit:

Being the western half of lot number 57 in R. M. M. Field's subdivision of blocks number 28 and 31 in survey number two of the Commons of Carondelet north of the River de Peres in the county of St. Louis (now within the limits of the City of St. Louis) State of Missouri, said piece of land having a front of 25 feet on the north line of Robert avenue and running northwardly of equal width 125 feet to an alley, bounded east by balance No. 57 south by Robert avenue, north by alley and west by lot 58, and whereas the said Frederick Hill has refused to act; and whereas default has been made in the payment of part of the principal note described in said deed of trust, now, therefore at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, proceed to sell the property hereinbefore described at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.

FRANK J KARLESKIND.
46O Trustee.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE OF PERSONALTY.—Default having been made in the payment of a certain promissory note made by Jacob Frick and secured by chattel mortgage upon the following described personal property, to wit: one black horse, one dark sorrel mare, two spring-wagons, one two-horse wagon, one family carriage, five sets of harness, one large platform scale, one steam tank used for rendering lard, two kettles, three lard coolers, one sausage machine, one stuffer, one horse-power and shafting, twenty-one large empty casks, together with all other tools, implements and articles of personal property now on the premises and heretofore used and occupied by David Layer, at and in his pork-packing and butchering establishment, on Hickory or Elizabeth street, west of Pratte avenue, in said city of St. Louis; also all the household, kitchen and dining-room furniture now in the house of said David Layer, on the north side of said Hickory or Elizabeth street, consisting in part of four Brussels carpets, two full bed-room sets, three wardrobes, six beds and bedding, hat rack, two sewing-machines, together with sofa, lounge, chinaware, toys, chairs, tables, parlor ornaments and other articles too numerous to mention; also the counter, block, shelving, ice-boxes and fixtures in the store-room of said Layer, at the corner of Pratte avenue and Hickory street; notice is hereby given that the undersigned, owner of said note, will proceed to sell said personalty at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash at the places hereinbefore mentioned, on Thursday, February 16 1882, beginning at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises at Pratte avenue and Hickory street, and continuing until all of said property is disposed of, or so much thereof as will pay the said note, together with interest, and the costs and the expenses of the sale.

WILLIAM KEATING.
67N Mortgagee.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed of trust dated the 4th day of May, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 545, page 410, Catherina Barbara Muff, over nine months deceased, conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, a certain lot of ground in block No. forty one (41) of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, fronting twenty (20) feet on the north side of Cedar street and running back with that width ninety-eight (98) feet and seven (7) inches; bounded north by lot of Andrew Donnan, south by said Cedar street, east by land now or formerly owned by Francis La Burke and west by land of Laurent Provencal, being the same lot acquired by one Fritz Surwald of Robert Campbell, executor of David Rankin, deceased, by deed of June 29, 1865, and recorded in book 313, page 72, and which was purchased at trustee's sale and conveyed to one Christian Neef, by deed recorded in book 383, page 239, and by the said Neef reconveyed to said Surwald, and lastly conveyed by trustee's deed dated April 29, 1872, and recorded in book 454, page 145, to Catherina Barbara Muff by Ernst Louis Muff, trustee, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas, said notes are long past due and unpaid; now at the request of the legal holders of said notes, and in accordance with the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will, on

TUESDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

proceed to sell the property above described at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the purpose of said trust.

ERNST LOUIS MUFF,
40H Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Theophilas Munson and Cordelia his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated 23d day of March, A. D. 1881, recorded in the Recorder's office of Jefferson county, Mo., in book 11 of Trust Record, at page 294, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the County of Jefferson, State of Missouri, to-wit: All that portion of lot number nine (9) of the east half of United States Survey No. 1831, being south of Joachim Creek, lying near Horine station on the Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company, in said Jefferson county, and being the same property acquired by said Theo. Munson from Wiley R. Brassfield and wife and Robert C. Steele and wife, as per deed of record in the Recorder's office of said County, containing three hundred and three and 94-100 acres, excepting however from the above described tract the quantity of forty acres sold to Charles G. Warner about March or April 1880, as will more fully appear by reference to his deed of record in said Recorder's office; which said conveyance to the undersigned, was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid: now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A.D. 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing said trust.

E. A. MEYSENBURG,
84H Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Henry L. Sutton, trustee of Magdalena Kronenberger, acting therein at her written request, as evidenced by her signature, and Magdalena Kronenberger, by their certain deed of trust, dated January 3, 1881, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of the County of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 12, page 290, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the County of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered ten (10) eleven (11) twelve (12) thirteen (13) fourteen (14) and fifteen (15) of Bartold's Valle subdivision, according to a plat thereof in the Recorder's office in the City (late county) of St. Louis in plat book 9 page 93, said lots containing an aggregate of sixteen and 19-100 acres, which conveyance was made to me in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note, in said deed described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of said note, and the same remains unpaid; now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed, will, on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the east front door of the Court House, in said city of St. Louis sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash for the purpose of satisfying said note and the cost of executing this trust

FREDERICK WESCH,
Trustee.
St. Louis, January 25, 1882. 6J

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Walter S. Halliwell by his deed of trust dated twentieth day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy six and recorded in Book 550, page 298 of the Recorder's office of the County (now city) of St. Louis and State of Missouri, did convey to the undersigned trustee, the following described tract or parcel of land situated in the County of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot number one (1) of block number one (1) of N. D. Rideout's subdivision of Lot number seven (7) of the subdivision of Watson's Tract in Elizabeth City and United States Survey two thousand and thirty-three (2033), a plat of which subdivision is of record in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city) in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of some of said notes, and grantor in said deed of trust has otherwise failed to comply with terms thereof; now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, 18TH OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell the property above described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

PETER J. TAAFFE,
Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—Whereas Wm. Schiefelbein and Fredericka his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 15th day of August, 1876, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis (formerly county of St. Louis), State of Missouri, in book 555, page 159, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots numbered fifteen and sixteen of block number thirty-eight in survey number three of the former city of Carondelet and in city block No. 3048 of said city of St. Louis, having a front of fifty feet on the west line of Water street, and running westwardly of equal width one hundred and thirty-seven feet and six inches in depth to an alley, being bounded north by lot No. 17 of the same block, east by Water street, south by lot 14 of same block, and west by an alley, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note described in said deed of trust: now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said note the undersigned trustee will offer the above described property for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

for the purpose of satisfying said debt and expenses of said trust.

MICHAEL HAMMEL,
68J Trustee.

WHEREAS, by deed of trust bearing date May 9, 1874, and recorded in the office of Recorder of Deeds for Macoupin county, in the State of Illinois, in book B W, on page 208, Edward Carpenter and wife conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described tracts of land, in said Macoupin county, to-wit: The west half of the southwest quarter of section eighteen, township nine, range eight, containing eighty acres; also the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section nine, in said township and range, containing forty acres; also the south half of the northeast quarter of section five, township eight, range nine containing eighty acres; also the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section five, in said last named township and range, containing forty acres; and whereas said conveyance was made to secure payment of a certain note for the sum of thirty-nine hundred dollars in said deed of trust described; and whereas said note is due and wholly unpaid; Now, therefore, the undersigned at the request of the holder of said note and in accordance with the covenants of said deed, will proceed to sell the property above described at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis Missouri, on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, for the purpose mentioned in said deed of trust.

FRANK J. DONOVAN,
90J Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—By virtue of the provisions and for the purposes of a deed of trust dated the 16th day of July 1874, and recorded in the St. Louis County (now city) Recorder's office, in book 498 page 382, executed by Vinson Benson and Martha S Benson, his wife, to the undersigned trustee, default having been made in the payment of taxes and of the principal note therein described, notice is hereby given that I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 23D DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, offer for sale at public auction, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis Mo., to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described tracts or parcels of land, situated in the county of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: Being part of surveys 1904 and 1905, township forty-six (46), range six (6) east, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered two (2), three (3), four (4) and five (5) of a subdivision of the Benson track in said surveys, a plat of which subdivision is of record in the Recorder's office of St. Louis County (now city), and containing in the aggregate one hundred and fifty-four 613-1,000 acres, said lots being together bounded on the north by the north line of survey 1905, east by land of Jackson Benson, south by the north line of a subdivision of the Breckenridge estate in surveys 1903 and 1904, and west by the Ashby road, and being the same lots of ground the fee simple title to which was vested in said Vinson Benson by the decree of the Circuit Court of Callaway County, Missouri, in the case of Vinson Benson vs. Jackson Benson et al., a certified copy of which is now on record in the St. Louis County (now city) Recorder's office, book —, page —.

LEONARD MATTHEWS,
Trustee.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December term, 1881
Tuesday, January 17, 1882.
Helena Heatherly
vs.
William Heatherly.

Now, at this day, it appearing to the court that the order of publication made in this cause on October 28, 1881, has not been executed, and it further appearing from the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendant has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in this state so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, therefore, on motion of the plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said order be renewed, that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of the plaintiff, on the 26th day of August, 1880, absconded for parts unknown to plaintiff, and has, without reasonable cause, absented himself from plaintiff for the space of more than one year before the commencement of this suit.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 19th day of January, 1882.

SEAL 83H CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION RENEWED.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Friday, December 30, A. D 1881.
Estate of Charles Eberle.

On motion of Christine Eberle, executrix of Charles Eberle, deceased, and it appearing that the order of publication made at the last June term of this court has not been complied with, it is ordered that the same be renewed, and that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application has been made for the sale of real estate to pay the debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be held on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that this notice be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis for four weeks before the next term of this court.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.

The foregoing is a true copy of the order of publication made on the motion of the executrix therein named, as the same remains of record in my office.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at the city aforesaid this 5th day of January 1882.

W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

M. J. Sullivan, attorney for executrix. 87H.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December term, 1881.
Wednesday, January 18, A. D. 1882.
Estate of Joseph Buehler.

Now, at this day, comes Mary Buehler, administratrix of the estate of Joseph Buehler, deceased, and presents to the court her petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis hereto affixed this 23d day of January, 1882.

96H W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed in favor of F. and H. Hussmann and against Eugene Reno,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 32, 33, 34 and 35, of block 5, of Rock Point addition to the city of St. Louis, the same being block 769, of the city of St. Louis, each of said lots fronting 25 feet on Third, by a depth of 110 feet to an alley; also lots number 21, of city block 3,176, fronting 25 feet on Red Bridge street, by a depth of 1.6 feet to an alley; also lot 22, in block 3,176, of said city, fronting 25 feet on Red Bridge street by 130 feet 9 inches, more or less, to an alley.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF MARCH, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property, of the above named Eugene Reno of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, February 13, 1882. 80O

Administrators' Notices.

No. 14,172 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re Estate Louis Hudson, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Louis Hudson.

deceased, and that I did so on the 5th day of January, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis,
Office, Room 10, 2d Floor, Ins. Building, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust streets.

St. Louis, January 31, 1882. 10L

No. 14,174 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of James Horan, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

James Horan,

deceased, and that I did so on the 6th day of January, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, Northwest Corner Sixth and Locust Streets Insurance Building.

St. Louis, January 31, 1882 8L

No. 14,173 of Estate.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of Clara Mathein, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

Clara Mathein,

deceased, and that I did so on the 5th day of January, 1882, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets room 10, second floor, Insurance Building.

St. Louis, January 31, 1882 9L

IN RE ESTATE of John Ruschebeck.—Notice of resignation.—To all persons concerned: Take notice that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of

John Ruschebeck,

deceased, will, at the next (March) term of the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House in said city on the first Monday in March next, apply to said court for leave to resign the office and trust of administrator as aforesaid.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator of the City of St. Louis, and as such in charge of the estate of John Ruschebeck, deceased.

St. Louis, January 31, 1882. 91J

Number of Estate, 13,524.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Charles Kern.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Charles Kern,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1882

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, room 10, 2d floor, Ins. Building, N. W. corner Sixth and Locust streets.

St. Louis, January 31, 1882. 2L

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN PARTITION.—By virtue and authority of an order of sale made by the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, on the 8th day of February, A. D. 1882, in a certain cause pending therein, wherein Reinhard Lohrum is plaintiff and Elizabeth Woehle, John Lohrum, Frederick Lohrum, Bernard Lohrum, Julia Becker, wife of Henry Becker, and Henry Becker, Barbara Metzger, wife of Lambert Metzger, and Lambert Metzger, are defendants, being a proceeding in partition between the said parties and being cause No 57,437, Room 5 of said court, the undersigned special commissioner, duly appointed and qualified in said cause, will on

THURSDAY, MARCH 9TH, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, and during the term of the said Circuit Court, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, state of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, FOR CASH, the following described real estate lying, being and situate in the city of St. Louis, state of Missouri, to-wit: Two lots of ground each twenty-five feet front on Sydney street by a depth of one hundred and fifteen feet more or less to an alley, and being lots five (5) and six (6) in block No. 9 of William Carr Lane's addition to the city of St. Louis, known as "Suburb St. George," bounded south by Sydney street, west by Lot No. 4 of said block, north by an alley ten feet wide and east by an alley fifteen feet wide, together with the buildings and improvements thereon.

JOHN K. TIFFANY,
Special Commissioner.

St. Louis, February 13, 1882. 80O.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Frank M. Wright, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Frank M. Wright,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 12th day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 12th day of January, 1882.

21H WM. F. WICKHAM, Administrator.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Helen B. Deschapelles,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 13th day of January, 1882, by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the executors, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of said letters, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of January, 1882.

EVERETT W. PATTISON,
NEWTON CRANE,
51J Executors.

ESTATE OF Carolina S. Risque, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Carolina S. Risque,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the twenty-first day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 23d day of January, 1882.

22H FERDINAND W. RISQUE, Administrator.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

George Becker,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court House of said city, on the first Monday of March next. 1882

FRIEDERICH ARENDES,
Administrator of the estate of George Becker, deceased.

St. Louis, January 30, 1882. 53J

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Julius Stratmann,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

MARIA STRATMANN,
Administratrix.

St. Louis, January 27, 1882. 58J

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Jacob Gerst,

deceased, that we, the undersigned executor and executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

FREDERICK GERST,
Executor.
MAGDALENA GERST,
Executrix of the estate of Jacob Gerst, deceased.

St. Louis January 30, 1882. 71J

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Catherine Bruwer, alias Hobine,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

ALBERT GERST,
Administrator of the estate of Catherine Bruwer, alias Hobine, deceased.

St. Louis, January 30, 1882. 70J

ESTATE of Maria Elizabeth Brunner, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed, on the estate of

Maria Elizabeth Brunner,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 11th day of February, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate: and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 11th day of February, 1882.

WILLIAM J. NOLTE,
Administrator of Maria Elizabeth Brunner, deceased, 823 North Fifth street. 70O

ESTATE of Oswald Ebenhoch, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration, on the estate of

Oswald Ebenhoch,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 21st day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 23rd day of January, 1882.

JOSEPH EBENHOCH,
Administrator of the estate of Oswald Ebenhoch, deceased. 23H

Klein & Fisse, Attorneys.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Dr. Adam Hammer,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

CARL DAENZER,
Executor of Dr. A. Hammer, deceased.

St. Louis, January 21, 1882 20H

ESTATE of Julius Mueller, deceased.—Notice is hereby that letters testamentary on the estate of

Julius Mueller,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 19th day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 23d day of January, 1882.

JOHN WILLMANN,
Executor of the estate of Julius Mueller, deceased.

Richard F. Koster, attorney for executor.

38H

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF UNCOLLECTED ACCOUNTS.—Notice is hereby given that I will sell on Monday, being the 27th day of February, A.D. 1882, at 12 o'clock of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, a certain claim allowed November 9, 1876, for $973 34 against the Central Savings Bank in favor of Thomas Dougherty, on which there is a balance now due of nine hundred and twenty-four dollars and sixty-eight cents ($924 68.)

Terms of sale cash.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis, and as such in charge of the estate of Thos. Dougherty, deceased. Office Room 10, Insurance building, northwest corner Sixth and Locust streets.
P. S. LANHAM, Auctioneer.

St. Louis, Mo., February 11, 1882. 71O

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR FINAL DISCHARGE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee of the estate of L. D. Baker & Co., composed of L. D. Baker, James J. Merentain and William Gordon, will on Wednesday, March 22, 1882, file his petition for a discharge as such assignee before Hon J. J. Lindley, Judge of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis Missouri.

N. COLE
Assignee.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—The undersigned hereby gives notice that he will on Tuesday, February 28, apply to the Circuit Court, room 3, for his discharge as assignee of the estate of Fred Koelling.

A. L. ROHLFING,
Assignee.

St. Louis, January 16, 1882.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis.
February Term, 1882.
Friday, February 10, 1882.
Katherine Gruennagel,
vs.
Frederic Gruennagel.
57,079.

Now, at this day, it appearing to the Court from the affidavit this day filed herein, that the defendant has concealed himself from his usual place of abode so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorneys,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and the defendant, on the ground that the defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as husband of the plaintiff, did on or about the 6th day of December, 1879, willfully, deliberately and cruelly leave, desert and abandon said plaintiff, leaving her wholly destitute and without means of support, and that the defendant has offered the plaintiff such indignities as to render her condition intolerable.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis this tenth day of February, 1882.

SEAL 45O CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis—ss.
February Term, 1882.
Friday, February 10, 1882.
The St. Louis Stoneware Company
vs.
P. O'Neil, Sr., and M. O'Neil.
Attachment.

Now, at this day, it appearing to the court from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri; wherefore on, motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that the defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them for the sum of twenty-six and eighty-nine hundredths dollars on account of a special tax-bill against a certain piece of ground known as the north part of lot 18 of city block No. 1417, having a front of fourteen feet, more or less, on Sophia street, alias McNair avenue, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-four and eighty-seven hundredths feet, bounded on the north by property of P. O'Neil, Senior, and M. O'Neil, on the east by an alley, on the south by property of P. O'Neil, Sr., and Wm. O'Neil, and on the west by Sophia street, alias McNair avenue.

And that the above property has been attached, and unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid according to law, judgment will be rendered against them and their property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court of St. Louis, this 10th day of February, 1882.

SEAL CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk. 41O

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis.
February Term, 1882.
Thursday, February 9th, 1882.
Carrie L. Neudorff,
vs.
John H. Neudorff.

It appearing from the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant has absented himself from his usual place of abode in this State, and now is still without this State so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony contracted between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of indignities, as to render her condition intolerable, failure of support and barbarous treatment.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, this 9th day of February, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 42J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis—ss.
February term, 1882.
Thursday, February 9, 1882.
Ann Harrison
vs.
Hezekiah Harrison.

It appearing from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between her and said defendant, on the ground that the defendant did, on or about the —— day of June, 1861, without reasonable cause absent himself from the plaintiff and has so absented himself without reasonable cause for more than the space of one year since said last named date up to the filing of the petition herein.

And, unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit City of St. Louis, this 9th day of February, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk, 44O

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Wednesday, February 2, 1882.
Adam Brockman
vs
Appolonia Brockman.

It appearing from the petition herein verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground, among others, that defendant has, without a reasonable cause, absented herself from plaintiff for the space of one year; and also for a decree giving plaintiff the custody of the minor children of said parties.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis this 2d day of February, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL. 100L Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Saturday, January 21, 1882.
Estate of Philip Newfang.

Now, at this day comes Conrad Fose, executor of Philip Newfang, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof, it is ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown, on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St Louis within and for the said City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the City of St Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this Court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 23d day of January, 1882.

SEAL W. E. WAGONER, Clerk. 4J

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Monday, January 23 A. D. 1882.
Estate of Joseph P. Chadwick.

Now, at this day come Edgar G. Chadwick and John D. Davis, executors of Joseph P. Chadwick, deceased, and present to the court their petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of the said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof, it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this Court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, within and for the said City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the City of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this Court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 23d day of January, 1882.

SEAL W. E. WAGONER, Clerk. 19J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Tuesday, January 24, 1882.
Pauline Reiter
vs.
Joseph Reiter.

Now at this day, it appearing to the court from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant has absented himself from his usual place of abode in the State of Missouri so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that the said defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of the plaintiff, willfully deserted the plaintiff during the month of July or August, 1878, and since remained absent from plaintiff.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 26th day of January, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

C. A. Schrage, plaintiff's attorney. 11J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Wednesday, January 25, A. D. 1882.
Estate of William Holliday.

Now at this day comes Melvin L. Gray, executor of the estate of William Holliday, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 25th day of January, 1882.

SEAL 72L W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Tuesday, January 24, 1882.
Emma Burnett
vs.
George W Burnett.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition that the defendant has absented himself from his usual place of abode in this state so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and that for more than one year last past he has not been, nor is he now, within the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of said plaintiff by her attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that the defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of the plaintiff, has, for the space of more than a year last past, deserted and absented himself from said plaintiff without any reasonable cause whatsoever, and that during said period of time he has failed to support said plaintiff and his child, and for an order that plaintiff may have the care and custody of the infant child of said parties.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 25th day of January, 1882.

SEAL 21J CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December term, 1881.
Monday, January 23, A. D. 1882.
Estate of Robert N. Nisbet.

Now, at this day, comes John D. Davis, administrator of the estate of Robert N Nisbet deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis hereto affixed, this 23d day of January, 1882.

SEAL W. E. WAGNER, Clerk. 16J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Tuesday, January 31, 1882.
Eanst H. Foege
vs.
Dorette Foege.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon her, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that the defendant has absented herself from plaintiff, without a reasonable cause, for more than the space of one year.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered by the court that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 2d day of February, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

J. W. Collins, attorney. 69L

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Adolph Niemann,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next, 1882.

SUSANNA NIEMANN,
Administratrix of the estate of Adolph Niemann, deceased

St. Louis, January 25, 1882. 23J

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Wednesday, January 4, 1882.
Edward W. Manning
vs.
Lizzie A. Manning.

It appearing to the court that the order of publication heretofore granted herein has not been published, and it further appearing that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said order be renewed and that defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and the defendant, on the ground that the defendant at the date of the solemnization of the marriage of said parties was pregnant by some person other than the plaintiff and without plaintiff's knowledge at the time of such solemnization.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 5th day of January, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

M. Thompson, attorney for plaintiff. 12J

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Monday, January 16. A. D. 1882.
Estate of Henry Lamping.

Now at this day, comes Henry Ahrens, administrator of Henry Lamping, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case; on examination whereof it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, hereto affixed this 3d day of January, 1882.

SEAL W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

C. A. Schnake, attorney. 68L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1881.
Thursday, January 12, 1882.
Alvena Ohme
vs.
Karl L. Koch and Louis Meite, curator of said Karl L. Koch.
Attachment.

Now comes the plaintiff by her attorney, and it appearing to the court from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant, Karl L. Koch, has concealed himself and is now concealing himself so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; that he has absconded and absented himself from his usual place of abode in this state, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; that he is not now a resident of this state; wherefore, on motion of said plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant, Karl L. Koch, be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of five thousand dollars on account of seduction under the promise of marriage, and that his property has been attached.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of January, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

Collins & Jamison, attorneys for plaintiff.
70L

Administrators' Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, made at its December term, 1881, in the matter of the estate of John Curley, deceased, I, the undersigned, will on the fourth Monday of February next, being the 27th day of February, A. D. 1882, at the eastern front door of the Court House of said city, and during the session of the Circuit or Probate Court of said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day expose to sale at public vendue or outcry, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of the estate of said John Curley, deceased, in and to the following described real estate, with the improvements thereon, situated in the city of St. Louis and state of Missouri, to-wit:

Lying in Paul's subdivision of the "Belleview Tract," a plat of which is recorded in the Recorder's office of the city (formerly county) of St Louis, and being lot number twenty-five (25), of and in city block No. 2222, of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of twenty five (25) fee on the north side of Clark avenue by a depth northwardly of one hundred and twenty (120) feet to an alley 15 feet wide, and being a part of the same property which said John Curley, deceased, acquired of Adolph Paul and Virginia J. Paul, his wife, by deed dated May 24, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the county, now city, of St. Louis, in book 544, page 407, which foregoing described real estate is encumbered by two deeds of trust, namely: one deed of trust, to secure the payment of a promissory note for the sum of two hundred and fifty 4 100 dollars, dated September 14, 1877, payable twelve months after date, with ten per cent interest per annum from date, recorded in book 681, page 113, and one deed of trust, to securing the payment of a promissory note for the sum of three hundred and fifty 4-100 dollars, dated August 25, 1880, payable two years after date, with seven per cent interest from date, recorded in book 655, page 333 (no interest having been paid on said notes) and said real estate will be sold subject to the payment in full of said two deeds of trust and also subject to the payment of the delinquent taxes due on said property for the years 1880 and 1881.

Terms of sale, cash.

MATHIAS STOLTMANN,
Administrator of John Curley's estate.

For further particulars apply to Richard F. Koster, No. 319 Market street.

St. Louis, January 22, 1882. 24J

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Catherine Waggonner,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

ALBERT V. WAGGONNER,
Administrator of Catharine Waggonner, deceased.

St. Louis, January 24 1882. 18J

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Henry Buschkaemper,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said City on the first Monday of March next.

CATHARINE BUSCHKAEMPER,
Administratrix of Henry Buschkaemper, deceased.

St. Louis, January, 1882. 63L

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

William McKee,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

ELIZA McKEE,
Administratrix of estate of William McKee, deceased.

St. Louis, February 3, 1882. 62L

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

David Finnessy,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement at the next term of Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

JAMES SHELLY,
Administrator of estate of David Finnessy, deceased.

St. Louis, February 2, 1882. 65L

ESTATE of Herman Hake, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Herman Hake,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 20th day of December, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 26th day of January, 1882.

LOUISA HAKE,
13J 1007 North Tenth street.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ADMINISTRATRIX' SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, administratrix of Martin Reuter, deceased, by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, made at the March term will on

MONDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1882.

at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and during the session of the Circuit Court of said city, sell at public auction all the right, title and interest of said Martin Reuter, deceased, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lots numbered five and six in block No. 19 of survey No. 8 of the late city of Carondelet, now part of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, fronting together fifty (50) feet on the east side of Benton street and running back the same width one hundred and forty feet; also lots Nos. one, two, three, four, five and six of block No. 33, survey No. 4, of John C. Ivory's subdivision of the former city of Carondelet, now part of St. Louis State of Missouri, said lots having an aggregate front of 160 feet, 9 inches, more or less, by a depth of 140 feet to an alley.

Terms—Cash.

DOROTHEA REUTER,
Adm'x of the estate of Martin Reuter, dec'd.
51F

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

James McDonald,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city of St. Louis on the first Monday of March next.

MICHAEL J. HARTNETT,
Administrator c. t. a.

St. Louis, January 26, 1882. 47J

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

August Schacht, Jr.,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

CHISTIAN DREWES,
Administrator of August Schacht, Jr., deceased.

St. Louis, February 4, 1882. 88L

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Leopold Cohnheim,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to be held at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

NANNIE COHNHEIM,
Executrix of Leopold Cohnheim, deceased.

St. Louis, January 31, 1882. 93L

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Edward Schultz,

dec'd, that I, the undersigned administrator c.t.a. of said state, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

FREDERICK W. BROCKMANN,
Administrator c. t. a. of Edward Schultz, deceased.

St. Louis, January 31, 1882. 92L

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Julius Krusch,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of March next.

LOUISA KRUSCH,
Executrix of Julius Krusch, deceased.

St. Louis, February 3, 1882. 91L

Collier & Muench, attorneys.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE of Theodor Huber, minor—Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned curator of the estate of Theodor Huber, a minor, have made a just and true exhibit of the account between myself as such curator and said Theodor Huber, as my ward, and filed the same in the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and that on Monday, the sixth day of March, 1882, (it being the first day of March term of said court) I intend to apply to said Probate Court of the City of St. Louis for leave to make a final settlement of my curatorship accounts, and for my discharge as such curator.

HENRY A. SONTAG,
Curator of Theodor Huber, a minor.

St. Louis, January 31, 1882. 12J

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Joshua Cheever,

deceased, that we, the undersigned executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

J. B. EDGAR,
A. B. CHEEVER.
Executors of Joshua Cheever, deceased.

St. Louis, February 3, 1882. 87L

ESTATE of Benjamin Philibert, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Benjamin Philibert,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 18th day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 20th day of January, 1882.

JULIA M. PHILIBERT,
4H Administratrix of Benjamin Philibert.

ESTATE OF Nancy Miriam North, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration pendente lite upon the estate of

Nancy Miriam North,

deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis Mo., bearing date the 26thday of January, 1882, that the authority of John F. O'Rourke, Esq., the executor of said deceased, was suspended on the 24th day of January, 1882, by reason of a contest now pending as to the validity of a certain instrument exhibited, proved and recorded as the last will and testament of the deceased.

JAMES E. WITHROW,
Administrator pendente lite of the estate of Nancy Miriam North, deceased.

St. Louis, Mo., January 27, 1882. 37J

ESTATE of Frances B. Hyde, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Frances B. Hyde.

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of Louis on the 19th day of January, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 20th day of January, 1882.

F. L. RIDGELY,
6H Administrator.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

George K. McGunnegle,

deceased, that we, the undersigned executors of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city, on the first Monday of March next.

EDWARD T. McGUNNEGLE,
BENJAMIN E. WALKER,
Executors of the estate of George K. McGunnegle, deceased. 22J

St. Louis, January 26, 1882.

No. of Estate 13,518.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Fritz Heitkamp, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Fritz Heitkamp,

deceased, that I, the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1882.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, room 10, second floor, northwest corner Sixth and Locust sts., Insurance Building.

St Louis, January 31, 1882. 3L

No. of Estate 13,516.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—In re estate of Nicholaus Oser, deceased.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Nicholaus Oser,

deceased, that I the undersigned Public Administrator in charge of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1882.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, Room 10, Insurance Building, N. W. corner Sixth and Locust streets, St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, January 31 1882. 4L

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the assignment of Conrad R. Stinde, notice is hereby given to the creditors of Conrad R. Stinde, of St. Louis, Mo., that on

MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1882,

or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis for a discharge from my trust as assignee of said C. R. Stinde.

ARTHUR W. ALLEN,
Assignee of C. R. Stinde.

ALLEN & COSTE, attorneys.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of Adolph Heinicke that on Monday the 13th day of March, 1882, or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, room 5, for a discharge from my trust as assignee of said Adolph Heinicke.

CHR. F. G. MEYER,
Assignee.

St. Louis, January 27, 1882. 94J